

GEORGE COUNTY, MISSISSIPPI, CONFEDERATE BURIALS

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Approximately 135 George County, MS, confirmed and probable Confederate burials were identified using:

- 1) Dan McCaskill's Mississippi CS Graves Database
- 2) Betty Wiltshire's listing of Mississippi Confederate Grave Registrations
- 3) Betty Wiltshire's listing of Mississippi Confederate Pension Applications
- 4) www.findagrave.com's listings for 204 George County cemeteries
- 5) www.ancestry.com's family history information and family trees
- 6) the National Parks Service Soldiers & Sailors System database of Confederate Soldiers
- 7) Veterans Administration military marker applications database

George County was formed in 1910 from southern Greene County, MS, and northern Jackson County, MS. It is named for MS Supreme Court Chief Justice, US Senator, and Confederate Col. James Zachariah George (5th MS Infantry).

While many area veterans were true Southern Patriots and served until war's end, disability, or death, many others deserted. The reasons for desertion were many, not the least among them being that the Confederacy per force essentially abandoned Southern Mississippi due to too few men to protect the area and, at the same time, protect many other areas of the Confederacy. The service of those who eventually deserted should still be honored because even these deserters could have died of camp diseases in their first few weeks or months of service or died in the

first action they saw. We, who have never been in their shoes, should not judge them.

All notations of desertion or AWOL are taken directly from a soldier's official military records and do not reflect any prejudice on the part of the compiler.

There are probably many more Confederate Veterans buried in this county than have been documented here, as many would have been buried in small family cemeteries that are now lost and/or would have had their gravesites either marked with wooden markers or not marked at all.

I have stated "burial site not found" (or something similar) for all soldiers whose gravesites were not found but are strongly believed to lie within the borders of this county.

There are probably several Confederate sailors buried in the county, but CS Navy records are unindexed and poorly organized and, therefore, extremely difficult to research. Hopefully, these records will be better organized in the future.

Any county cemeteries not listed on www.findagrave.com were not researched for this project. Additional cemeteries could yield additional Confederate burials!

There were a number of people who claimed to have been Confederate Veterans (or whose widows and other descendants claimed that they were Confederate Veterans) who, in my opinion, were not actual veterans. I have noted "service not verified" for most of these people and/or I have outright stated that, again, in my opinion, they were not Confederate veterans. I have based these conclusions purely and simply on the available historical evidence and not through any malice or attempt to assassinate the character of the various claimants. False claims would have mostly been made out of abject poverty, the desire to be seen as having been one of the "boys in gray," or, in the case of widows, ignorance of just what their husbands did (or, in this case, did not do) during the war. I have nothing but complete sympathy for those making these claims.

A number of men (mainly born in the 1848-1850 time frame, but also some older candidates) could have been Confederate soldiers, but, for a variety of reasons, I could not definitely say one way or the other. These men have been placed in an appendix titled "Possible Confederate Veterans whose status as veterans has not yet been resolved." I hope that other researchers will take a perhaps better-equipped look at these men and their possible service to the South.

A small number of Confederate burials originally thought to be found in this county turned out to be situated in other locales, mostly in MS. Most of these burials were originally thought to have taken place in this county because the veteran or his widow filed a Confederate Pension application in this county or other researchers assumed (for a variety of reasons) that a given soldier was buried in this county when, in fact, they were buried elsewhere. Also, some veterans were buried in this county, but county boundary lines have changed since their burials, so they are now buried in adjacent counties. These veterans' graves will hopefully be compiled in a separate research venture.

I have compiled here the "bare bones" of each soldier's service record. To learn more about what an individual soldier may have experienced during the war, compare the service record here with a soldier's unit's history, most of which can be found at www.mississippiscv.org under the "Research" tab at the bottom of the home page.

A few Yankee soldiers (if found) are so identified. I include them here simply because I had access to their records which some of their descendants may not have.

Finally, I hope that the public will take inspiration from the Southern Patriots listed here and find renewed pride in the service and sacrifice of these noble warriors of yore! Additional research, clarifications, and additions to the following research are strongly encouraged! -- Jim Huffman, Picayune, MS

GEORGE COUNTY, MISSISSIPPI, CONFEDERATE VETERAN BURIALS:

Pvt. Jesse A. Adams [found as "Jesse Adams" in the military records] (b. Spring Hill, AL, 1840-d. George County, MS, 1910), (New) Co. K ("John Gill Shorter Artillery," aka "Capt. John F. Whitfield's Company," raised in Montgomery & Autauga Counties, AL), 1st AL Infantry (earlier the 1st AL Artillery). [Note: This regiment was the 1st AL Infantry, then the 1st AL Artillery, and then the 1st AL Infantry again. Jesse Adams did not serve as an artilleryman, though, as this regiment had already been converted back into infantry by the time he enlisted. His company had been named earlier in honor of AL Gov. John Gill Shorter.] Enlisted Jan. 28, 1863, in Mobile, Mobile County, AL, at age 22. Present on Feb.

1863 company muster roll, with notation "received clothing, except cap." Present on April 1863 company muster roll. Captured at the end of the horrific 49-day Siege of Port Hudson, LA (where the Confederates were outnumbered 5-1), July 9, 1863. Absent on Nov. 30, 1863, company muster roll, with notation "absent without leave." Absent on Dec. 1863 company muster roll, with notation "absent without leave." Jesse Adams filed a Confederate Pension application in Jackson County, MS, in 1909, in which he stated that he was a Confederate soldier in Co. K, "1st AL," under Capt. Whitfield, that he enlisted in April 1862 [unverified by his service record], and that he served for three years [again, unverified by his service records]. He also admitted (indirectly) that he never returned to service -- as he was required to do -- after he was paroled at the end of the Siege of Port Hudson. Buried in the Shady Grove Cemetery, 30.87970 -88.65780, located on the S side of the road at appr. 14000 MS Hwy. 26, Crossroads, Lucedale, George County, MS, with a Confederate marker.

Pvt./3rd Corp./2nd Corp. Phelan Andrew Allman (b. Orleans Parish, LA, ca. 1840-d. George County, MS, 1917), Co. A ("Gaines Warriors," aka "Capt. Henry Roberts' Company," raised in Greene & Perry Counties, MS), 24th MS Infantry. Enlisted Aug. 22, 1861, in Greene County, MS, at appr. age 21. Present on Sept. 10, 1861, company muster roll, where his age is given as 17 years-old [but family sources say that this is in error]. Present on Oct. 31, 1861, company muster roll. Present on Feb. 28, 1862, company muster roll. Present on April 1862 company muster roll. Present on June 1862 company muster roll. Present as 3rd Corp. on Oct. 31, 1862, company muster roll, with notation "promoted from private [on] Oct. 1st 1862." "Appears on a Report of casualties in Walthall's Brigade during the operations before Murfreesboro, Tenn.," with notation "wounded severely...in [the] left eye...near Nolensville Pike." Absent on Dec. 1862 company muster roll, with notation "absent wounded; wounded in [the] 1st charge at Murfreesboro [Rutherford County, TN, on] Dec. 31, 1862." Absent on Feb. 1863 company muster roll, with notation "absent wounded since 31 Dec. 1862." Absent as 2nd Corp. on April 1863 company muster roll, with notation "absent wounded since Dec. 31st, 1862." Returned to service and was captured at the Battle of Lookout Mountain, Chattanooga, Hamilton County, TN, on Nov. 24, 1863. Forwarded as a POW to Nashville, TN, then to Military Prison, Louisville, KY, and, finally, to notorious Rock Island, IL, POW Camp, where it was official Yankee policy to starve Confederate POW's in order to render them unfit for field service upon exchange. Arrived at Rock Island, IL, POW Camp on Dec. 5, 1863. Exchanged on March 27, 1865, at Boulware's Wharf, James River, below Richmond, VA. Almost certainly taken to Richmond, VA, for a medical check and then either furloughed back to MS or assigned to Camp Lee, Richmond, VA, for recuperation.

and eventual return to his own command. Probably on furlough when his command was surrendered on April 26, 1865, in NC. Paroled at war's end at Mobile, Mobile County, AL, on June 20, 1865. Parole gives his age as 26 and his residence as Jackson County, MS. Southern Patriot! Buried in the Crossroads United Methodist Church Cemetery, 30.88583 -88.71083, located behind the eponymous church at the NW corner of the intersection of MS State Hwy. 26 & Crossroads Road, Crossroads, George County, MS, with a private marker. [Note: There are 2 cemeteries that bear the name "Crossroads" in George County, MS. They are the Crossroads United Methodist Church Cemetery and the Crossroads Free Pentecostal Church Cemetery.]

Pvt. John Howard Allman, Sr. (b. prob. Hancock County, MS, 1844-d. George County, MS, 1930), Co. A ("Gaines Warriors," aka "Capt. Henry Roberts' Company," raised in Greene & Perry Counties, MS), 24th MS Infantry. Enlisted Sept. 21, 1861, at Marion Station, Lauderdale County, MS, at age 21. Present on Oct. 31, 1861, company muster roll. Present on Feb. 28, 1862, company muster roll. Present on April 1862 company muster roll. Present on June 1862 company muster roll. Present on Oct. 31, 1862, company muster roll. Absent on Dec. 1862 company muster roll, with notation "absent sick." Given a 30-day furlough ca. Jan. 1, 1863, at Knoxville, Knox County, TN, on authority of Post Surgeon, Knoxville, TN. Absent on Feb. 1863 company muster roll, with notation "absent sick by authority [of] Dr. O.C. Brothers since 26 Oct. 1862." Present on April 1863 company muster roll. Present on Feb. 1864 company muster roll. Present at unspecified location for clothing issue on June 30, 1864. Served till war's end. Paroled at Mobile, Mobile County, AL, on June 20, 1865. Residence given on parole as Jackson County, MS. [Note: His age is given on this parole as 19, but ages in Confederate records are often "off" by several years.] Southern Patriot! Buried in the Crossroads United Methodist Church Cemetery, 30.88583 -88.71083, located behind the eponymous church at the NW corner of the intersection of MS State Hwy. 26 & Crossroads Road, Crossroads, George County, MS, with a broken private marker. "John H. Allman" [mis-filed in the pension records as "John Hallman"] filed a Confederate Pension application in George County, MS, in 1916, in which he stated that he was a Confederate soldier in Co. A, 24th MS Infantry, confirmed his stated service record, and stated that he "was at home on furlough on account of wound" when his command surrendered at war's end. "John H. Allman" filed a Confederate Pension application in George County, MS, in 1925, in which he did not name his command, but correctly named two of his company captains. He stated that he was "almost blind, caused from explosion while in war," though no such wound is recorded in his service records.

Pvt. Benjamin Franklin Bailey, Sr. (b. Attala County, MS, 1845-d. George County, MS, 1924), "Capt. Alexander A. Hall's Company of MS Cavalry, State Reserves, Supporting Force, 5th Congressional District" (raised in Leake County, MS), which became Co. E, 1st (Denis') Battalion MS Cavalry Reserves, which became Co. E, 1st (Denis') MS Cavalry Reserves on Sept. 3, 1864. Enlisted April 23, 1864, at Carthage, Leake County, MS, at age 16 (according to his military papers, but family researchers and his tombstone state that he was born in Nov. 1845, making him 18 years old at enlistment). Present on July 17, 1864, company muster roll. No further information in his military file with this command. "B.F. Bailey, Sr.," filed a Confederate Pension application in George County, MS, in 1921, in which he stated that he was a Confederate soldier in the 1st MS Reserves under Capt. Hall, that he served five months in that command, that he was then transferred to the 36th AL Infantry, and that he was with this latter command in active service when it surrendered at Cuba Station, AL, at war's end. Unfortunately, B.F. Bailey has no service records in the 36th AL Infantry, so he did not serve in that command. He only served in the 1st (Denis') MS Cavalry Researves. Buried in the Magnolia Garden Cemetery (aka the Lucedale Magnolia Garden Cemetery), 30.91500 -88.58670, located at the NE corner of the intersection of Lumpkin Street and MS Hwy. 613, Lucedale, George County, MS, with a private marker.

VERY, VERY TENTATIVE. Pvt. William M. Bexley (b. unknown, 1822-d. Jackson County, MS, 1873), Co. C ("Capt. John D. Haynie's Company," aka "Capt. Thomas K. Emanuel's Company," and aka "Capt. John R. Schlater's/Sclater's Company," raised at Mobile, Mobile County, AL), 2nd (Hallonquist's) Battalion AL Light Artillery. Enlisted Sept. 5, 1864, at Mobile, Mobile County, AL, at appr. age 42 (if I have the right man). Present on Oct. 31, 1864, company muster roll. No further information in his military file with this command. Southern Patriot! Buried [as "Bill Bexley," if I have the right man] in the Holmes Missionary Baptist Church Cemetery, 30.981943 -88.671747, located on the E side of US Hwy. 98 at appr. 1213 US Hwy. 98 N, Bexley, George County, MS, with a private marker. [Note: One reason that I think this man could be William M. Bexley is that several other George County residents also served in Co. C, 2nd (Hallongquist's) Battalion AL Light Artillery.]

SERVICE AND NAME CLARIFIED. John Vinson Black (b. Greene County, MS, 1837-d. George County, MS, 1879) has a Confederate tombstone that says that his name was John F. Black and that he served in Co. A ("Gaines Warriors," raised in Greene & Perry Counties, MS), 24th MS Infantry, but none of this is true for John Vinson Black, the man actually buried in the grave. The John F. Black

who should have this marker is Pvt. John F. Black, Co. A ("Lafayette Rebels," raised in Lafayette County, MS), 29th MS Infantry, whose command was later, for purposes of surrender near war's end in the Carolinas, into the 24th Consolidated MS Infantry, which is not the same command as the "regular" 24th MS Infantry, whose Co. A is, indeed, the "Gaines Warriors," raised in Greene & Perry Counties, MS. When descendant M.K. Black ordered the VA Confederate marker for John V. [not F.] Black in 1939 and stated that John V. Black had served in Co. A, Gaines Warriors, 24th MS Infantry, the VA could not find John V. Black in the "regular" 24th MS Infantry (which contained the Gaines Warriors), so they looked elsewhere and found John F. (not V.) Black in Co. A, 24th Consolidated MS Infantry, assumed that M.K. Black had just mixed up the middle initial, and issued the stone for John F. Black. Unfortunately, John V. Black did not serve in the "regular" 24th MS Infantry or the 24th Consolidated MS Infantry. John Vinson Black [found as "J.V. Black" in the military records] served as a private in Co. A ("Jasper County Company," aka "Capt. L.B. Pardue's Company," raised in Jasper County, MS), 7th (Terral's) Battalion MS Infantry. Enlisted Oct. 5, 1863, in Greene County, MS, at age 26. [Note that he enlisted after the horrific 47-day Siege of Vicksburg, MS, which ended on July 4, 1863. It is important to note this, as some of the records in his file -- which I am omitting here -- would seem to indicate that he was already in service and took part in that siege, but he definitely did not serve at the Siege of Vicksburg, MS.] Present on Oct. 31, 1863, company muster roll. Present on Dec. 1863 company muster roll. Absent on Feb. 1864 company muster roll, with notation "absent without leave since [Feb.] 27, 1864." Returned to service. Served till war's end. Surrendered at the general surrender of CS forces in the mid-Confederacy (i.e., the "Western Theater") at Citronelle, AL, on May 4, 1865, and physically paroled at Mobile, Mobile County, AL, on May 23, 1865.*** Residence given on parole as Greene County, MS. Southern Patriot! [***Note: His war's-end parole reads (in part) "J.B. Black, Pvt., Co. A, 7th MS Infantry," not "J.V. Black, Pvt. Co. A, 7th Battalion MS Infantry," but, cross-checking the records of the 7th MS Infantry (not the 7th Battalion MS Infantry), I find only a Pvt. John H. Black, who was discharged from the army in 1862, so this war's-end parole, complete with two transcription errors, is definitely the war's-end parole of Pvt. John Vinson Black, Co. A, 7th Battalion MS Infantry.] Buried in the Salem Cemetery, 30.99560 -88.79080, located appr. 1200 ft. down a dirt road/trail that branches off to the WNW from appr. 150 Mount Rose Circle, George County, MS, with both a private marker showing his correct name and a Confederate marker that shows neither his correct name nor his correct command.

SERVICE NOT VERIFIED. (Rev.) Douglas B. Booth (b. GA, 1836-d. George County, MS, 1906) has a VA Confederate marker that states that he served in "Co.

C, Prattville Drag., CSA," and his wife, Elizabeth Havard Booth, filed a Confederate Widow's Pension application in George County, MS, in 1929, in which she stated that her husband ("D.B. Booth") was a Confederate soldier in "Co. H, 3rd AL Cavalry," gave an excellent description of his Confederate service, and correctly named his company officers. However, the actual (and only) Booth to serve in this company was Pvt. Daniel Boone Booth (b. AL, 1839-d. Autauga County, AL, 1920) who filed a Confederate Pension application in Autauga County, AL, in 1919, in which he gave an extremely detailed account of his leaving college in TN to join the company in Pensacola, his wounding, and his long recovery. This soldier is consistently identified as "Daniel B. Booth" in the records of the 3rd AL Cavalry. Daniel Boone Booth was also a member of the Autauga County, AL, Home Guard. Daniel Boone Booth has a VA Confederate marker in Oak Hill Cemetery, Prattville, Autauga County, AL. [Note: The company under discussion here was the "Prattville Dragoons Independent Co. AL Cavalry" (aka Capt. Jesse J. Cox's Company," aka "Capt. Samuel D. Oliver's Company," and aka "Capt. James M. Hill's Company," raised in Autauga County, AL), which became Co. I, 7th AL Infantry, and which finally became Co. H, 3rd AL Cavalry. This company also served as the Escort Company for Generals Jones, Withers, and Anderson.] Douglas B. Booth, whom I do not believe was a Confederate soldier, is buried in the Rocky Creek Cemetery, 30.94580 -88.51970, located on the E side of Rocky Creek Road at the intersection of that road and Harvey Welford Road, George County, MS, with both a private marker and a Confederate marker that I do not believe he earned.

Pvt. Daniel Edward Brannan [found as "Daniel E. Brannon" in the military records] (b. Mobile County, AL, 1838-d. George County, MS, 1922), Co. E ("Capt. John G. Cleveland's Company," aka "Capt. Washington Lott's Company," raised in Mobile County, AL), 36th AL Infantry. No enlistment date/data. Lived in Greene County, MS, at the time of his enlistment, according to Yankee POW records. The earliest record in his military file is an undated receipt for clothing issued in the 2nd Quarter of 1864 -- April-June 1864 -- but this does not conclusively prove that he enlisted in early 1864, as AL CS records are notoriously incomplete. Captured July 9, 1864, "near Marietta, Ga.," while "on [the] skirmish line," and forwarded as a POW to Nashville, TN, then to Military Prison, Louisville, KY, and, finally, to notorious Camp Douglas, IL, POW Camp, where it was official Yankee policy to starve Confederate POW's in order to render them unfit for field service upon exchange. Arrived at Camp Douglas, IL, on July 20, 1864. Released from Camp Douglas, IL, POW Camp at war's end on June 16, 1865, after first having taken the required Oath of Allegiance to the US. Notation on parole gives his residence as Greene County, MS. Southern Patriot! Buried in

the Macedonia Missionary Baptist Church Cemetery, 30.955647 -88.440887, located on the W side of appr. 4700 Brushy Creek Road (on the N side of Macedonia Missionary Baptist Church), George County, MS, with a private marker. [Note: One database states that he also has a Confederate marker, but this is not depicted on his find-a-grave page.]

Pvt. John Wesley Brannan [found as "John W. Brannan" in the military records] (b. Greene County, MS, 1845-d. George County, MS, 1922), "Capt. Benjamin Toomer's AL Company for Local Defense & Special Service" [and established for duty "solely within the county and city of Mobile"], aka "Churchula Guards" (raised at Churchula, Mobile County, AL), which company became Co. G, 4th AL Reserves. However, from Aug. 10, 1864, and for an unspecified length of time, the company did "duty as Co. D, in [the Mobile] City Battalion, Lt. Col. S.W. Cayce commanding, under Special Order No. 223, dated Aug. 10, 1864, Headquarters, District of the Gulf, Mobile [Mobile County, AL]." Enlisted Aug. 19, 1864, at Mobile, Mobile County, AL, at age 18. Absent on Oct. 31, 1864, company muster roll, with notation "[on] extra guard duty for prisoners [being taken] to Corinth, Miss., from Oct. 31, 1864, by order of Lt. Col. S.W. Cayce." [Note: Date might be "Oct. 3, 1864."] No further information in his military file with this command. However, the unit was ordered to disband on Jan. 25, 1865. Southern Patriot! [Note: His brother, Thomas W. Brannan, served in the same company.] Buried in the Macedonia Missionary Baptist Church Cemetery, 30.955647 -88.440887, located on the W side of appr. 4700 Brushy Creek Road (on the N side of Macedonia Missionary Baptist Church), George County, MS, with a private marker. [Note: Some databases state that he has a Confederate marker, but, if he does, it is not depicted on his find-a-grave page.] "John W. Brannan" filed a Confederate Pension application in George County, MS, in 1916, in which he stated that he was a Confederate soldier in the 4th AL Regiment, that he enlisted in Oct. 1864, that he served nine months, and that his command surrendered at Columbus, GA. [Note: His service records do not bear out his statements about serving nine months and surrendering at Columbus, GA.] Sarah Brannan (also as "Sarah Brannon") filed Confederate Widow's Pension applications in George County, MS, in 1923 & 1924, in which she stated that her husband ("John W. Brannan" and also "John W. Brannon") was a Confederate soldier in the 4th AL Infantry.

Pvt. Thomas W. Brannan (b. Greene County, MS, 1848-d. Greene County, MS, 1908), "Capt. Benjamin Toomer's AL Company for Local Defense & Special Service" [and established for duty "solely within the county and city of Mobile"], aka "Churchula Guards" (raised at Churchula, Mobile County, AL), which

company became Co. G, 4th AL Reserves. However, from Aug. 10, 1864, and for an unspecified length of time, the company did "duty as Co. D, in [the Mobile] City Battalion, Lt. Col. S.W. Cayce commanding, under Special Order No. 223, dated Aug. 10, 1864, Headquarters, District of the Gulf, Mobile [Mobile County, AL]." Enlisted Aug. 29, 1864, at Mobile, Mobile County, AL, at age 16. Absent on Oct. 31, 1864, company muster roll, with notation "daily guard duty in camp [since] Oct. 31, 1864, by order of Capt. Benjamin Toomer." [Note: Date might be "Oct. 3, 1864."] No further information in his military file with this command. However, the unit was ordered to disband on Jan. 25, 1865. Southern Patriot! [Note: His brother, John Wesley Brannan, served in the same company.] [Note: There is one additional record in his service file with this command, but it is a mis-filed record for a Pvt. T.G. Brannon of the same regiment.] Buried in the Macedonia Missionary Baptist Church Cemetery, 30.955647 -88.440887, located on the W side of appr. 4700 Brushy Creek Road (on the N side of Macedonia Missionary Baptist Church), George County, MS, with a private marker. [Note: Some databases state that he has a Confederate marker, but, if he does, it is not depicted on his find-a-grave page.]

Pvt. Martin Brannon [found as "Martin Brannan" in the military records] (b. unknown place, 1823-d. George County, MS, 1894), Co. E ("Capt. John G. Cleveland's Company," aka "Capt. Washington Lott's Company," raised in Mobile County, AL), 36th AL Infantry. [Note: Like many AL CS commands, this regiment is exceedingly poorly documented.] Enlisted at Mount Vernon Arsenal, Mobile County, AL, on April 13, 1862, at age 27 (according to his military records), but appr. age 38/39 according to family records. [Note: The "27" age could be a mis-transcription.] "Appears on a Register of Payments on Descriptive Lists," dated Aug. 16, 1863, with notation indicating that he was being paid for two months' service (from May 1, 1863, to June 30, 1863, @ \$11 per month), and a further notation that he was being paid by Capt. F.A. Strocky. [Note: Payments on descriptive lists (which lists contained a physical description of a given soldier) were typically made when a soldier was away from his command on detached service or in a hospital.] [Note: It is likely that this payment was made in the vicinity of Griffin, GA, where Strocky was Quartermaster at the time.] No further information in his military file with this poorly-documented command. However, in trying to find out where F.A. Strocky was stationed on Aug. 16, 1863, I found that he was originally with the 2nd (Walker's) TN Infantry and that this command was consolidated with another TN command to become the 9th (also called the 5th) Confederate Infantry. I could not find where Strocky was on Aug. 16, 1863. However, in searching miscellaneous CS records for more on Pvt. Brannan, I found that a "Pvt. M. Brannan" was issued clothing (shoes, jacket, pants, hat, &

shirt) in Atlanta, GA, on orders of R.C. Thomas, "Assistant Surgeon, C.S.A.," on March 18, 1864, as a private in Co. H, 5th Confederate Infantry, with the clothing issue justified because of Pvt. Brannan's "being absent from his command and in need of the above articles." A surgeon would normally only be issuing clothing to a patient in his hospital, but there is also the notation "City Guard Camp," which seems to indicate that Pvt. Brannan was some sort of guard at some kind of camp in the Atlanta area. Strangely, Pvt. Brannan has no service records filed directly with the 5th or 9th Confederate Infantry. Buried in the Macedonia Missionary Baptist Church Cemetery, 30.955647 -88.440887, located on the W side of appr. 4700 Brushy Creek Road (on the N side of Macedonia Missionary Baptist Church), George County, MS, with a Confederate marker. His widow, Sarah, filed numerous Confederate Widow's Pension applications in Mobile County, AL.

Pvt. John W. Breland [found as "J.W. Breland" in the military records, but mis-indexed as "J.W. Braland" on fold3.com] (b. Harrison County, MS, 1836-d. George County, MS, 1917***), Co. A ("Copiah Horse Guards," aka "Capt. James M. Norman's Company," raised in Copiah County, MS), Stockdale's Battalion MS Cavalry. Enlisted at Camp Moore, St. Helena Parish, LA, on May 12, 1862, at age 26. On Sept. 14, 1863, this company became Co. A, 4th MS Cavalry, when Stockdale's Battalion was increased to regimental strength. Present on June 30, 1864, company muster roll. No further records in his military file with this command. Buried in the the Pipkin Cemetery (aka the Pipkins Cemetery), 30.99690 -88.78060, located on the E side of Breland Road, at a point on that road that lies appr. 1500 ft. N of Leaf Church (or at a point on Breland Road that lies appr. 500 ft. S of that road's intersection with Crossing Road/Benjo Road), George County, MS, with a Confederate marker. [Note: There are two cemeteries in George County, MS, that contain the name "Pipkin" in their names. These are the Pipkin Cemetery, 30.91860 -88.64250, located on the W side of Pipkins Cemetery Road, at a point on that road that lies appr. 500 ft. N of that road's intersection with Merritt Road, Lucedale, George County, MS, and the Pipkin Cemetery (aka the Pipkins Cemetery), 30.99690 -88.78060, located on the E side of Breland Road, at a point on that road that lies appr. 1500 ft. N of Leaf Church (or at a point on Breland Road that lies appr. 500 ft. S of that road's intersection with Crossing Road/Benjo Road), George County, MS.] [***Note: This man was still filing Confederate Pension applications in 1916 in Forrest County, MS. He did not die until after 1916. Family sources state that he died in 1908, but that is not possible if he is the same person as the J.W. Breland who served in the 4th MS Cavalry.]

Henry Herbert Brown (b. Conecuh County, AL, 1839-d. Greene County, AL, 1900). Finding "Henry Brown" from among hundreds of possible soldiers with

few clues proved impossible. He was living in Escambia County, FL, next door to Mobile County, AL, in 1860. Any of the following four soldiers could be him:

1. Ord. Sgt. H.H. Brown, 8th AL Inf. (regiment raised mostly from Mobile Co., AL)
2. Pvt., Henry Brown, 2nd Battn. AL Light Artillery, enlisted Mobile, Feb. 5, 1864
3. (no rank) Henry Brown, Poe's Company FL Reserves, detailed Sept. 17, 1864, by S.O. 170/3, no further information found regarding this company or this soldier
4. Pvt. Henry Brown, Co. G, 7th AL Cav., enlisted 60 miles from Escambia Co., FL

SERVICE NOT VERIFIED. Green Alexander Bush (b. GA, 1849-d. George County, MS, 1933) filed (as "G.A. Bush") a Confederate Pension application in George County, MS, in 1921, in which he stated that he was a Confederate soldier in Co. I ("Capt. George N. Sowell's Company," aka "Capt. U.W. Mills' Company," and aka "Capt. Jonathan B. Allen's Company," raised in Conecuh County, AL), 29th AL Infantry, under Capt. Sauls, that he enlisted about Jan. 1, 1865, that he served about five months, that he "was detailed to Evergreen, Ala., to work in [the] Commissary [Dept.] one month before [the] close of the war," and that he was not with his command when the war ended because he "was working in the commissary." However, I do not believe that Green Alexander Bush was ever a Confederate soldier, whether in the 29th AL Infantry or any other CS command. He has no service records in the 29th AL Infantry and there never was a Capt. Sauls in that regiment. In fact, the only Sauls in this command was Pvt. John W. Sauls of Co. I. The captains of Co. I were Sowell (who resigned before Pvt. Bush supposedly enlisted), Mills, and Allen. Searching miscellaneous AL and miscellaneous Confederate and Confederate citizens' records, I still find no records for Green Alexander Bush as a Confederate soldier or citizen employee. Buried in the Union Cemetery (aka Union Baptist Church Cemetery and aka Union Missionary Baptist Church Cemetery), 30.87440 -88.56420, located on the E side of Union Church Road, appr. 600 ft. from that road's intersection with MS Hwy. 613, George County, MS, with a private marker and possibly a VA Confederate marker, as one was applied for by Mrs. R.C. Goss and shipped for installation in Union Cemetery in 1940. Note, however, that the VA, too, could find no Confederate records for Green Alexander Bush (whose Confederate Pension application, like many others, had simply been rubber-stamped by his local Pension Board, since the Board did not have access to Confederate military

records), so the VA asked the MS Dept. of Archives & History whether he had ever received a Confederate Pension, which he had (even though he had not served). Accordingly, the VA issued the stone, though Bush never served.

Pvt. Edward Guy Byrd [found as "Edward G. Bird," "E. Bird," and "Ed Byrd" in the military records] (b. DE, 1816-d. George County, MS, 1890), Co. H ("Capt. Angus Ray Fairly's Company," raised in Jones & Wayne Counties, MS), 5th (Robinson's) MS Infantry (State Troops) (1862-1863). Enlisted Dec. 17, 1862, at Americus, Jackson County, MS, at age 46. Present on Jan. 24, 1863, company muster roll. Absent on Feb. 28, 1863, company muster roll, with notation "detailed for Provost Guard at Macon [Noxubee County, MS]." Surrendered and paroled at the end of the horrific 47-day Siege of Vicksburg, MS, on July 4, 1863. This command was disbanded by Gen. John C. Pemberton on July 17, 1863. Note: This command was originally going to be mustered out of service at Columbus, Lowndes County, MS, on Sept. 22, 1863, but that order was countermanded to the July 17, 1863, date. The company was apparently still mustered for final pay at Columbus, MS, on Sept. 22, 1863, on which company muster roll Pvt. Byrd was absent, with notation "detailed as Provost Guard to Macon [Noxubee County, MS] by order [of] Gen. Harrison [since] last payment." No further information in his military file with this command. Southern Patriot! Buried in the Hilltop Cemetery (aka Fairley Cemetery), located on the N side of Fairley Cemetery Road, appr. 800 ft. from that road's intersection with River Road, George County, MS, with a Confederate marker. [Note: There are four cemeteries in George County that contain the name Fairley. These are the Fairley Cemetery (aka the Hilltop Cemetery), the Fairley Cemetery (aka the Judge John Fairley Cemetery), the Fairley Cemetery (aka the Joe P. Fairley Family Cemetery), and the Fairley-Herrington Cemetery.]

SERVICE NOT VERIFIED. GRAVESITE NOT FOUND. GENEALOGY NOT FOUND. "Jesse Byrd" filed a Confederate Pension application in George County, MS, in 1924, in which he stated that he was a Confederate soldier in the 56th AL Cavalry, that he enlisted in the fall of 1861 while living at Stateline, Greene County, MS, and that he served the entire war. However, I cannot verify his service from existing 56th AL Cavalry/Partisan Rangers. Grave site not found.

SERVICE NOT VERIFIED. Reuben A. Byrd (b. Jackson County, MS, 1828-d. Jackson County, MS, 1882). Some researchers maintain that Reuben A. Byrd served in Garland's Battalion MS Cavalry and/or the 14th Confederate Cavalry, but he never served in either of those organizations and has no service records in either of them. No service records found for him in any other MS or CS command. I do

not believe that he was ever a Confederate soldier. Buried in the Byrd Family Cemetery (aka the Reuben Byrd Cemetery), 30.75917 -88.63528, located appr. 300 ft. down an unnamed dirt road that branches off to the W from a point on Salem Campground Road that lies appr. 2500 ft. N of that road's intersection with Byrd Mill Lane, George County, MS, with a private marker. [Note: There are four cemeteries in George County, MS, that are named "Byrd." They are the Byrd Family Cemetery (aka Byrd Cemetery and aka Ruben Byrd/Reuben Byrd Cemetery), located at 30.75917 -88.63528; a second cemetery named the Reuben Byrd Cemetery (location not stated); the Byrd-Cowart Cemetery; and the Byrd-Helveston Cemetery.]

Pvt. Reuben A. Byrd (b. Jackson County, MS, 1831-d. George County, MS, 1913), Co. A ("Live Oak Rifles," aka "Capt. James B. McRae's Company," raised in Jackson County, MS), 3rd MS Infantry. Enlisted Sept. 18, 1861, at Ocean Springs, Jackson County, MS, at age 34 (age according to military records, which are often "off" by a few years). Present on Sept. 1, 1862, company muster roll. Present on Oct. 1862 company muster roll. Present on March 1, 1863, company muster roll. Present on Aug. 1863 company muster roll. Present on Oct. 1863 company muster roll. Absent on Dec. 1863 company muster roll, with notation "absent on furlough." Present on April 1864 company muster roll. Present on Aug. 1864 company muster roll. Captured at the horrific Battle of Franklin, TN (the high-water mark of Southern courage!), Nov. 30, 1864, and forwarded as a POW to Nashville, TN, then to Military Prison, Louisville, KY, and, finally, to notorious Camp Douglas, IL, POW Camp, where it was official Yankee policy to starve Confederate POW's in order to render them unfit for field service upon exchange. Arrived at Camp Douglas, IL, on Dec. 5, 1864. Released from Camp Douglas, IL, POW Camp at war's end on June 12, 1865, after first having taken the required Oath of Allegiance to the US. Notation on parole gives his residence as Americus [Jackson County], MS. Southern Patriot! Reuben Byrd filed a Confederate Pension application in Jackson County, MS, in 1904, but I cannot find this application online in the MS Dept. of Archives & History's wonderful online pension collection. A summary of his pension appears at his find-a-grave page, which verifies his service in the 3rd MS Infantry. Lydia Ann Byrd filed a Confederate Widow's Pension application in George County, MS, in 1916, in which she stated that her husband (Reuben A. Byrd) served in Co. A, 3rd MS Infantry. Buried in the "Reuben Byrd Cemetery," location not stated. [Note: There are four cemeteries in George County, MS, that are named "Byrd." They are the Byrd Family Cemetery (aka Byrd Cemetery and aka Ruben Byrd/Reuben Byrd Cemetery), located at 30.75917 -88.63528; a second cemetery named the Reuben

Byrd Cemetery (location not stated); the Byrd-Cowart Cemetery; and the Byrd-Helveston Cemetery.]

Pvt. William Franklin Cain (b. York County, SC, 1818-d. Bedford County, VA, 1862), Co. F ("Jasper Greys," aka "Capt. James J. Shannon's Company," aka "Capt. Jonathan J. Walton's Company," and aka "Capt. Daniel L. Duke's Comapny," raised in Jasper County, MS), 16th MS Infantry. Enlisted March 3, 1862, at Paulding, Jasper County, MS, at age 43. Present on April 1862 company muster roll. Died in service in General Hospital, Liberty, Bedford County, VA, on May 20, 1862, typhoid fever. Southern Patriot! Buried in Longwood Cemetery, Bedford, Bedford County, VA, with marker type (if any) undetermined, but he has a memorial Confederate marker in the Cain Cemetery (aka the Naomi Cain Cemetery), 30.79330 -88.81080, located on the E side of the road at appr. 160 Cain Cemetery Road, George County, MS.

Pvt. Calvin Vendross Cannon [found as "C.V. Cannon" in the military records] (b. Mobile County, AL, ca. 1843-d. George County, MS, 1916), "Capt. Benjamin Toomer's AL Company for Local Defense & Special Service" [and established for duty "solely within the county and city of Mobile"], aka "Churchula Guards" (raised at Churchula, Mobile County, AL), which company became Co. G, 4th AL Reserves. [Note: From Aug. 10, 1864, and for an unspecified length of time, the company did "duty as Co. D, in [the Mobile] City Battalion, Lt. Col. S.W. Cayce commanding, under Special Order No. 223, dated Aug. 10, 1864."] Enlisted Aug. 15, 1863, at Churchula, Mobile County, AL, at age 16 (age according to his CS military records, which are typically "off" by a few years). Present on Aug. 8, 1864, company muster roll. Present on Oct. 31, 1864, company muster roll, with notation "[on] daily guard duty [since] Oct. 31, 1864, on the Mobile & Ohio Railroad." No further information in his military file with this command. Southern Patriot! Buried in the Rocky Creek Cemetery, 30.94580 -88.51970, located on the E side of Rocky Creek Road at the intersection of that road and Harvey Welford Road, George County, MS, with a Confederate marker.

SERVICE NOT VERIFIED. William M. Carter (b. Jackson County, MS, ca. 1846-d. Jackson County, MS, 1924) filed a Confederate Pension application in George County, MS, in 1918, in which he stated that he enlisted in 1863 in Jackson County, MS, into Co. G, 15th Confederate Cavalry, that he served under "Capt. White" and "Col. Murry," that he served 18 months, and that he was in active service with his command at war's end when it surrendered at Mobile, Mobile County, AL. However, William M. Carter has no service records in the 15th Confederate Cavalry, nor in any of that command's precursor commands (e.g.,

Murphy's Battalion AL Cavalry). No Col. Murry ever commanded the 15th Confederate Cavalry and no Capt. White ever commanded Co. G of that command. Neither does W.M. Carter have a war's-end parole with the 15th Confederate Cavalry. National Archives Confederate service records do note a Pvt. W.G. Carter in Co. G, 15th Confederate Cavalry, and an index card in those records redirects "William Carter" to the service records for "W.G. Carter," but no William M. or W.M. Carter has service records in the 15th Confederate Cavalry. When a descendant (Mrs. Florence Carter Ferrill) filed for a VA Confederate headstone for him in 1940, the VA rejected the application because they could find no service records for him in the 15th Confederate Cavalry. However, as often happened, the local Pension Board (not having access to Confederate military records) had rubber-stamped his Confederate Pension application. The VA inquired of the George County Chancery Clerk whether W.M. Carter had received a Confederate Pension, and, since he had, the VA issued the headstone based solely on the fact that he had received a Confederate Pension and not on actual Confederate military service. I do not believe that William M. Carter was ever a Confederate soldier. Buried in the Carter Cemetery, 30.73500 -88.61690, located on the N side of Section Line Road, at a point on that road that lies appr. 700 ft. E of that road's intersection with Kathy's Drive, Salem, George County, MS, with a Confederate marker denoting service in the 15th Confederate Cavalry, but he never served in that or any other Confederate command.

Pvt. Edward Lafayette Cochran (b. Greene County, MS, 1832-d. Green County, MS, 1905), Co. A ("Live Oak Rifles," aka "Capt. James B. McRae's Company," raised in Jackson County, MS), 3rd MS Infantry. Enlisted at Handsboro (now Gulfport), Harrison County, MS, on March 20, 1862, at appr. age 30. Present on Sept. 1, 1862, company muster roll. Present on Oct. 1862 company muster roll, with notation "present sick." Present on March 1, 1863, company muster roll. Present on Oct. 1863 company muster roll. Present on Dec. 1863 company muster roll. Present on April 1864 company muster roll. Present on Aug. 1864 company muster roll. Captured on the second day of the disastrous Battle of Nashville, TN, Dec. 16, 1864, and forwarded as a POW to Military Prison, Louisville, KY, then to notorious Camp Chase, OH, POW Camp, where it was official Yankee policy to starve Confederate POW's in order to render them unfit for field service upon exchange. Arrived at Camp Chase, OH, POW Camp on Jan. 4, 1865. Released on June 12, 1865, at war's end from Camp Chase, OH, POW Camp after first having taken the required Oath of Allegiance to the US. Age upon release given as 33 years-old. Southern Patriot! Buried in the Salem Cemetery, 30.99560 -88.79080, located appr. 1200 ft. down a dirt road/trail that branches off to the WNW from appr. 150 Mount Rose Circle, George County, MS, with a Confederate marker.

Pvt./4th Corp. Henry C. [Clay?] Cochran [found as "H.C. Cockran" and "H.C. Cochran" in the military records] (b. Greene County, MS, 1826-d. Greene County, MS, 1899), Co. C ("Capt. Evans' Rangers," raised in Harrison County, MS), 17th (Steede's) Battalion MS Cavalry. Enlisted Aug. 15, 1862, in Greene County, MS, at age 35. On March 1, 1863, he was transferred to Co. E ("Capt. Mayers' Company," raised in Harrison County, MS), 17th (Steede's) Battalion MS Cavalry. Absent on June 30, 1863, company muster roll, with notation "detailed to work on flat boats at Winchester [Wayne County], Miss., on May 17, 1863." Sometime before the Dec. 1863 company muster roll was taken, he was transferred to Co. A ("Capt. Abner C. Steede's Company," aka "Capt. Murdock McInnis' Company," raised in Jackson County, MS), 17th (Steede's) Battalion MS Cavalry. Present on Dec. 1863 company muster roll. On Dec. 24, 1863, Steede's Battalion was consolidated with other commands to become the 9th (Miller's) MS Cavalry, with Co. A of Steede's Battalion continuing as Co. A of the 9th (Miller's) MS Cavalry. Promoted to 4th Corp. sometime before the Dec. 1864 company muster roll was taken. Absent on Dec. 1864 company muster roll, with notation "absent with unserviceable horses at Plantersville [Dallas County], Ala." Captured in Greene County, MS, on Dec. 9, 1864, clearly during US Gen. John Davidson's famous "Sweet Potato Raid" and just one day before the Battle of McLeod's Mills at Leakesville, Greene County, MS, and forwarded as a POW to New Orleans, LA, arriving there on Dec. 19, 1864. Forwarded as a POW to Ship Island, MS, POW Camp on Jan. 22, 1865, arriving there on Jan. 25, 1865. Beginning on May 1, 1865, he was transferred from Ship Island, MS, POW Camp via New Orleans, LA, to Camp Townsend, Vicksburg, MS, for exchange. Exchanged at Camp Townsend, Vicksburg, MS, on May 6, 1865. As war in this part of the Confederacy was over at this point, Pvt. Cochran served till war's end. Southern Patriot! Buried in the Salem Cemetery, 30.99560 -88.79080, located appr. 1200 ft. down a dirt road/trail that branches off to the WNW from appr. 150 Mount Rose Circle, George County, MS, with a private marker. Mary J. Cochran filed a Confederate Widow's Pension application in George County, MS, in 1916, in which she stated that her husband ("H.C. Cochran") was a Confederate soldier in "Steede's Brigade."

Pvt./4th Corp./Sgt. John Alexander Cochran (b. Jackson County, MS, 1828-d. George County, MS, 1896), Co. A ("Jasper County Company," raised in Jasper County, MS), 7th (Terral's) Battalion MS Infantry. Enlisted Oct. 5, 1863, in Greene County, MS, at age 34. Present on Oct. 31, 1863, company muster roll. Present on Dec. 1863 company muster roll. Present as 4th Corp. on Feb. 1864 company muster roll, with notation "promoted from Private to Corporal [on] 29

February 1864." Transferred to Co. D ("Capt. Stevens' Company," raised in Greene & Perry Counties, MS), 9th (Miller's) MS Cavalry, on Sept. 11, 1864, by Special Field Order No. 103/5, approved by Gen. John Bell Hood, Headquarters, Army of TN. Present for clothing issue on Nov. 7, 1864, at 3rd General Hospital, Augusta [Richmond County,] GA, where he was almost certainly a patient (whether wounded or sick unclear), though he is still identified as a Corp. in the 7th Battalion MS Infantry in his hospital record. Served in the 9th MS Cavalry until war's end. Surrendered at the general surrender of CS forces in the mid-Confederacy (i.e., the "Western Theater") at Citronelle, AL, on May 4, 1865, and physically paroled as a sergeant at Mobile, Mobile County, AL, on May 23, 1865. Residence given on parole as Jackson County, MS. Southern Patriot! Buried in the Crossroads United Methodist Church Cemetery, 30.88583 -88.71083, located behind the eponymous church at the NW corner of the intersection of MS State Hwy. 26 & Crossroads Road, Crossroads, George County, MS, with a private marker. [Note: There are 2 cemeteries that bear the name "Crossroads" in George County, MS. They are the Crossroads United Methodist Church Cemetery and the Crossroads Free Pentecostal Church Cemetery.] [Note: Some databases state that John Alexander Cochran served in Co. H ("Capt. A. Kindel Brantley's Company," aka "Greene & Perry Squad," raised in Greene & Perry Counties, MS), 3rd (Burgin's) Battalion MS Infantry Minute Men (State Troops) (1862-1863), but he has no service records in that command and never served in same.]

Pvt. Washington Cooper (b. MS***, 1834-d. George County, MS, 1913), Co. F ("Capt. Stevens' Company," raised in Greene & Perry Counties, MS), 17th (Steede's) Battalion MS Cavalry. Enlisted Sept. 3, 1862, in Jackson County, MS, at age 28. Present on Dec. 1863 company muster roll. On Dec. 24, 1863, Steede's Battalion was augmented to become the 9th (Miller's) MS Cavalry. Co. F became Co. D of this expanded command and Pvt. Cooper continued to serve in this company. Served till war's end. Surrendered at the general surrender of CS forces in the mid-Confederacy (i.e., the "Western Theater") at Citronelle, AL, on May 4, 1865, and physically paroled at Mobile, Mobile County, AL, on May 30, 1865. Residence given on parole as Jackson County, MS. Southern Patriot! Buried in the Old Flurry-Broome Cemetery (aka the Old Flurry Cemetery), 30.75530 - 88.78080, the entrance to which (which leads down a dirt road to the W) is located at appr. 1270 Red Creek Road at a point on that road that lies appr. 200 ft. W of the intersection of that road with Tootle Road, George County, MS, with both a private and a Confederate marker. [Note: There are two cemeteries in George County, MS, that contain the name "Flurry." These are the Louis Flurry Cemetery and the Old Flurry-Broome Cemetery (aka the Flurry Cemetery and aka the Old Flurry

Cemetery).] [***Note: Birth state taken from 1910 US Census for George County, MS. Some family researchers state that he was born in LA.]

SERVICE NOT VERIFIED. A.J. ["Andrew Jackson"?] Cowart (b. Greene County, MS, 1841-d. Greene County, MS, 1912) is listed in some databases as having been a Confederate soldier in Co. A ("Live Oak Rifles," aka "Capt. James B. McRae's Company," raised in Jackson County, MS), 3rd MS Infantry, but he has no service records in that organization or any other MS CS command. I do not believe that he was ever a Confederate soldier. Buried in the Byrd-Cowart Cemetery, 30.84080 -88.85250, located in the woods, appr. 250 ft. S of a point on Firth Littlefield Road that lies appr. 1200 ft. W of that road's intersection with Gene Sumrall Road, George County, MS, with a private marker. [Note: There are four cemeteries in George County, MS, that are named "Byrd." They are the Byrd Family Cemetery (aka Byrd Cemetery and aka Ruben Byrd/Reuben Byrd Cemetery), located at 30.75917 -88.63528; a second cemetery named the Reuben Byrd Cemetery (location not stated); the Byrd-Cowart Cemetery; and the Byrd-Helveston Cemetery.] [Note: The A.J. Cowart under consideration here is not the "Andy Cowart" of the 17th (Steede's) Battalion MS Cavalry, with whom some family researchers have confused A.J. Cowart. "Andy Cowart" is buried in the Shady Grove Cemetery in Jones County, MS.]

Pvt. Martin C. Cowart [found as "M.C. Cowart" in the military records] (b. Greene County, MS, 1826/1829***-d. Greene County, MS, 1884), Co. A ("Jasper County Company," aka "Capt. L.B. Pardue's Company," raised in Jasper County, MS), 7th (Terral's) Battalion MS Infantry. Enlisted Oct. 5, 1863, in Greene County, MS, at age 34/36. Present on Oct. 31, 1863, company muster roll. [Note: Some researchers state that Pvt. Cowart was captured at the end of the horrific 47-day Siege of Vicksburg, MS, which ended on July 4, 1863, but Pvt. Cowart did not enlist into this command until well after the siege was over. References to his company being captured at Vicksburg, paroled, and marched to Enterprise, Clarke County, MS, reflect not on him, but on those soldiers who enlisted before the siege. A single reference to his also being paroled on Dec. 8, 1863, is simply a clerical error. Pvt. M.C. Cowart definitely did not serve at the Siege of Vicksburg.] [Note: A mis-filed record for receipt of clothing on Sept. 21, 1863, belongs in the records of Pvt. Zachariah M. Cowart of Co. A, 7th Regiment MS Infantry, and not in the records of the Martin C. Cowart, Co. A, 7th Battalion MS Infantry, under consideration here.] Absent on Dec. 1863 company muster roll, with notation "absent without leave since [the] 11 inst." [i.e., AWOL since Dec. 11, 1863]. Absent on Feb. 1864 company muster roll, with notation "absent without leave since 11th Dec. 1863." No further information in his military file

with this command. Buried in the the Pipkin Cemetery (aka the Pipkins Cemetery), 30.99690 -88.78060, located on the E side of Breland Road, at a point on that road that lies appr. 1500 ft. N of Leaf Church (or at a point on Breland Road that lies appr. 500 ft. S of that road's intersection with Crossing Road/Benjo Road), George County, MS, with a private marker. [Note: There are two cemeteries in George County, MS, that contain the name "Pipkin" in their names. These are the Pipkin Cemetery, 30.91860 -88.64250, located on the W side of Pipkins Cemetery Road, at a point on that road that lies appr. 500 ft. N of that road's intersection with Merritt Road, Lucedale, George County, MS, and the Pipkin Cemetery (aka the Pipkins Cemetery), 30.99690 -88.78060, located on the E side of Breland Road, at a point on that road that lies appr. 1500 ft. N of Leaf Church (or at a point on Breland Road that lies appr. 500 ft. S of that road's intersection with Crossing Road/Benjo Road), George County, MS.] [***Note: Census records variously suggest a birth year between 1826 and 1829.]

Pvt. Absalome B. Davis [found as "A.B. Davis" in the military records] (b. Newton County, MS, 1836-d. Greene County, MS, 1917), Co. B ("Capt. Poitevent's Company," raised in Hancock County, MS), 17th (Steede's) Battalion MS Cavalry. Enlisted Sept. 24, 1862, in Hancock County, MS, at age 26. [Note: His military papers state that he was age 46, but I am certain that this is either just a transcription error (confusing "26" with "46") or a clerical error that occurred because someone confused Absalome B. Davis (age 26) with Abijah B. Davis (age 46) of Co. G ("Capt. D.J. Ward's Company," raised in Smith County, MS), 5th (Robinson's) MS Infantry (State Troops) (1862-1863).] Absent on June 30, 1863, company muster roll for Co. D ("Capt. James Miller's Company," raised in Clarke County, MS), 17th (Steede's) Battalion MS Cavalry, with notation "absent with leave," and further notation "transferred from Co. B [on] March 1, 1863." Present on Dec. 1863 company muster roll. On Dec. 24, 1863, Steede's Battalion was augmented to become the 9th (Miller's) MS Cavalry, with Co. D becoming Co. B, 9th (Miller's) MS Cavalry. Absent on Dec. 1864 company muster roll, with notation "absent, sick, at hospital [at] Canton [Madison County], Miss." Served till war's end. Surrendered at the general surrender of CS forces in the mid-Confederacy (i.e., the "Western Theater") at Citronelle, AL, on May 4, 1865, and physically paroled at Mobile, Mobile County, AL, on May 23, 1865. Residence given on parole as Jones County, MS. Southern Patriot! Buried in the Macedonia Missionary Baptist Church Cemetery, 30.955647 -88.440887, located on the W side of appr. 4700 Brushy Creek Road (on the N side of Macedonia Missionary Baptist Church), George County, MS, with a Confederate marker.

SERVICE NOT VERIFIED. GRAVESITE NOT FOUND. GENEALOGY NOT FOUND. Absolom H. Davis (b. Jackson County, MS, 1826-d. George County, MS, 1924) is listed in some databases as having been a Confederate soldier in Co. A ("Gaines Warriors," aka "Capt. Henry Roberts' Company," raised in Greene & Perry Counties, MS), 24th MS Infantry. However, he has no records in that command or any other MS CS command to which I have been able to connect him. Said to be buried in the Macedonia Missionary Baptist Church Cemetery, 30.955647 -88.440887, located on the W side of appr. 4700 Brushy Creek Road (on the N side of Macedonia Missionary Baptist Church), George County, MS, in an unmarked grave.

Pvt./Sgt. David Swanson Davis, Sr. (b. GA, 1830-d. Jackson County, MS, 1908), Co. A ("Capt. Abner C. Steede's Company," aka "Capt. Murdock McInnis' Company," raised in Jackson County, MS), 17th (Steede's) Battalion MS Cavalry. Enlisted Oct. 30, 1863, in Wayne County, MS, at appr. age 33. Present on Dec. 1863 company muster roll. On Dec. 24, 1863, it became Co. A, 9th (Miller's) MS Cavalry. Absent on Dec. 1864 company muster roll, with notation "absent sick at Hospital." Promoted to Sgt. before war's end. Served till war's end. Surrendered at the general surrender of CS forces in the mid-Confederacy (i.e., the "Western Theater") at Citronelle, AL, on May 4, 1865, and physically paroled as a sergeant at Mobile, Mobile County, AL, on May 23, 1865. Residence given on parole as Jackson County, MS. Southern Patriot! Buried in the Crossroads United Methodist Church Cemetery, 30.88583 -88.71083, located behind the eponymous church at the NW corner of the intersection of MS State Hwy. 26 & Crossroads Road, Crossroads, George County, MS, with a Confederate marker. [Note: There are 2 cemeteries that bear the name "Crossroads" in George County, MS. They are the Crossroads United Methodist Church Cemetery and the Crossroads Free Pentecostal Church Cemetery.]

VERY TENTATIVE. GENEALOGY NOT FOUND. George Davis (b. GA, 1832-d. George County, MS, 1894) is listed in some databases as having been a soldier in "Co. G, 3rd MS Cavalry," but I can find no such soldier in any of the various Co. G's in the various 3rd MS Cavalries. However, I do find a Pvt. G.L. Davis in Co. F ("Capt. James G. Kennedy's Company," raised in Yalobusha County, MS), 3rd (McGuirk's) MS State Cavalry, which later became the 3rd (McGuirk's) MS Cavalry. Enlisted April 25, 1864, at Oxford, Lafayette County, MS, at age 28 (as stated in the military records). Present on May 1, 1864, company muster roll. Present on May 8, 1864, company muster roll. No further information in his military file with this command. Buried in the Davis Cemetery (possibly also known as the George Davis Cemetery), location unknown, George

County, MS, with a Confederate marker. [Note: There are two cemeteries in George County, MS, that contain the name "Davis." These are the Davis Cemetery (location unknown and possibly also known as the George Davis Cemetery, as his is the only known burial in same) and the Davis Cemetery, 30.89360 -88.62310, located on the E side of appr. 250 Dickerson-Davis Cemetery Road, Lucedale, George County, MS.]

Pvt. James B. Davis (b. Jackson County, MS, 1837-d. George County, MS, 1911), Co. A ("Capt. Abner C. Steede's Company," aka "Capt. Murdock McInnis' Company," raised in Jackson County, MS), 17th (Steede's) Battalion MS Cavalry. Enlisted March 19, 1862, in Jackson County, MS, at age 25. Transferred on March 1, 1863, to Co. E ("Capt. Mayers' Company," raised in Harrison County, MS), 17th (Steede's) Battalion MS Cavalry. Present on June 30, 1863, company muster roll. Transferred back to Co. A sometime before the Dec. 1863 company muster roll was taken, on which roll Pvt. Davis is again present with Co. A. On Dec. 24, 1863, Steede's Battalion was augmented to become the 9th (Miller's) MS Cavalry. Pvt. Davis served in Co. A (still Capt. McInnis' Company) of this enlarged command. Absent on Dec. 1864 company muster roll, with notation "absent without leave." Served till war's end. Surrendered at the general surrender of CS forces in the mid-Confederacy (i.e., the "Western Theater") at Citronelle, AL, on May 4, 1865, and physically paroled at Mobile, Mobile County, AL, on May 23, 1865. Residence given on parole as Jackson County, MS. Southern Patriot! Said to be buried in the Dickerson Cemetery, location unknown, George County, MS, in an unmarked grave.

1st Corp./4th Corp./5th Sgt. James J. Davis [found as "J.J. Davis" in the military records] (b. Jackson County, MS, 1837-d. George County, MS, 1911), Co. A ("Capt. Abner C. Steede's Company," aka "Capt. Murdock McInnis' Company," raised in Jackson County, MS), 17th (Steede's) Battalion MS Cavalry. Enlisted as 4th Corp. on March 18, 1862, in Jackson County, MS, at age 24. Promoted to 1st Corp. on March 1, 1863, and transferred on same day from Co. A to Co. E ("Capt. Mayers' Company," raised in Harrison County, MS), 17th (Steede's) Battalion MS Cavalry. Present on June 30, 1863, company muster roll. [Note: Sometime in 1863, this company was temporarily dismounted and attached (as Co. A) to the 1st Confederate Infantry Battalion.] Present on Dec. 1863 company muster roll for Steede's Battalion. On Dec. 24, 1863, Steede's Battalion was enlarged to become the 9th (Miller's) MS Cavalry, and Co. E of Steede's became Co. C of the 9th (Miller's) MS Cavalry. Corp. Davis served in Co. C. A March 30, 1864, "Report of officers & enlisted men on detached service Ferguson's Cavalry Brigade," dated "near Calhoun Station" [Calhoun City, Calhoun County, MS?], states that Corp.

Davis was detached on March 16, 1864, on orders of Gen. Stephen Dill Lee, to work at Garlandsville, Jasper County, MS, for 30 days, for which detail Corp. Davis was temporarily re-assigned to Co. A (formerly "Capt. Abner C. Steede's Company," but now "Capt. Murdock McInnis' Company," 9th MS Cavalry. 5th Sgt. Davis absent on Dec. 1864 company muster roll for Co. C (9th MS Cavalry), with notation "absent without leave." No further information in his military file with this command. However, a Lt. J.J. Davis, Co. E ("Buncomb Fighting Cocks," raised in Tippah County, MS), 7th MS Cavalry, who has no other service information in his military file with this command, was captured at Selma, Dallas County, AL, on April 2, 1865, and this bit of information jibes with Sgt. Davis' widow's statement in her Confederate Widow's Pension application that her husband was captured near the end of the war between Selma, Dallas County, AL, and Atlanta, GA -- except for the fact that this company was based so far from Jackson County, MS. Buried in the Magnolia Garden Cemetery (aka the Lucedale Magnolia Garden Cemetery), 30.91500 -88.58670, located at the NE corner of the intersection of Lumpkin Street and MS Hwy. 613, Lucedale, George County, MS, with a private marker. Eleanor Davis filed a Confederate Widow's Pension application in George County, MS, in 1916, in which did not state her husband's ("Jas. J. Davis") overall command, but stated that he enlisted into Miller's Company in Jackson County, MS in Feb. 1862, that he served for 3 years and 3 months, that he served under officers whose names are illegible but might be Miller and Starnes [Steede?], that he served till war's end, and that he surrendered "near Mobile, AL." However, no records have been found to substantiate Sgt. Davis' service until war's end. [Note: Some databases state that James Jackson Davis served in Co. A, "Miller's MS Infantry," but this is merely a transcription error for the 9th (Miller's) MS Cavalry. James Jackson Davis never served in the 9th MS Infantry and there never was a "Miller's MS Infantry."]

Pvt. Francis Purnell Dean [found as "F.P. Dean," "Francis Dean," and "Francis Deane" in the military records] (b. Clarke County, AL, 1839-d. George County, MS, 1925), Co. I ("Southern Foresters," aka "Capt. William T. Walthall's Company," and aka "Capt. John Joseph Nicholson's Company," raised in Mobile County, AL), 12th AL Infantry. Enlisted June 8, 1861, in Mobile County, AL, at age 20. Present on Aug. 31, 1861, company muster roll. [Note: There is then a gap in his military records with this command from Aug. 31, 1861, through Feb. 25, 1864.] Admitted on Feb. 25, 1864, to Receiving and Wayside Hospital, or General Hospital No. 9, Richmond, VA, with medical complaint not specified, and returned to duty the following day. Present on March 31, 1864, company muster roll. Present on April 30, 1864, company muster roll. Admitted on July 26, 1864, to C.S.A. General Hospital, Charlottesville, VA, suffering from a gunshot wound

(nature of wound or place received not specified), and returned to duty on Sept. 15, 1864. [Note: It is possible that Pvt. Dean was wounded in the early stages of the 1st Battle of Deep Bottom, VA, as the actual battle itself started on July 27, 1864.] Present on Oct. 1864 company muster roll. Captured at the heroic Battle of Fort Stedman, Petersburg, VA, on March 25, 1865. "Appears on a Register of prisoners received and disposed of by the [Yankee] Provost Marshal General, Army of the Potomoc, with notation that he was "captured by the Army of the Potomoc [on] March 25, 1865," that he "wishes to take the oath [of Allegiance to the US]," and that he was sent on March 27, 1865, to "Col. T. Ingraham, Provost Marshal General" at Washington, DC. [Note: Confederate POW's are often listed (probably to make Yankee POW officials look better to their superiors) as "desiring to take the Oath," but relatively few actually took it.] Forwarded on March 30, 1865, from Washington, DC, to Point Lookout, MD, POW Camp, where it was official Yankee policy to starve Confederate POW's in order to render them unfit for field service upon exchange. Served as a POW until war's end. Took the required Oath of Allegiance to the US solely because it was required for release at war's end and was released from Point Lookout, MD, POW Camp on May 13, 1865. Parole lists his residence as Jackson County, MS. Southern Patriot! Buried in the Dean Family Cemetery, location unknown, but, from directions given on find-a-grave, I believe the cemetery lies at 30.797036 -88.488704, or about 1400 ft. due S of 1137 Corley Road, Agricola, George County, MS, with marker type (if any) undetermined. "F.P. Dean" filed a Confederate Pension application in George County, MS, in 1923, in which he stated that he was a Confederate soldier in the 12th AL Infantry. Isabell Dean filed a Confederate Widow's Pension application in George County, MS, in 1925, in which she did not state her husband's ("F.P. Dean") command, but correctly named his first two captains. [Note: Some researchers state that Pvt. Dean was wounded in the wrist by a Minnie ball at the Battle of Sharpsburg/Antietam, MD, but this wound is not reported in his surviving military records. It is, of course, possible that he did suffer such a wound, as he has no surviving records in the regiment from Aug. 31, 1861, through Feb. 25, 1864, and the 12th AL Infantry was heavily engaged at Sharpsburg.]

Pvt. John William DePriest [found as "J.W. Dupreece" and "J.W. Dupriest" in the military records] (b. Wayne County, MS, 1846-d. George County, MS, 1926), "Capt. Richard McGriff's Company of Unattached MS Cavalry," which became Co. H ("McGriffs' Company," raised in Clarke & Wayne Counties, MS), 1st (Denis') Battalion MS Cavalry Reserves. Enlisted April 16, 1864, at Shubuta, Clarke County, MS, at age 17. Present on May 1, 1864, company muster roll, which became Co. H, 1st (Denis') MS Cavalry Reserves on Sept. 3, 1864.

Served till war's end. Surrendered at the general surrender of CS forces in the mid-Confederacy (i.e., the "Western Theater") at Citronelle, AL, on May 4, 1865, and physically paroled at Meridian, Lauderdale County, MS, on May 17, 1865. Residence given on parole as Wayne County, MS. Southern Patriot! Buried in the Magnolia Garden Cemetery (aka the Lucedale Magnolia Garden Cemetery), 30.91500 -88.58670, located at the NE corner of the intersection of Lumpkin Street and MS Hwy. 613, Lucedale, George County, MS, with a Confederate marker. "J.W. DePriest" filed a Confederate Pension application in George County, MS, in 1923, in which he stated that he was a Confederate soldier in the 1st MS Cavalry Reserved. "Mrs. J.W. DePriest" filed a Confederate Widow's Pension application in George County, MS, in 1927, in which she stated that her husband ("J.W. DePriest") was a Confederate soldier in the 1st MS Cavalry Reserves. [Note: Some databases state that he served in Co. G ("Capt. Coyle's Company," raised in Carroll County, MS), 1st (Denis') MS Cavalry Reserves, but he never served in that company.]

VERY, VERY TENTATIVE. Pvt. Robert Dixon (b. MS, 1839-d. Jackson County, MS, 1885), Co. G ("Gainesville Volunteers," aka "Capt. John B. Deason's Company," aka "Capt. Enoch E. McFadden's Company," and aka "Capt. John J. Bradford's Company," raised in Hancock County, MS), 3rd MS Infantry. Enlisted Dec. 10, 1863, at Canton, Madison County, MS, at appr. age 23. Present on Dec. 1863 company muster roll. Absent on April 1864 company muster roll, with notation "absent without leave [since] 15 Feb. 1864; Ordnance lost -- 1 Rifle, 1 Cartridge Box, 1 cartridge Belt, 1 cap Box, 1 waist-belt, 40 cartridges, 50 caps, 1 canteen, 1 canteen strap, [and] 1 haversack." Aug. 1864 company muster roll states "deserted." No further information in his military file with this command. Buried in the Shady Grove Cemetery, 30.87970 -88.65780, located on the S side of the road at appr. 14000 MS Hwy. 26, Crossroads, Lucedale, George County, MS, with marker type (if any) undetermined.

SERVICE NOT VERIFIED. Charles Pinkney Eubanks, Sr. (b. Chesterfield District, SC, 1802-d. George County, MS, 1884) is listed in some databases as having been a Confederate soldier in an unnamed command and as supposedly having a tombstone with "CSA" inscribed thereon. However, I cannot find him in any CS command and his tombstone does not appear to have CSA inscribed on it. I think that he is simply being confused with his son, Charles Pinkney Eubanks, Jr., who actually did serve in the 2nd Battalion AL Light Artillery. I do not believe that Charles Pinkney Eubanks, Sr., was ever a Confederate soldier. Buried in the Rocky Creek Cemetery, 30.94580 -88.51970, located on the E side of Rocky Creek

Road at the intersection of that road and Harvey Welford Road, George County, MS, with a private marker.

Pvt. Charles Pinkney Eubanks, Jr. (b. Greene County, MS, 1835-d. George County, MS, 1907), Co. C ("Capt. Haynie's Company," raised in Mobile County, AL), 2nd (Hallonquist's/Myrick's) Battalion, AL Light Artillery. Enlisted Feb. 24, 1862, at Cantonment Walter, Mobile, Mobile County, AL, at age 27. Present on Feb. 28, 1862, company muster roll. Present on April 30, 1862, company muster roll, but with notation "sick at Hospital," probably meaning that he was sick at the camp/post hospital. Present on June 30, 1862, company muster roll. Present on Aug. 31, 1862, company muster roll. On Sept. 26, 1862, Capt Haynie's Company was temporarily attached to Williams'/Hoxton's/Tobin's Battery (aka "Memphis Light Artillery," raised in Memphis, TN), TN Light Artillery. Absent on Oct. 31, 1862, company muster roll, with notation "absent sick at Okolona [Chickasaw County, MS]." Present on Dec. 1862 company muster roll. Present on Feb. 1863 company muster roll. Present on April 1863 company muster roll. Present on June 1863 company muster roll. Surrendered and paroled at the end of the horrific 47-day Siege of Vicksburg, MS, on July 4, 1863. Ordered to report back to the 2nd AL Light Artillery on July 10, 1863. Present or absent not stated on Oct. 31, 1863, company muster roll. Transferred on April 22, 1864, from Co. C (now Capt. Emanuel's Company) to Co. A ("Capt. Stephen Charpentier's Battery," raised in Mobile County, AL), 2nd (Hallonquist's/Myrick's) Battalion, AL Light Artillery. Present on April 30, 1864, company muster roll. On June 23, 1864, at Selma, Dallas County, AL, he received a clothing issue of one pair of pants, one pair of drawers, and one shirt. Present on Aug. 31, 1864, company muster roll. Admitted Oct. 22, 1864, to Ross Hospital, Mobile, Mobile County, AL, suffering from "febris intermittens" [i.e., malaria], and sent to General Hospital, Lauderdale Springs, Lauderdale County, MS, on Oct. 30, 1864. Transferred back to Co. A sometime before the Oct. 31, 1864, company muster roll, as he is present again with that company on the muster roll of that date. Served till war's end. Surrendered at the general surrender of CS forces in the mid-Confederacy (i.e., the "Western Theater") at Citronelle, AL, on May 4, 1865, and physically paroled at Mobile, Mobile County, AL, on June 5, 1865. Age given on parole as 27 (with military document ages typically being a few years "off"). Residence given on parole as Jones County, MS. Southern Patriot! Buried in the Rocky Creek Cemetery, 30.94580 -88.51970, located on the E side of Rocky Creek Road at the intersection of that road and Harvey Welford Road, George County, MS, with a Confederate marker.

Pvt. John Francis Marion Eubanks [found as "John F. Eubanks" in the military records] (b. Greene County, MS***, 1838-d. Greene County, MS, 1892), Co. E ("Capt. John G. Cleveland's Company," aka "Capt. Washington Lott's Company," raised in Mobile County, AL), 36th AL Infantry. Enlisted March 11, 1862, in Greene County, MS, at age 23. Discharged for disability on Dec. 1, 1862, "at Camp, 36th Regiment Alabama Volunteers, near Mobile [Mobile County, AL]." Southern Patriot! Buried in the Rocky Creek Cemetery, 30.94580 -88.51970, located on the E side of Rocky Creek Road at the intersection of that road and Harvey Welford Road, George County, MS, with a Confederate marker. [***Note: Birth county/state taken from CS army discharge paper.]

Pvt. Littleton Havard Eubanks (b. Jackson County, MS, 1839-d. Greene County, MS, 1901), Co. E ("Capt. John G. Cleveland's Company," aka "Capt. Washington Lott's Company," raised in Mobile County, AL), 36th AL Infantry. Enlisted March 10, 1862, in Greene County, MS, at age 22. Paid on descriptive list on Feb. 12, 1863, with such payments usually being made to a soldier who was absent from his command on detail or in hospital; nature and place of this payment unspecified. Admitted June 5, 1863, to St. Mary's Hospital, Dalton, GA, suffering from bronchitis. Received clothing issue on July 30, 1863, probably at St. Mary's Hospital, Dalton, GA. "Appears on a List of soldiers in Convalescent Camp at Dalton, Ga., who were received from St. Mary's Hospital," with list dated Aug. 13, 1863, and notation that he was also received on Aug. 13, 1863. Admitted Sept. 24, 1863, to Floyd House and Ocmulgee Hospitals, Macon, Bibb County, GA, suffering from bronchitis. Admitted Sept. 29, 1863, to Ross Hospital, Mobile, AL, suffering from chronic bronchitis, and furloughed for 15 days on Oct. 8, 1863. Admitted May 23, 1864, to Ocmulgee Hospital, Macon, Bibb County, GA, suffering from catarrhus [i.e., a cold], and transferred to an unspecified hospital on May 28, 1864, with hospital records erroneously indicating that his residence was Jackson County, MS. Received clothing issue for the 2nd Quarter of 1864 on unspecified date at unspecified place (probably Ocmulgee Hospital). Admitted Oct. 6, 1864, to Ocmulgee Hospital, Macon, Bibb County, GA, suffering from febris intermittens tertiary [a fever that returns in 48 hours], and transferred to Augusta, GA, on Oct. 12, 1864; notation on hospital record gives residence as Greene County, MS. Appears on Hospital Muster Roll of Second Georgia Hospital at Augusta, GA., dated Oct. 31, 1864," with notation that he was "entitled to extra pay [of] \$7 a month from June 9, 1864," with the likely explanation being that he was detailed to work at the hospital as a nurse or guard on that date. Served till war's end. Surrendered at the general surrender of CS forces in the mid-Confederacy (i.e., the "Western Theater") at Citronelle, AL, on May 4, 1865, and physically paroled at Mobile, Mobile County, AL, on May 22, 1865. Residence

given on parole as Greene County, MS. Southern Patriot! [Note: Some databases state that Pvt. L.H. Eubanks served in Co. A ("Capt. Young M. Moody's Company," raised in Marengo County, AL), 11th AL Infantry, but he has no service records in that regiment and never served in same.] Buried in the Rocky Creek Cemetery, 30.94580 -88.51970, located on the E side of Rocky Creek Road at the intersection of that road and Harvey Welford Road, George County, MS, with both a private and a Confederate marker.

Pvt. Stephen Prentis Eubanks (b. Greene County, MS, 1842-d. George County, MS, 1923), Co. C ("Capt. Haynie's Company," raised in Mobile County, AL), 2nd (Hallonquist's/Myrick's) Battalion, AL Light Artillery. Enlisted Feb. 15, 1862, at Cantonment Walter, Mobile, Mobile County, AL, at age 19. Present on Feb. 28, 1862, company muster roll. Present on April 30, 1862, company muster roll, but with notation "sick at Hospital," probably meaning that he was sick at the camp/post hospital. Present on June 30, 1862, company muster roll. Present on Aug. 31, 1862, company muster roll. On Sept. 26, 1862, Capt Haynie's Company was temporarily attached to Williams'/Hoxton's/Tobin's Battery (aka "Memphis Light Artillery," raised in Memphis, TN), TN Light Artillery. Present on Oct. 31, 1862, company muster roll. Present on Dec. 1862 company muster roll. Present on Feb. 1863 company muster roll. Present on April 1863 company muster roll. Present on June 1863 company muster roll. Surrendered and paroled at the end of the horrific 47-day Siege of Vicksburg, MS, on July 4, 1863. Ordered to report back to the 2nd AL Light Artillery on July 10, 1863. Present or absent not stated on Oct. 31, 1863, company muster roll. Transferred on April 22, 1864, from Co. C (now Capt. Emanuel's Company) to Co. A ("Capt. Stephen Charpentier's Battery," raised in Mobile County, AL), 2nd (Hallonquist's/Myrick's) Battalion, AL Light Artillery. Present on April 30, 1864, company muster roll. On June 23, 1864, at Selma, Dallas County, AL, he received a clothing issue of one pair of pants, one pair of drawers, one pair of shoes, one pair of socks, and one hat. Absent on Aug. 31, 1864, company muster roll, with notation "absent without leave." Present on Oct. 31, 1864, company muster roll. Served till war's end. Surrendered at the general surrender of CS forces in the mid-Confederacy (i.e., the "Western Theater") at Citronelle, AL, on May 4, 1865, and physically paroled at Meridian, Lauderdale County, MS, on May 10, 1865. Residence given on parole as Greene County, MS. Southern Patriot! Buried in the Rocky Creek Cemetery, 30.94580 - 88.51970, located on the E side of Rocky Creek Road at the intersection of that road and Harvey Welford Road, George County, MS, with both a private and a Confederate marker. "S.P. Eubanks" filed a Confederate Pension application in George County, MS, in 1916, in which he stated that he was a Confederate soldier in the "2nd AL Artillery."

Pvt. Thomas Jefferson Eubanks (b. Greene County, MS, 1836-d. Greene County, MS, 1907), Co. C ("Capt. Haynie's Company," raised in Mobile County, AL), 2nd (Hallonquist's/Myrick's) Battalion, AL Light Artillery. Enlisted Feb. 24, 1862, at Cantonment Walter, Mobile, Mobile County, AL, at age 26. Present on Feb. 28, 1862, company muster roll. Present on April 30, 1862, company muster roll. Present on June 30, 1862, company muster roll. Present on Aug. 31, 1862, company muster roll. On Sept. 26, 1862, Capt Haynie's Company was temporarily attached to Williams'/Hoxton's/Tobin's Battery (aka "Memphis Light Artillery," raised in Memphis, TN), TN Light Artillery. Present on Oct. 31, 1862, company muster roll. Absent on Dec. 1862 company muster roll, with notation "sick in hospital at Vaiden, Miss." Present on Feb. 1863 company muster roll. Present on April 1863 company muster roll. Present on June 1863 company muster roll. Surrendered and paroled at the end of the horrific 47-day Siege of Vicksburg, MS, on July 4, 1863. Ordered to report back to the 2nd AL Light Artillery on July 10, 1863. Present or absent not stated on Oct. 31, 1863, company muster roll. Transferred on April 22, 1864, from Co. C (now Capt. Emanuel's Company) to Co. A ("Capt. Stephen Charpentier's Battery," raised in Mobile County, AL), 2nd (Hallonquist's/Myrick's) Battalion, AL Light Artillery. Present on April 30, 1864, company muster roll. Present on Oct. 31, 1864, company muster roll. Served till war's end. Surrendered at the general surrender of CS forces in the mid-Confederacy (i.e., the "Western Theater") at Citronelle, AL, on May 4, 1865, and physically paroled at Meridian, Lauderdale County, MS, on May 10, 1865. Residence given on parole as Greene County, MS. Southern Patriot! Buried in the Rocky Creek Cemetery, 30.94580 -88.51970, located on the E side of Rocky Creek Road at the intersection of that road and Harvey Welford Road, George County, MS, with both a private and a Confederate marker.

Pvt. William Franklin Eubanks, Sr. (b. Greene County, MS, 1832-d. George County, MS, 1915), Co. C ("Capt. Haynie's Company," raised in Mobile County, AL), 2nd (Hallonquist's/Myrick's) Battalion, AL Light Artillery. Enlisted Feb. 15, 1862, at Cantonment Walter, Mobile, Mobile County, AL, at age 28. Present on Feb. 28, 1862, company muster roll. Present on April 30, 1862, company muster roll. Absent on June 30, 1862, company muster roll, with notation "absent without leave." Present on Aug. 31, 1862, company muster roll, but further notation states "absent sick in Columbus [Lowndes County, MS] Hospital." On Sept. 26, 1862, Capt Haynie's Company was temporarily attached to Williams'/Hoxton's/Tobin's Battery (aka "Memphis Light Artillery," raised in Memphis, TN), TN Light Artillery. Absent on Oct. 31, 1862, company muster roll, with notation "absent sick at Columbus [Lowndes County, MS]." Absent on Dec. 1862 company muster

roll, with notation "sick in Hospital at Enterprise [Clarke County], Miss." Absent on Feb. 1863 company muster roll, with notation "sick at his home [at] Ellisville, Jones County, Miss." Present on April 1863 company muster roll. Present on June 1863 company muster roll. Surrendered and paroled at the end of the horrific 47-day Siege of Vicksburg, MS, on July 4, 1863. Ordered to report back to the Co. C, 2nd AL Light Artillery on July 10, 1863. Present or absent not stated on Oct. 31, 1863, company muster roll. "Appears on a List of officers and men of the Vicksburg capture who have reported in Parole Camp at Demopolis [Marengo County], Ala., since April 1, 1864." [Note: Parole camps were Confederate military camps where soldiers continued to train until they were "exchanged" on paper for a like number of Yankees who had also been captured and paroled. Such soldiers could not perform any active military duty until they were exchanged on paper.] "Appears on a Muster Roll of Co. G, 1st Detachment Paroled Prisoners, Demopolis [Marengo County], Ala.," dated June 30, 1864, with notation "present; joined from Desertion since last muster." Admitted to Ross Hospital, Mobile, Mobile County, AL, on Aug. 25, 1864, suffering from febris intermittens tertiary [a fever that recurs every 48 hours], and returned to duty on Aug. 30, 1864. Admitted to Ross Hospital, Mobile, Mobile County, AL, on Sept. 29, 1864, suffering from febris intermittens [recurring fever], and furloughed on Oct. 8, 1864, for 30 days. Absent on Oct. 31, 1864, company muster roll, with notation "absent sick on furlough from Oct. 8 [1864] to Nov. 8, 1864." No further information in his military file with this command. [Note: A Pvt. William Eubank (sic), Battery No. 10, AL Heavy Artillery, of Monroe County, AL, was paroled at war's end at Mobile, Mobile County, AL, but he is not the same man as the Pvt. William Franklin Eubanks under consideration here.] [Note: Some researchers state that the Pvt. William Eubanks in Co. M, Adams'/Wood's Confederate Cavalry, is the William Franklin Eubanks under consideration here, but the William Eubanks in that command is actually William H. Eubanks and not the William Franklin Eubanks under consideration here. VA Confederate headstones are sometimes obtained with incorrect information inscribed thereon, and this is the case with the VA headstone that currently marks William Franklin Eubanks' grave. He never served in "Co. M, Adams' Regt., MS Cav., CSA" (aka the 1st MS Cavalry and aka Adams'/Wood's Confederate Cavalry; he only served in the 2nd Battalion AL Light Artillery, along with several of his brothers.) Buried in the Rocky Creek Cemetery, 30.94580 -88.51970, located on the E side of Rocky Creek Road at the intersection of that road and Harvey Welford Road, George County, MS, with a VA Confederate marker that incorrectly shows his service as having been in Adams'/Wood's Confederate Cavalry.

GRAVESITE NOT FOUND. Pvt. Andrew Evans (b. Greene County, MS, ca. 1838-d. Greene County, MS, after 1900), Co. A ("Gaines Warriors," aka "Capt. Henry Roberts' Company," raised in Greene & Perry Counties, MS), 24th MS Infantry. Enlisted Aug. 22, 1861, at Buck Creek, Greene County, MS, at appr. age 23. Present on Sept. 10, 1861, company muster roll. Present on Oct. 31, 1861, company muster roll. Discharged at Camp Helen, Savannah, GA, on Dec. 31, 1861, because of general disability, dyspepsia, and erysipelas (an acute skin infection). Southern Patriot! Laura Margaret Evans Davis filed a Confederate Widow's Pension application in George County, MS, in 1928, in which she stated that her husband ("Andrew Evans") was a Confederate soldier in the "24th MS Infantry." She also stated that he "was discharged on account of eyesight," which may be attributable to the erysipelas. Burial site not found, but Laura Margaret Evans Davis is buried in the Magnolia Garden Cemetery (aka the Lucedale Magnolia Garden Cemetery), 30.91500 -88.58670, located at the NE corner of the intersection of Lumpkin Street and MS Hwy. 613, Lucedale, George County, MS, so it is at least possible that Pvt. Andrew Evans is buried in the same cemetery in an unmarked grave. [At any rate, it is fairly certain that he is buried somewhere in George County, MS.]

Pvt. Tyra John Evans [found as "J.T. Evans" in the military records] (b. Greene County, MS, 1844-d. George County, MS, 1897), Co. C ("Capt. John D. Haynie's Company," aka "Capt. Thomas K. Emanuel's Company," and aka "Capt. John R. Schlater's/Sclater's Company," raised at Mobile, Mobile County, AL), 2nd (Hallonquist's) Battalion AL Light Artillery. Enlisted Sept. 16, 1864, at Mobile, Mobile County, AL, at age 20. Admitted on Oct. 20, 1864, to Ross Hospital, Mobile, Mobile County, AL, suffering from measles, and returned to duty on Nov. 10, 1864. Absent on Oct. 31, 1864, company muster roll, with notation "absent sick at hospital [since] Oct. 20, 1864." Served till war's end. Surrendered at the general surrender of CS forces in the mid-Confederacy (i.e., the "Western Theater") at Citronelle, AL, on May 4, 1865, and physically paroled at Meridian, Lauderdale County, MS, on May 10, 1865. Residence given on parole as Greene County, MS. Southern Patriot! Buried in the Evans Cemetery, 30.91170 - 88.55860, located on the W side of the road at appr. 182 Evanston Road, Evanston, George County, MS, with a private marker. Laura Evans filed a Confederate Widow's Pension application in George County, MS, in 1925, in which she did not state her husband's ("Tyra J. Evans") command, but correctly named his captain and his battalion's major. [Note: Some databases state that Pvt. Evans served in Co. A, 1st LA Cavalry, but he never served in that command.]

Pvt. Ellis Fairbanks, Jr. (b. Jackson County, MS, 1822-d. Jackson County, MS, 1900), "Capt. James White's Independent Company AL Cavalry," aka "Capt. D. McKellar's Independent Company AL Cavalry," which became Co. D, AL & FL Battalion Cavalry, and which finally became Co. K, 15th Confederate Cavalry. Enlisted Sept. 5, 1863, at Hall's Mills, Mobile County, AL, at age 40. Present on Oct. 1863 company muster roll. Absent on Dec. 1863 company muster roll, with notation "absent without leave." Ditto on April 30, 1864, company muster roll. Ditto on June 30, 1864, company muster roll. Returned to service and served till war's end. Surrendered at the general surrender of CS forces in the mid-Confederacy (i.e., the "Western Theater") at Citronelle, AL, on May 4, 1865, and physically paroled at Mobile, Mobile County, AL, on May 23, 1865. [Note: Even though he was listed on his parole as a private in Co. K, 15th Confederate Cavalry, he was actually paroled with the 9th (Miller's) MS Cavalry.] Residence given on parole as Jackson County, MS. Southern Patriot! Buried in the Fairbanks Cemetery, no directions found, located somewhere near Americus, but in George County, MS, with marker type (if any) undetermined.

TENTATIVE. SUPPORTED THE CONFEDERACY ECONOMICALLY. Corneillus "Neill" Fairley (b. NC, 1818-d. George County, MS, 1893) is possibly the "Neill Fairlee" who leased slaves to the Confederate Government. The pertinent information is supposed to be on "Slave Roll No. 2307," but I cannot access this information. I cannot be sure that the "Neill Fairlee" who leased his slaves to the Confederate Government is the same man as Corneillus "Neill" Fairley of George County, MS. Buried in the Hilltop Cemetery (aka Fairley Cemetery), 30.817985 -88.665463, located on the N side of Fairley Cemetery Road, appr. 800 ft. from that road's intersection with River Road, George County, MS, with a private marker. [Note: There are four cemeteries in George County that contain the name Fairley. These are the Fairley Cemetery (aka the Hilltop Cemetery, located at 30.817985 -88.665463), the Fairley Cemetery (aka the Judge John Fairley Cemetery), the Fairley Cemetery (aka the Joe P. Fairley Family Cemetery), and the Fairley-Herrington Cemetery.]

TENTATIVE. DID NOT SERVE MILITARILY, BUT SUPPORTED THE CONFEDERACY ECONOMICALLY. John Fairley, Jr., (b. prob. Jackson County, MS, 1823-d. Jackson County, MS, 1909) bartered 68 pounds of wool to the Confederate Quartermaster at Americus, Jackson County, MS, on Sept. 1, 1864, in exchange for 20 pounds of cotton yarn and 108 yards of cotton cloth. Wool was much in demand for the manufacture of woolen uniforms for the Confederate army. Southern Patriot! Buried in the Fairley Cemetery (aka the Judge John Fairley Cemetery), 30.8894 -88.7803, Benndale, George County, MS,

with a private marker. [Note: There are a number of additional Jackson County-area sales by "John Fairley" to the Confederate government that are likely to be by the same John Fairley, Jr.] [Note: There are four cemeteries in George County that contain the name Fairley. These are the Fairley Cemetery (aka the Hilltop Cemetery), the Fairley Cemetery (aka the Judge John Fairley Cemetery, 30.8894 - 88.7803, Benndale), the Fairley Cemetery (aka the Joe P. Fairley Family Cemetery), and the Fairley-Herrington Cemetery.]

DID NOT SERVE. John C. Fairley/Farley (b. Perry County, MS, 1850-d. George County, MS, 1922) is listed in some family genealogies as having been a Confederate soldier in Co. G ("Kennedy Guards," aka "Capt. Julius B. Kennedy's Company," raised in Perry County, MS), 27th MS Infantry, but they are confusing this young man with Pvt. John Carmichael Fairley, Sr., who is buried in the Fairley Cemetery in Perry County, MS. The John C. Fairley/Farley under consideration here was never a Confederate soldier. Buried in the Antioch Methodist Church Cemetery (aka the Antioch Cemetery), 30.84167 -88.78475, located on the SW side of the intersection of MS Hwy. 57 and Sim Reeves Loop, Benndale, George County, MS, with a private marker.

SERVICE NOT VERIFIED. GENEALOGY NOT FOUND. John Fairley, Jr. (b. Greene County, MS, 1832-d. George County, MS, 1913) is listed in some databases as having been a Confederate soldier in Co. I ("Stephens Guards," raised in Newton County, MS), 36th MS Infantry, but he has no service records in that command. While there are several MS CS soldiers named "John Fairley/Fairly" in various commands, I have been unable to match any of those to the John Fairley under consideration here. Buried in the Joe P. Fairley Family Cemetery (aka the Fairley Cemetery), 30.97853 -88.79046, located on the S side of appr. 6116 Salem School Road, Avent, George County, MS, with marker type (if any) undetermined. [Note: There are four cemeteries in George County that contain the name Fairley. These are the Fairley Cemetery (aka the Hilltop Cemetery), the Fairley Cemetery (aka the Judge John Fairley Cemetery), the Fairley Cemetery (aka the Joe P. Fairley Family Cemetery), and the Fairley-Herrington Cemetery.]

Pvt. William Harrison Finch (b. Coffee County, AL, 1843-d. George County, MS, 1925), Co. I ("Capt. Matthew Calvert's Company," raised in Wayne County, MS), 36th AL Infantry. Enlisted May 13, 1862, at Mount Vernon Arsenal, Mobile County, AL, at age 19. AL Dept. of Archives & History records show that he was living in Wayne County, MS, at the time of his enlistment. Only appears on a single record for this regiment -- a receipt for commutation of rations, dated Feb. 28, 1863, and paid for the period June 30-July 20 [1862?]. No other information in

his military file with this command. "W.H. Finch" filed a Confederate Pension application in George County, MS, in 1921, in which he stated that he was living in Choctaw County, AL, when he enlisted on April 5, 1862, that he was a Confederate soldier in Co. I, 36th AL Infantry, under Cols. Smith and Woodruff and Cpts. Calvert and Thompson, and that he was in service with his command when it surrendered on May 5, 1865, at "Resaca, GA." There is insufficient data in his surviving military records to either confirm or deny his service until war's end. Buried in the Finch Cemetery (aka the Finch Family Cemetery), 30.830210 - 88.515609, located on the W side of the intersection of MS Hwy. 613 and MS Hwy. 612, Agricola, George County, MS, with a Confederate marker. [Note: There are four cemeteries in George County, MS, that contain the name "Finch." These are the Finch Cemetery (aka the Bobby Finch Cemetery), the Finch Cemetery (aka the Finch Family Cemetery, 30.830210 -88.515609, located at the intersection of MS Hwy. 612 and MS Hwy. 613, N of Agricola), the Finch Cemetery (New Hope Church Road, E of Agricola), and the Finch Cemetery (South) (30.78940 -88.52110, Willie Finch Road).]

Pvt. Henry Flurry (b. MS, 1829-d. George County, MS, 1891), Co. D ("Capt. Stevens' Company," raised in Greene & Perry Counties, MS), 9th (Miller's) MS Cavalry. Late-war enlistee. Known only from his war's-end parole. Served till war's end. Surrendered at the general surrender of CS forces in the mid-Confederacy (i.e., the "Western Theater") at Citronelle, AL, on May 4, 1865, and physically paroled at Mobile, Mobile County, AL, on May 30, 1865. Residence given on parole as Jackson County, MS. Southern Patriot! Buried in the Old Flurry-Broome Cemetery (aka the Old Flurry Cemetery), 30.75530 -88.78080, the entrance to which (which leads down a dirt road to the W) is located at appr. 1270 Red Creek Road at a point on that road that lies appr. 200 ft. W of the intersection of that road with Tootle Road, George County, MS, with both a private and a Confederate marker. [Note: There are two cemeteries in George County, MS, that contain the name "Flurry." These are the Louis Flurry Cemetery and the Old Flurry-Broome Cemetery (aka the Flurry Cemetery and aka the Old Flurry Cemetery).] [Note: Some databases state that Henry Flury/Flurry served in Co. D ("Covington Farmers," raised in Covington County, MS), 2nd (Quinn's) MS Infantry Minute Men (State Troops), but he has no records in that command and never served in same.]

TENTATIVE. DID NOT SERVE MILITARILY, BUT SUPPORTED THE SOUTH ECONOMICALLY. Henry Flurry (b. AL, 1797-d. Jackson County, MS, after 1860). "H. Flurry" bartered "24 lbs. [of] unwashed wool" for "15 lbs. of

Cotton Yarn" and "22 1/2 Yards of Cotton Cloth" to the Confederate Quartermaster at Americus, Jackson County, MS, on July 1, 1864, and bartered "7 3/4 lbs. [of] washed wool" to the same Quartermaster at Americus, Jackson County, MS, on July 15, 1864, in exchange for "15 3/4 Yards of Cotton Cloth," with said wool being in great demand in order to make uniforms for the Confederate armed forces. Southern Patriot! Buried in the Old Flurry-Broome Cemetery (aka the Old Flurry Cemetery), 30.75530 -88.78080, the entrance to which (which leads down a dirt road to the W) is located at appr. 1270 Red Creek Road at a point on that road that lies appr. 200 ft. W of the intersection of that road with Tootle Road, George County, MS, with a plaque commemorating his and other family members' probable burials in this cemetery.

Pvt. John Sanford Foster (b. Jones County, MS, 1835-d. George County, MS, 1936), Co. H ("Capt. W.W. McMillan's Company," raised in Monroe County, AL), 17th AL Infantry. [Note: This command, like many AL commands, is exceedingly poorly documented.] No enlistment date/data, though the regiment was formed at Montgomery, AL, in August 1861. Pvt. Foster said in his Confederate Pension application that he enlisted in March or May 1861 (probably in Mobile, Mobile County, AL, where there was a CS recruiting office). Known officially only from a single medical record in his military file. Admitted June 6, 1864, to Ocmulgee Hospital, Macon, Bibb County, GA, suffering from acute diarrhea, and returned to duty the next day (June 7, 1864). This medical record gives his residence as "Mobile [Mobile County, AL]." According to his Confederate Pension application, he was paroled in NC at war's end. From his existing records, I can neither confirm nor deny whether he served till war's end. "John S. Foster" and/or "J.S. Foster" filed Confederate Pension applications in George County, MS, in 1916, 1922, & 1924, in which he stated (variously) that he enlisted in March (or May) 1861, while living in Greene County, MS, into Co. H [Capt. W.W. McMillan], 17th AL Infantry, commanded by Col. Holcomb [Lt. Col. Edward P. Holcombe], that he served four years and one month, that he was never discharged from his command, that he was in active service with his command when it surrendered at "Goldsboro" [Greensboro?], NC, and that "while I was in service, the horses threw me on carriage of cannon and broke my right shoulder." Celebrated in newspapers in the 1930's as an old Confederate veteran. Buried in the Refuge Methodist Church Cemetery, 30.82190 -88.62420, located on the S side of appr. 2150 Basin-Refuge Road (on the W side of the church), George County, MS, with a Confederate marker.

DID NOT SERVE. William Jesse Fowler [also found in family genealogy as "Jesse William Fowler"] (b. prob. Pike County, AL, 1851-d. George County, MS,

1932) is listed in some databases as having been a Confederate soldier in Co. A ("Citizen Guards," aka "Capt. Sol G. Street's Company," and aka "Capt. W.W. Rutherford's Company," raised in Tippah County, MS), 2nd MS Cavalry (State Troops), but he never served in that command or any other CS command. One reason he did not serve is that researchers have confused his birth year: He was born in 1851, not 1841, as many have previously assumed. Additionally, he was living in Pike County, AL, in 1860, and did not cross the state line to enlist in a MS command in 1862 at age 10 or 11. Buried in the Magnolia Garden Cemetery (aka the Lucedale Magnolia Garden Cemetery), 30.91500 -88.58670, located at the NE corner of the intersection of Lumpkin Street and MS Hwy. 613, Lucedale, George County, MS, in an unmarked grave.

YANKEE SOLDIER, NOT CONFEDERATE SOLDIER. Pvt. Charles Lemuel Fryant [found in the military records as "Lemuel C. Friant"] (b. Lucas County, OH, 1846-d. George County, MS, 1926), Co. E (raised in Jackson County, MI), 3rd Michigan Cavalry. Enlisted at age 18. Buried in the New Hope Cemetery (aka the New Hope Missionary Baptist Church Cemetery), 30.80750 -88.50830, located on the S side of appr. 200 New Hope Church Road, Agricola, George County, MS, with a private marker.

Pvt. Daniel Sidney Frye [found as "Daniel Fry" in the military records] (b. Greene County, MS, 1836-d. George County, MS, 1919), "Capt. Gillis' Company Independent MS Cavalry" (raised in Perry County, MS), which became Co. E, 3rd Battalion MS Cavalry Reserves. Enlisted Aug. 20, 1864, at Augusta, Perry County, MS, at age 28. Present on Aug. 20, 1864, company muster roll. No further information in his military file with this reserve command. Southern Patriot! Buried in the Evans Cemetery, 30.91170 -88.55860, located on the W side of the road at appr. 182 Evanston Road, Evanston, George County, MS, with a private marker.

Pvt. Isaac Gardner (b. prob. Jackson County, MS, ca. 1846-d. George County, MS, unknown year), (Old) Co. A/(New) Co. E ("Capt. John F. Story's Company," aka "Capt. R.J. Thurmond's Company," raised in Itawamba County, MS), (3rd) Ashcraft's Battalion MS Cavalry. Late-war enlistee. No enlistment date/data. Known only from his war's end parole. Served until war's end. Surrendered at the general surrender of CS forces in the mid-Confederacy (i.e., the "Western Theater") at Citronelle, AL, on May 4, 1865, and physically paroled at Mobile, Mobile County, AL, on June 1, 1865. Residence given on parole as Jackson County, MS. Southern Patriot! Buried in the Magnolia Garden Cemetery (aka the Lucedale Magnolia Garden Cemetery), 30.91500 -88.58670, located at the NE

corner of the intersection of Lumpkin Street and MS Hwy. 613, Lucedale, George County, MS, with marker type (if any) undetermined.

Pvt. Isaac Gardner (b. prob. Jackson County, MS, 1842-d. Jackson County, MS, 1906), "Capt. Gillis' Company Independent MS Cavalry" (raised in Perry County, MS), which became Co. E, 3rd Battalion MS Cavalry Reserves. Enlisted Aug. 20, 1864, at Augusta, Perry County, MS, at age 21. Present on Aug. 20, 1864, company muster roll. No further information in his military file with this reserve command. Southern Patriot! Buried in the Gardner Cemetery, 30.876667 - 88.608056, appr. 141 Rogers Smith Road, George County, MS, with a private marker.

SERVICE CLARIFIED. Pvt. David Gibson (b. Greene County, MS, 1845-d. George County, MS, 1929), "Capt. John W. Murrell's Independent Company AL Cavalry" (raised in Mobile County, AL), which became Co. C, Murphy's Battalion AL Cavalry, which became Co. H, 1st AL & FL Cavalry, which was also known as the 15th Confederate Cavalry. No enlistment date/data, but, according to his Confederate Pension Application, he enlisted in the spring of 1864 at age 18 or 19. Served till war's end. Surrendered at the general surrender of CS forces in the mid-Confederacy (i.e., the "Western Theater") at Citronelle, AL, on May 4, 1865, and physically paroled at Mobile, Mobile County, AL, on May 22, 1865. Residence given on parole as Greene County, MS. Southern Patriot! Buried in the Magnolia Garden Cemetery (aka the Lucedale Magnolia Garden Cemetery), 30.91500 - 88.58670, located at the NE corner of the intersection of Lumpkin Street and MS Hwy. 613, Lucedale, George County, MS, with a Confederate marker that shows the wrong unit (48th MS Infantry) and belongs on another Southern Patriot's grave because the Pvt. David Gibson under consideration here served in the 15th Confederate Cavalry. "David Gibson" filed a Confederate Pension application in George County, MS, in 1923, in which he stated that he was enlisted in the spring of 1864 into the "15th Confederate Reg.," which turned out to be the 15th Confederate Cavalry. Virginia A. Gibson filed a Confederate Widow's Pension application in George County, MS, in 1930, in which she stated that her husband ("David Gibson") was a Confederate soldier in the "15th Confederate Reg." "Mrs. David Gibson" filed for a VA Confederate marker for her husband in 1930, but she did not specify his unit on the application. The VA looked through its records and assigned him to Co. H, 48th MS Infantry, then made his marker accordingly. Why Virginia A. Gibson did not state that her husband had served in the 15th MS Infantry is a mystery. [Note: The Pvt. David Gibson under consideration here never served in Co. H ("Vicksburg Volunteers," raised in Warren County, MS), 48th MS Infantry. The David Gibson who served in that command is an entirely

different soldier and is buried at Antioch Baptist Church Cemetery in Warren County, MS.]

Pvt. John Calvin Gibson [found as "J.C. Gibson" in the military records] (b. AL, 1841-d. George County, MS, after 1910), Co. E ("Capt. John G. Cleveland's Company," aka "Capt. Washington Lott's Company," raised in Mobile County, AL), 36th AL Infantry. [Note: Like many AL commands, this command is extremely poorly documented.] No enlistment date/data in his National Archives service records, but civilwardata.com says that he enlisted on Aug. 12, 1861 (almost certainly in Mobile County, AL) . Certainly enlisted prior to May 19, 1863, as he received a clothing issue on that date at Manchester, Coffee County, TN. Received another clothing issue for the 2nd Quarter 1864 on unspecified date at unspecified place (but almost certainly in NW GA). Served till war's end. Surrendered at the general surrender of CS forces in the mid-Confederacy (i.e., the "Western Theater") at Citronelle, AL, on May 4, 1865, and physically paroled at Mobile, Mobile County, AL, on May 14, 1865. Residence given on parole as Mobile County, AL. Southern Patriot! Buried in the Magnolia Garden Cemetery (aka the Lucedale Magnolia Garden Cemetery), 30.91500 -88.58670, located at the NE corner of the intersection of Lumpkin Street and MS Hwy. 613, Lucedale, George County, MS, in an unmarked grave.

SERVICE NOT VERIFIED. John T. Gibson (b. Greene County, MS, 1832-d. Greene County, MS, 1893) is listed in some databases as having been a Confederate soldier in "Capt. W.G. Mullen's Company of Scouts & Sharpshooters (Louisiana)," aka "Capt. Louis S. Greenlee's Company," raised in Orleans Parish, LA, which became Co. H, 14th Confederate Cavalry, but he has no service records in that command or any other MS CS command. Buried in the Gibson Family Cemetery, 30.78390 -88.65530, located about 300 ft. S of appr. 1230 River Road (or about 300 ft. S of a point on River Road that lies appr. 400 ft. SE of that road's junction with Tom Hempstead Road), George County, MS, with a private marker.

Pvt. William M. Graham (b. Jackson County, MS, 1838-d. Jackson County, MS, 1909), "Twiggs' Rifles" (aka "Capt. H.B. Griffin's Independent Company of MS Volunteers," raised in Jackson County, MS), which became Co. L, 27th MS Infantry. Enlisted June 3, 1862, at Mobile, Mobile County, AL, at age 24. Present on June 1862 company muster roll. "Wounded and left at Perryville, KY, Oct. 8, 1862," according to the Feb. 1863 company muster roll; April 1863 company muster roll confirms that he was left "by order of [the] Regimental Surgeon." [Note: This would have been at the Battle of Perryville, KY, which occurred on the stated date.] Federal POW records show that he was captured on Oct. 9, 1862, the

day after the battle. Forwarded for exchange on Jan. 27, 1863, from Military Prison, Louisville, KY, to Fort McHenry, Baltimore, MD. Arrived as a POW at Fort McHenry, Baltimore, MD, on Jan. 31, 1863. Admitted to U.S.A. General Hospital, Calvert Street, Baltimore, MD, on Jan. 31, 1863, probably to have his wound ("gunshot wound, leg") treated, and apparently returned to POW population same day. Pursuant to exchange, paroled at Fort McHenry, Baltimore, MD, and forwarded Fortress Monroe, Hampton Roads, VA, same day. Physically exchanged at City Point, VA (on the James River, near Richmond, VA), on Feb. 2, 1863. Admitted same day to General Hospital, Petersburg, VA, suffering from a gunshot wound to his left thigh (i.e., his Perryville wound). Furloughed from said hospital for 40 days, commencing on Feb. 21, 1863. Present with his command again on the Feb. 1864 company muster roll. It is unclear whether Pvt. Graham was able to continue in service, as he appears on no further records with this command. On April 9, 1865, for purposes of surrender at war's end, the 27th MS Infantry was consolidated with the 24th MS Infantry, the 29th MS Infantry, the 30th MS Infantry, & the 34th MS Infantry to form the 24th Consolidated MS Infantry. Pvt. Graham does not have a war's-end parole with this consolidated command. Buried in the Old King Cemetery (aka the Graham Family Cemetery, aka the Cowart Cemetery, and aka the O'Neal Cemetery), specific directions/location not available, but said to be located on private property just off Turner Whittington Road in the SW corner of George County, Benndale, George County, MS, in an unmarked grave. [Note: There are three cemeteries in George County, MS, that contain the name "Cowart." These are the Byrd-Cowart Cemetery, 30.84080 -88.85250, located in the woods, appr. 250 ft. S of a point on Firth Littlefield Road that lies appr. 1200 ft. W of that road's intersection with Gene Sumrall Road; the Cowart Cemetery, 30.90610 -88.46750, located appr. 600 ft. N of the intersection of US Hwy. 98 and Beaver Creek Road, Shipman; and, the Old King Cemetery (aka the Graham Family Cemetery, aka the Cowart Cemetery, and aka the O'Neal Cemetery), no GPS, but said to be located on private property just off Turner Whittington Road, Benndale, in the SW corner of George County.]

Pvt./4th Sgt. David Havard (b. Jackson County, MS, 1829-d. Jackson County, MS, 1877), Co. A ("Capt. Abner C. Steede's Company," aka "Capt. Murdock McInnis' Company," raised in Jackson County, MS), 17th (Steede's) Battalion MS Cavalry. Enlisted March 19, 1862, in Jackson County, MS, at age 32. On March 1, 1863, he was transferred to "Co. E ("Capt. Mayers' Company," raised in Harrison County, MS), 17th (Steede's) Battalion MS Cavalry. Absent on June 30, 1863, company muster roll, with notation "detailed [to] work on flat boats at Winchester [Wayne County], Miss., [on] May 17, 1863." Present on Dec. 1863 company muster roll. On Dec. 24, 1863, Steede's Battalion was consolidated with other commands to

became the 9th (Miller's) MS Cavalry, with Co. E of Steede's Battalion becoming Co. C of the 9th (Miller's) MS Cavalry. Found on the rolls of the 9th MS Cavalry as both David Havard and, through a transcription error, as David Harard (sic). Promoted to 4th Sgt. sometime before the Dec. 1864 company muster roll. Absent on Dec. 1864 company muster roll, with notation "detailed after clothing for company." Served till war's end. Surrendered at the general surrender of CS forces in the mid-Confederacy (i.e., the "Western Theater") at Citronelle, AL, on May 4, 1865, and physically paroled at Mobile, Mobile County, AL, on May 23, 1865. Residence given on parole as Jackson County, MS. Southern Patriot! Buried in the Shady Grove Cemetery, 30.87970 -88.65780, located on the S side of the road at appr. 14000 MS Hwy. 26, Crossroads, Lucedale, George County, MS, with a Confederate marker.

SERVICE NOT VERIFIED. James Gavin Havard (b. Greene County, MS, 1849-d. George County, MS, 1904) is listed in some databases as having been a Confederate soldier in Co. A ("Gaines Warriors," aka "Capt. Henry Roberts' Company," raised in Greene & Perry Counties, MS), 24th MS Infantry, but he has no service records in that command or any other MS, AL, or CS command. I do not believe that he was ever a Confederate soldier. Buried in the William Reeves Cemetery (aka Farnsworth Cemetery ?), 30.86330 -88.77630, located appr. 1200 ft. S of 172 Eubanks Drive, Benndale, George County, MS, with a private marker. [Note: He is listed in some databases as being buried in the Farnsworth Cemetery, Leaf, Greene County, MS, but I can find no such cemetery. This man's name and service information match other databases.] [Note: There are five cemeteries in George County, MS, that contain the name "Reeves" in their titles. These are the Reeves Family Cemetery, 30.82232 -88.76413, with no direct access, located appr. 3500 ft. E of the intersection of State Hwy. 57 and Wilton Byrd Road; the Reeves-Carter Cemetery, 30.83501 -88.78367, located appr. 150 ft. NNW of the intersection of George Allen Road and Cindy's Lane; the Reeves-Smith Cemetery, 30.831020 -88.785990, at the W terminus of Reeves-Smith Cemetery Road; the Benjamin Reeves Cemetery (aka Buzzard Roost Cemetery), no GPS, no directions found; and, the William Reeves Cemetery (aka Farnsworth Cemetery ?), 30.86330 -88.77630, located appr. 1200 ft. S of 172 Eubanks Drive, Benndale.]

Pvt. John Havard (b. Greene County, MS, 1848-d. George County, MS, 1930), Co. A ("Capt. Abner C. Steede's Company," aka "Capt. Murdock McInnis' Company," raised in Jackson County, MS), 17th (Steede's) Battalion MS Cavalry. Enlisted March 19, 1862, in Jackson County, MS, at age 14. On March 1, 1863, he was transferred to "Co. E ("Capt. Mayers' Company," raised in Harrison County, MS), 17th (Steede's) Battalion MS Cavalry. Absent on June 30, 1863, company muster

roll, with notation "detailed [to] work on flat boats at Winchester [Wayne County], Miss., [on] May 17, 1863." Present on Dec. 1863 company muster roll. On Dec. 24, 1863, Steede's Battalion was consolidated with other commands to become the 9th (Miller's) MS Cavalry, with Co. E of Steede's Battalion becoming Co. C of the 9th (Miller's) MS Cavalry. Through a transcription error, Pvt. Havard is found on the rolls of the 9th MS Cavalry as Pvt. John Harard (sic). Present on Dec. 1864 company muster roll. Served till war's end. Surrendered at the general surrender of CS forces in the mid-Confederacy (i.e., the "Western Theater") at Citronelle, AL, on May 4, 1865, and physically paroled at Mobile, Mobile County, AL, on May 22, 1865. Residence given incorrectly on parole as Mobile County, AL. Southern Patriot! Buried in the Rocky Creek Cemetery, 30.94580 -88.51970, located on the E side of Rocky Creek Road at the intersection of that road and Harvey Welford Road, George County, MS, with a VA Federal/Yankee-style marker that reads "PVT CO E 17TH BN" (i.e., "17th Battalion," with no state or national affiliation given), but that has, however, had "CSA" inscribed thereon.

SERVICE NOT VERIFIED. Thomas Jefferson Havard (b. Jackson County, MS, 1841-d. George County, MS, 1934) is listed in some databases as having been a Confederate soldier in Co. A ("Gaines Warriors," aka "Capt. Henry Roberts' Company," raised in Greene & Perry Counties, MS), 24th MS Infantry, but he has no service records in that command or any other MS CS command. Neither he nor his widow ever filed a Confederate Pension application. I do not believe that he was ever a Confederate soldier. Buried in the Shady Grove Cemetery, 30.87970 - 88.65780, located on the S side of the road at appr. 14000 MS Hwy. 26, Crossroads, Lucedale, George County, MS, with marker type (if any) undetermined.

Pvt. John W. Hawkins (b. prob. Jasper County, MS, ca. 1837-d. George County, MS, 1906***), Co. D ("Enterprise Tigers," aka "Capt. Whitman C. Turner's Company," raised in Clarke County, MS), 37th MS Infantry. Enlisted March 7, 1862, at Enterprise, Clarke County, MS, at age 25. Present on April 30, 1862, company muster roll. Present on June 1862 company muster roll. Present on Aug. 1862 company muster roll. Oct. 1862 company muster roll states "deserted Sept. 25, 1862," but has the subsequent notation "the men mentioned above as deserters have been pardoned and are now on duty with the company. (signed) F.S. Pickel, Lt. Commanding [the] company." Present on Dec. 1862 company muster roll. Present on Feb. 1863 company muster roll. Present on Oct. 31, 1863, company muster roll. Present on Dec. 1863 company muster roll. Present on Feb. 1864 company muster roll. Present on Aug. 31, 1864, company muster roll. Captured Dec. 15, 1864, at the horrific Battle of Nashville, TN, and forwarded as a POW to

Military Prison, Louisville, KY, and then to notorious Camp Douglas, IL, POW Camp, where it was official Yankee policy to starve Confederate POW's in order to render them unfit for field service upon exchange. Arrived at Camp Douglas, IL, on Dec. 23, 1864. Released from Camp Douglas, IL, POW Camp at war's end on June 19, 1865. Notation on parole gives his residence as Jasper County, MS. Southern Patriot! Buried in the Ball Cemetery (aka the Buck Ball Cemetery and aka the Bexley Cemetery), 30.98860 -88.66470, located on the E side of Bexley Road North, at a point on that road that lies appr. 1500 ft. S of that road's junction with Jetts Lane, Bexley, George County, MS, with a Confederate marker. [Note: There are two cemeteries in George County, MS, that have the family name "Ball" in their titles. These are the Ball Cemetery (aka the Buck Ball Cemetery and aka the Bexley Cemetery) (30.98860 -88.66470, Bexley Road North, Bexley) and the Ball Cemetery (30.993158 -88.680915, McInnis Lane, about 3 mi. W of Lucedale).] [***Note: Death year taken from his VA Confederate marker application, applied for in 1940 by Mrs. Miley McLeod.]

SUPPORTED THE CONFEDERACY BOTH ECONOMICALLY AND MILITARILY. Godfrey Helverston (b. Jackson County, MS, 1816-d. Jackson County, MS, 1893) supported the Confederacy by bartering "(110) One hundred & ten Pounds [of] unwashed wool" to the Confederate Quartermaster at Americus, Jackson County, MS, for "seventy five pounds of cotton yarn" on Aug. 5, 1864. Wool was in short supply and was desperately needed in order to make woolen uniforms for the Confederate Army. Pvt. Godfrey Helverston [found as "Godfrey Helverson" in the military records] served in "Capt. Gillis' Company Independent MS Cavalry" (raised in Perry County, MS), which became Co. E, 3rd Battalion MS Cavalry Reserves. Enlisted Aug. 20, 1864, at Augusta, Perry County, MS, at age 48. Served till war's end. Surrendered at the general surrender of CS forces in the mid-Confederacy (i.e., the "Western Theater") at Citronelle, AL, on May 4, 1865, and physically paroled at Columbus, Lowndes County, MS, on May 16, 1865. Residence given on parole as Jackson County, MS. Southern Patriot! Buried in the Gibson Family Cemetery, 30.78390 -88.65530, located about 300 ft. S of appr. 1230 River Road (or about 300 ft. S of a point on River Road that lies appr. 400 ft. SE of that road's junction with Tom Hempstead Road), George County, MS, with a private marker. [Note: Some databases state that Godfrey Helverston was a Confederate soldier in Co. I ("Harris' Rebels," raised in Leake County, MS) or Co. L ("Twiggs' Rifles," raised in Jackson County, MS), 27th MS Infantry, but he never served in that regiment/those companies and has no service records in same.]

SERVICE CLARIFIED. James Helveston*** (b. Jackson County, MS, 1845-d. Jackson County, MS, 1910) is listed in some databases (and in his widow's

Confederate Widow's Pension applications) as having been a private in Co. G ("Grenada Rifles," aka "Capt. W.S. Statham's Company," and aka "Capt. E.R. Armistead's Company," and aka "Capt. Jonah Drummond's Company," and aka "Capt. Jonathan J. Gage's Company," raised in Yalobusha County, MS), 15th MS Infantry, but he has no service records in that company and command and never served in same. However, he was a Confederate soldier. He was a private in "Twiggs' Rifles" (aka "Capt. H.B. Griffin's Independent Company of MS Volunteers," raised in Jackson County, MS), which became Co. L, 27th MS Infantry. Enlisted at "East Pascagoula," Jackson County, MS, on Oct. 2, 1861, at age 16. Discharged for "disability" at Mobile, Mobile County, AL, on May 29, 1862. [Note: "Twiggs' Rifles" may have been attached to the 8th MS Infantry at the time that Pvt. Helveston was discharged, as his discharge paper states that he was, at the time, a private in "Capt. H.B. Griffin's Company, 8th MS [Infantry]." Young Southern Patriot! Did not re-enlist into any other command later in the war. Buried in the Byrd-Helveston Cemetery [aka Helveston Family Cemetery], 30.80390 -88.66060, located on the N side of River Road at a point on that road that lies appr. 900 ft. E of that road's junction with Albritton Lane, George County, MS, with a private marker. [***Note: Name is carried in some databases as "Helverston," but his tombstone reads "Helveston" and his widow used "Helveston" in her Confederate Widow's pension application.] Lydia Helveston filed Confederate Widow's Pension applications in George County, MS, in 1923 & 1924, in which she erroneously stated that her husband ("James Helveston") was a Confederate soldier in Co. G, 15th MS Infantry, that he enlisted in the spring of 1863, and that he was in active service when the final surrender came. She also confused his actual colonel in the 27th MS Infantry as having been his company captain.

1st Corp./5th Sgt. Peter Helveston [found as "Peter Helverston," "Peter Helveston," and "P. Helverton" in the military records] (b. Jackson County, MS, 1843-died in service***, Atlanta, Cobb County, GA, 1863), "Twiggs' Rifles" (aka "Capt. H.B. Griffin's Independent Company of MS Volunteers," raised in Jackson County, MS), which became Co. L, 27th MS Infantry. Enlisted as 1st Corp. on Oct. 2, 1861, at Pascagoula, Jackson County, MS, at age 17 or 18. Present on Oct. 31, 1861, company muster roll. Present as 5th Sgt. on June 1862 company muster roll, with notation "promoted from 1st Corp. to 5th Sgt." Absent on Oct. 31, 1862, company muster roll, with notation "absent sick." Present on Feb. 1863 company muster roll. Present on April 1863 company muster roll. While no surviving record states his cause of death, it is almost certain that Sgt. Helveston was mortally wounded at the horrific Battle of Chickamauga, Walker County, GA, Sept. 18-20, 1863. A "List of money and effects left by deceased soldiers" shows

that he died on Oct. 6, 1863, in Fair Ground Hospital No. 1, Atlanta, GA, with cause of death not specified (but surely from wounds received at the Battle of Chickamauga). A National Archives "Reference Card" states "P. Helverton (sic), Co. L, 27th Miss. Died Oct. 31, 1863. See Manuscript No. 1999, Page 5." [Note: I think the Oct. 31 date is just the date that the report was compiled at month's end and not his actual death date.] Appears on a "Register of Effects of Deceased Soldiers, turned over to Quartermasters, C.S.A.," with notation that he left \$14.35; this register is undated except for the year -- "1863." Appears on an undated "Register of Officers and Soldiers of the Army of the Confederate States who were killed in battle or who died of wounds or disease," with no additional information given regarding his death. Southern Patriot! Buried in the Gibson Family Cemetery, 30.78390 -88.65530, located about 300 ft. S of appr. 1230 River Road (or about 300 ft. S of a point on River Road that lies appr. 400 ft. SE of that road's junction with Tom Hempstead Road), George County, MS, with marker type (if any) undetermined (though some databases state that he has a Confederate marker). [Note: Some databases mistakenly cite this cemetery as the "Gypson Cemetery," but it is the Gibson Family Cemetery.] [Note: His find-a-grave page says "killed in action," but it is more likely that he was mortally wounded at the Battle of Chickamauga, GA, and died in hospital at Atlanta, GA, a few weeks later.] [Note: Some family researchers state that he died as a POW at Louisville, KY, but this is definitely not the case; these researchers are understandably confusing the Peter Helveston under consideration here with the Peter Helveston discussed in the next note.] [Note: There was also a Pvt. Peter Helveston in Co. B, 27th MS Infantry, but Pvt. Peter Harveston of Co. B and Sgt. Peter Harveston of Co. L are two different people.]

TENTATIVE. Pvt. John Milton Herrington [found as "John C. Herrington," "J.C. Herrington," and "John H. Herrington" in the military records, and also as "John Melton Herrington" in H. Grady Howell's best-ever index to all known MS CS soldiers] (b. prob. Jackson County, MS, 1825-d. Jackson County, MS, 1881), Co. A ("Live Oak Rifles," aka "Capt. James B. McRae's Company," raised in Jackson County, MS), 3rd MS Infantry. Enlisted March 13, 1862, at Handsboro (now Gulfport), Harrison County, MS, at age 36. Present on Sept. 1, 1862, company muster roll. Absent on Oct. 1862 company muster roll, with notation "absent at Jackson, Miss." [probably meaning Jackson County, MS, and not Jackson Hinds County, MS]. Present on March 1, 1863, company muster roll. Admitted April 4, 1863, to General Hospital, Enterprise, Clarke County, MS, with medical complaint not specified, and present on that hospital's muster roll on April 30, 1863. Absent on Aug. 1863 company muster roll, with notation "absent sick in hospital." Ditto on Oct. 1863 company muster roll. Present on Dec. 1863 company muster roll.

Present on April 1864 company muster roll. Present on Aug. 1864 company muster roll. Wounded at the disastrous Battle of Nashville, TN, on Dec. 15, 1864, and captured at Franklin, TN, on Dec. 17, 1864, as the Confederate Army fell back from its terrible defeat at Nashville. Forwarded as a POW to Nashville, TN, and admitted on Dec. 26, 1864, in that city to No. 1, U.S.A. General Hospital, suffering from a "simple flesh wound of the left hip" caused by a "conical ball" at the Battle of Nashville, TN, on Dec. 15, 1864. Forwarded to the Yankee Provost Marshal at Nashville, TN, for transportation to a POW Camp on Jan. 3, 1865. Forwarded to Military Prison, Louisville, KY, and, finally, to notorious Camp Chase, OH, POW Camp, where it was official Yankee policy to starve Confederate POW's in order to render them unfit for field service upon exchange. Arrived at Camp Chase, OH, POW Camp on Jan. 11, 1865. [Absent on Feb. 28, 1865, company muster roll, with notation "wounded and taken prisoner at Franklin, Tenn., Dec. 17, 1864."] Released at war's end from Camp Chase, OH, POW Camp after first having taken the required Oath of Allegiance to the US. Southern Patriot! Buried in the Fairley-Herrington Cemetery, 30.73852 -88.70545, with a private marker. Directions: From its terminus at Cypress Creek, take Berry Road east for appr. 1800 ft., to a point where it makes a sharp right-hand turn to the N. At this point, an unnamed dirt road leads SW from Berry Road. Take this dirt road for about 500 ft., until you are about 100 ft. before that road's intersection with another dirt road that comes in from the N. The cemetery is appr. 50 ft. into the wood on the N side of the dirt road that branched off from Berry Road. [Note: There are four cemeteries in George County that contain the name Fairley. These are the Fairley Cemetery (aka the Hilltop Cemetery), the Fairley Cemetery (aka the Judge John Fairley Cemetery), the Fairley Cemetery (aka the Joe P. Fairley Family Cemetery), and the Fairley-Herrington Cemetery (30.73852 -88.70545).] Mary Emiline Herrington filed a Confederate Widow's Pension application in George County, MS, in 1920, in which she did not state her husband's ("John Milton Herrington") command, but gave his correct death date and the name of the Yankee POW Camp from which he was released at war's end. [Note: Some family researchers maintain that John Milton Herrington is the John Harrington of Co. H ("Capt. Angus Ray Fairly's Company," raised in Jones & Wayne Counties, MS), 5th (Robinson's) MS Infantry (State Troops) (1862-1863), but they are not one and the same. John Milton Herrington never served in the 5th (Robinson's) MS Infantry (State Troops) (1862-1863).]

Pvt. Thomas Holland (b. FL, 1815-d. Jackson County, MS, 1890), "Capt. Gillis' Company Independent MS Cavalry" (raised in Perry County, MS), which became Co. E, 3rd Battalion MS Cavalry Reserves. Enlisted Aug. 15, 1864, at Augusta, Perry County, MS, at age 48. Present on Aug. 20, 1864 company muster roll. No

further information in his military file with this command. Southern Patriot!
Buried in the Crossroads United Methodist Church Cemetery, 30.88583 -88.71083, located behind the eponymous church at the NW corner of the intersection of MS State Hwy. 26 & Crossroads Road, Crossroads, George County, MS, with a private marker. [Note: There are 2 cemeteries that bear the name "Crossroads" in George County, MS. They are the Crossroads United Methodist Church Cemetery and the Crossroads Free Pentecostal Church Cemetery.]

SERVICE NOT VERIFIED. Abner Benjamin Hollman (b. MS, 1847-d. George County, MS, 1949) is listed on some databases (and possibly on his headstone) as having been a Confederate soldier (variously as either a private or a captain) in either Co. H, 34th MS Infantry, or Co. H, 34th MS Militia, but he has no service records in the 34th MS Infantry and there never was a 34th MS Militia. His find-a-grave page says "MS Regt. Capt. CSA," but MS Division Sons of Confederate Veterans page says "Pvt., Co. H, 34th MS Infantry." Another of his three find-a-grave pages says "MS. REG CAPT (John Gillis) C.S.A., but the only soldier in Capt. Gillis' battalion was Pvt. A.J. Hallman, not Pvt. A.B. Hollman/Hollmon. I do not believe that he was ever a Confederate soldier. His reputation as a Confederate soldier seems to stem from a newspaper article written about him on his 100th birthday and from his obituary, both of which state that he was a Confederate soldier, but neither of which specifies his supposed command. Buried in the Macedonia Missionary Baptist Church Cemetery, 30.95500 -88.44170, located on the W side of appr. 4700 Brushy Creek Road (on the N side of Macedonia Missionary Baptist Church), George County, MS, with a private marker inscribed "Pvt., Co. H, 34th Ms. Militia, Civil War Veteran."

SERVICE NOT VERIFIED. John Jackson Howard (b. FL, 1831-d. George County, MS, 1909) is listed in some databases as having been a Confederate soldier in Co. A, 12th FL Infantry, but there never was a 12th FL Infantry in Confederate service. The National Archives lists no John J. Howard, John Howard, or J.J. Howard in FL CS service. Buried in the Howard Cemetery, 30.97310 -88.67110, located at the end of Boday Lane, which branches off to the NW from Bexley Road South at a point on Bexley Road South that lies appr. 2000 ft. W of that road's junction with US Hwy. 98, with a private marker, though some sources state that he has a Confederate marker. [Note: The marker in this cemetery for John Jackson Howard (1897-1952) is for a WWI veteran. One Alta Murphy Howard ordered the marker from the VA in 1952 and the marker was clearly intended for a WWI veteran. The marker is not for a Confederate veteran; it even has "US Army" inscribed on it. I have found nothing to support the older John Jackson Howard's having been a Confederate soldier and have no information on

where the "Co. A, 12th FL Infantry (CSA)" might come from other than, perhaps, an erroneous listing in the MS CS Graves Registry by a misinformed descendant.]

VERY, VERY TENTATIVE. Pvt. Caleb Monroe Howell [found as "C. Howell" in the military records] (b. Jackson County, MS, 1847-d. George County, MS, 1941), Co. C ("Capt. Benjamin Lafayette Lampley's Company," raised in Kemper County, MS), 1st (Denis') Battalion MS Cavalry Reserves, which became Co. C, 1st (Denis') MS Cavalry Reserves. Enlisted July 16, 1864, in Rankin County, MS (probably at a recruiting office), at age 17. Present on Aug. 4, 1864, company muster roll. No further information in his military file with this command. [Note: It is possible that the Aug. 4, 1864, company muster roll is the only such roll extant for this command.] Southern Patriot! Buried in the Caleb Monroe Howell Family Cemetery, located at appr. 30.880985 -88.681591 (exact GPS not known), or about 900 ft. NW of a barn located at a point on Henry Howell Loop that lies appr. 500 ft. N of that road's intersection with Silver Maple Lane, Crossroads, George County, MS, with a private marker.

Pvt. James B. Howell [found as "James Howell" in the military records] (b. prob. Jackson County, MS, 1828-d. Jackson County, MS, 1899), Co. A ("Capt. Abner C. Steede's Company," aka "Capt. Murdock McInnis' Company," raised in Jackson County, MS), 17th (Steede's) Battalion MS Cavalry. Enlisted March 19, 1862, in Jackson County, MS, at age 33. [Note: In 1863, this company was temporarily dismounted and attached (as Co. A) to the 1st Confederate Infantry Battalion.] Present on Dec. 1863 company muster roll. On Dec. 24, 1863, Steede's Battalion was augmented to become the 9th (Miller's) MS Cavalry, with Co. A of Steede's Battalion continuing as Co. A, 9th MS Cavalry, with Pvt. Howell still in this company. Absent on Dec. 1864 company muster roll, with notation "absent without leave." However, he returned to service and served till war's end. Surrendered at the general surrender of CS forces in the mid-Confederacy (i.e., the "Western Theater") at Citronelle, AL, on May 4, 1865, and physically paroled at Mobile, Mobile County, AL, on May 23, 1865. Residence given on parole as Jackson County, MS. Southern Patriot! Buried in the eponymous James Howell Family Cemetery, 30.867015 -88.678140, located at the S terminus of James Howell Cemetery Road, Crossroads, George County, MS, with a private marker.

Pvt. Philip Howell (b. Jackson County, MS, 1845-d. Jackson County, MS, 1909), Co. I ("Southern Foresters," aka "Capt. William Walthall's Company," and aka "Capt. John Joseph Nicholson's Company," raised in Mobile County, AL), 12th AL Infantry. Enlisted March 10, 1864, in Mobile County, AL, at age 18. Present on March 31, 1864, company muster roll. Present on April 30, 1864, with notation

"recruited by Corp. Nelson while on detached service." [Note: Pvt./Corp./Sgt. Gustavus A. Nelson was captured at Petersburg, VA, near war's end.] Admitted June 7, 1864, to Receiving and Wayside Hospital, or General Hospital No. 9, Richmond, VA, with notation that he was forwarded to Howard's Grove Hospital the following day and with no mention of the reason for his hospitalization. "Appears on a Hospital Muster Roll of Convalescent Division, General Hospital, Howard's Grove, at Richmond, Va.," covering the dates April 30, 1864, through June 18, 1864, but with no indication of exactly why he had been hospitalized. [Note: I think it is very likely that Pvt. Howell was wounded at the Battle of Cold Harbor, May 31, 1864, through June 12, 1864, as the 12th AL was engaged there. If he wasn't wounded, then he may have been suffering from complete exhaustion (debility), caused by many days of marching and fighting.] Paid on descriptive list for two months' service on June 27, 1864, in Richmond, VA, probably while in hospital. [Note: Payments on descriptive lists (which lists contained a physical description of a given soldier) were typically made when a soldier was away from his command on detached service or in a hospital.] Returned to duty from Howard's Grove Hospital, Richmond, VA, on June 27, 1864. Present on Oct. 1864 company muster roll. Appears on a Yankee "Register of prisoners received and disposed of by the Provost Marshal General, Army of the Potomac," with notation "received March 29, 1865," further notation "rebel deserter," and further notation that he was sent to Col. T. Ingraham, Federal Provost Marshal General, on April 1, 1865. Appears on a Yankee "Register of refugees and rebel deserters, [Office of the] Provost Marshal General, Washington, D.C.," with notation that he was received on April 4, 1865, that he had "taken Oath" [i.e., the Oath of Allegiance to the US], and that he was being furnished transportation to Springfield, IL. [Note: He was probably required to remain at the North until the war was over.] No further information in his military file. Buried in the Shady Grove Cemetery, 30.87970 -88.65780, located on the S side of the road at appr. 14000 MS Hwy. 26, Crossroads, Lucedale, George County, MS, with a private marker. Ellen Howell filed a Confederate Widow's Pension application in George County, MS, in 1924, in which she stated that her husband ("Phillip Howell") was a Confederate soldier in "Company I, 12th AL Regiment" and inadvertently confirmed his desertion by stating that he was discharged "first of 1865...in [the] State of Illinois."

Pvt. Thomas S. Howell, Jr. (b. Jackson County, MS, 1831-d. George County, MS, 1920), Co. D ("Capt. William McGill's Company," raised in Mobile County, AL), 1st Battalion AL Partisan Rangers, aka 15th Battalion AL Partisan Rangers. Enlisted April 21, 1863, at Hall's Mills, Mobile County, AL, at age 31. Absent on April 1863 company muster roll, with notation "[absent on] detached service [since] April 24 [1863, on orders of] Maj. Boyles." May 20, 1863, company

bounty roll states that he was 33 years old and was born in Jackson [County], MS. Paid \$50 enlistment bounty on June 12, 1863, at Okolona, Chickasaw County, MS. On June 8, 1863, the battalion was enlarged to become the 56th AL Partisan Rangers, with Co. D of the 1st Battalion AL Partisan Rangers continuing as Co. D of the 56 AL Partisan Rangers. Present on July 1, 1863, company muster roll. Present on Aug. 1863 company muster roll. Present on Dec. 25, 1863, company muster roll. No further information in his military file with this command. Buried in the Old Howell's Ferry Cemetery, exact location not known, but located W of the intersection of MS Hwy. 612 and Howell Tanner Chapel Road/Walt Tanner Road, somewhere S of Hwy. 612, with marker type (if any) undetermined. [Directions given on find-a-grave were not clear to me.]

Pvt. Redding Howington [found as "Redding Howington" in the military records, but the National Archives and fold3.com have mis-indexed him as "Redding Hourington"] (b. NC, 1830***-d. Jackson County, MS, 1909), Co. F ("Capt. Stevens' Company," raised in Greene & Perry Counties, MS), 17th (Steede's) Battalion MS Cavalry. Enlisted in Jackson County, MS, Feb. 13, 1863, at age 33. Discharged on April 13, 1863, at Camp Johnson, Lawrence County, MS, "by reason of having a crippled foot & hurt back, rendering him incapable of performing duty." Signed for final pay with his (x) mark. Southern Patriot! "Redding Howington" filed a Confederate Pension application in Greene County, MS, in 1908, in which he stated that he was a Confederate soldier in Capt. Benjamin Stevens' Company of Steede's Battalion, but fudged a little regarding the time he served in same, saying that he enlisted in 1862 (when he actually enlisted in 1863) and saying that he served until war's end, which he did not (when he actually only served for two months). Rowena Howington filed a Confederate Widow's Pension application in Greene County, MS, in 1909, in which she repeated the same information that her husband had used in his 1908 Confederate Pension application. Buried in the Shady Grove Cemetery, 30.87970 -88.65780, located on the S side of the road at appr. 14000 MS Hwy. 26, Crossroads, Lucedale, George County, MS, with marker type (if any) undetermined. [***Note: Most family histories and his find-a-grave page (and probably any tombstone he has) have his birth year as 1819, but the 1880 Federal Census clearly gives his age as 50, yielding a birth year of 1830. Additionally, his CS army discharge paper, dated April 13, 1863, states that he was 33 years old when discharged, again yielding a birth year of 1830. Finally, his Confederate Pension application, filed in 1908, gives his age as 80, again indicating a birth year of ca. 1830.]

Pvt. Albert David Hulett [found as "David Hewlett" and "D.T. Hulet" in the military records] (b. Harris County, GA***, 1830-d. George County, MS, 1918), (Old) Co. I/(New) Co. G ("Secessionists," aka "Capt. Daniel R. McIntosh's Company," aka "Capt. George L. Donald's Company," raised in Clarke County, MS), 13th MS Infantry. Mustered into Confederate service on July 5, 1861, at Union City, TN. However, his company was enlisted on April 27, 1861, at Quitman, Clarke County, MS, which date is probably his original date of enlistment. Age at enlistment originally recorded as 29. Present on July 4, 1861, muster-in roll taken at Camp Barksdale, near Union City, Obion County, TN. Present on Sept. 23, 1861, company muster roll. Present on Oct. 1861 company muster roll. Present on Feb. 1862 company muster roll. Present on April 1862 company muster roll. Discharged at Richmond, VA, on Aug. 14, 1862, as a private^^^, with notations that he was born in Harris County, GA, that he was 35 years of age (not 29) when he enlisted at "Nicholson's Store," that he was a farmer, and that "he is now entitled to discharge by reason of not being included in the Conscript Act," meaning that he was too old to be officially liable to military service at that time. [Note: Not issued his final until Aug. 23, 1862.] No further information in his military file with this command. Buried in the Macedonia Missionary Baptist Church Cemetery, 30.95500 -88.44170, located on the W side of appr. 4700 Brushy Creek Road (on the N side of Macedonia Missionary Baptist Church), George County, MS, with a Confederate marker that records his name as "David Hulett." "David Hulett" filed a Confederate Pension application in George County, MS, in 1916, in which he stated that he was a Confederate soldier in the 13th MS Infantry, that he lived in Choctaw County, AL, when he enlisted, that he served in this command for four years, that his command surrendered in FL, and that he was with his command in active service at the surrender. [Note: These last three statements are not borne out by his actual service records.] He also stated that he was 75 years-old in 1916, which would yield a birth year of appr. 1841, but, as he was illiterate, he may also not have been able to properly calculate his age (as witnessed by the two incongruent ages given in his military records for his enlistment and discharge.) [***Note: Some family researchers maintain that he was born in FL, but his CS Army discharge paper states that he was born in Harris County, GA.] [^^^Note: A single historic "Record" of the 13th MS Infantry, dated "near Richmond, Va., March 2, 1865," gives his rank as corporal, but this rank is not shown on any other of his military records, nor on his discharge paper; I do not think that he ever achieved the rank of corporal.]

Pvt. George Hugh Jones (b. Obion County***, TN, 1844-d. George County, MS, 1919), Co. H ("Conewah Rifles," aka "Capt. Samuel H. Taylor's Company," and aka "Capt. William M. Cunningham's Company," raised in Pontotoc County, MS),

2nd MS Infantry. Enlisted March 15, 1862, at Chesterville, Pontotoc (now Lee) County, MS, at age 17. Present on April 1862 company muster roll. Absent on June 1862 company muster roll, with notation "absent sick." Present on Aug. 1862 company muster roll. Present on Oct. 1862 company muster roll. Present on Dec. 1862 company muster roll. Present on April 1863 company muster roll. June 1863 company muster roll for Co. H states "transferred to Company I, 2nd Regt. Miss., 1st of May [1863] by order of Col. Stone." Co. I was the "Cherry Creek Rifles," aka "Capt. John Herring's Company," and aka "Capt. R.M. Leavill's Company," raised in Pontotoc County, MS. Present on June 1863 company muster roll for Co. I. Absent on Aug. 1863 company muster roll, with notation "wounded at Gettysburg, July 1st [1863 and now a] prisoner." Before the Confederates retreated and he was captured, his left leg was amputated "three inches below the knee joint" on July 3, 1863, by 2nd MS Infantry Surgeon Hubbard. "Appears on a List of Rebel and Wounded Prisoners of War received at DeCamp General Hospital, Davids Island, New York Harbor," between July 17-July 24, 1863, with notation that he was captured at Gettysburg between July 1-4, 1863. [Note: A later documents states that he was captured on July 5, 1863.] Paroled at DeCamp General Hospital and forwarded to City Point, VA, where he was physically exchanged on Sept. 27, 1863. Admitted to Receiving and Wayside Hospital, or General Hospital No. 9, Richmond, Va, on Sept. 28, 1863, and forwarded the next day to Howard's Grove Hospital No. 2, Richmond, VA. Received clothing issues on Oct. 1 and Oct. 6, 1863. Furloughed for 60 days from General Hospital, Howard's Grove, Richmond, VA, on Oct. 7, 1863. Absent on Oct. 1863 company muster roll, with notation "absent; furloughed at Richmond, Va., for Sixty days [on] Oct.5, 1863." Absent on Dec. 1863 company muster roll, with notation "on parole." Absent on Feb. 1864 company muster roll, with notation "absent without leave [since] Feb. 29, 1864." Wrote to his commanding officers from Okolona, Chickasaw County, MS, on May 28, 1864, asking permission to appear before a Medical Examining Board for purposes of retirement from the service. Absent on April 1864 company muster roll, with notation "absent without leave since Jan. 1, 1864." Ditto on June 1864 company muster roll. On or a few days before July 7, 1864, from Pontotoc County, MS, Pvt. Jones wrote to Confederate medical authorities in Richmond, VA, to "respectfully apply to be furnished with an order on [the] manufacturer at Augusta, Ga., or whatever manufacturer may be designated, for an artificial limb." At some point, Pvt. Jones got his artificial limb, because he "appears on [an undated] Register of Beneficiaries of the Association for the Relief of Maimed Soldiers, Richmond, Va.," with notation that he resided in Pontotoc County, MS. Admitted on Aug. 20, 1864, to C.S.A. General Hospital, Charlottesville, VA, to be treated for his amputated leg, and furloughed on Aug. 29, 1864, for an unspecified number of days. Absent on Aug. 1864 company

muster roll, with notation "absent sick." Paid six months' back pay on Aug. 29, 1864, at Richmond, VA, by "J. Ambler," who was closely associated with Richmond-area hospitals. Absent on Oct. 1864 company muster roll, with notation "absent on furlough." Absent on Dec. 1864 company muster roll, with notation "absent on furlough, date &c. [and etc.] unknown." Retired from Confederate service by a Medical Examining Board at Okolona, Chickasaw County, MS, on Dec. 23, 1864. No further information in his military file. Southern Patriot! Buried in the Magnolia Garden Cemetery (aka the Lucedale Magnolia Garden Cemetery), 30.91500 -88.58670, located at the NE corner of the intersection of Lumpkin Street and MS Hwy. 613, Lucedale, George County, MS, with a Confederate marker. [***Note: One of his CS army papers states that he was born in AL, but his Confederate army Certificate of Disability (which seems to be a more carefully filled out document) states that he was born in Obion County, TN.]

YANKEE SOLDIER, NOT CONFEDERATE SOLDIER. Pvt./Corp. Emanuel Chauncey Kinch [found as "Emanuel C. Kinch" and "Manuel C. Kinch" in the military records] (b. Clarion County, PA, 1841-d. George County, MS, 1934), Co. H (raised in Jackson County, MI), 1st Michigan Engineers & Mechanics, US. His service record is not available online. He received a US military invalid's pension beginning in 1890. Buried in the Magnolia Garden Cemetery (aka the Lucedale Magnolia Garden Cemetery), 30.91500 -88.58670, located at the NE corner of the intersection of Lumpkin Street and MS Hwy. 613, Lucedale, George County, MS, with a private marker.

SERVICE NOT VERIFIED. Jackson King (b. AL, 1820-d. Jackson County, MS, after 1861) is said by some researchers to have been a Confederate soldier in Co. D ("Clarke Minute Men," raised in Clarke County, MS), 5th (Robinson's) MS Infantry (State Troops) (1862-1863). However, the Jackson King (b. Clarke County, MS, 1814-d. Jones County, MS, 1886) from that company and that command has a Confederate marker and is buried in the Hickory Grove Cemetery, Laurel, Jones County, MS. A well-meaning researcher or descendant has simply assumed that the one Jackson King was the other Jackson King. I have been unable to match the Jackson King under consideration here with any other MS CS service records, but there are so many men with names like "J. King" or "J.?. King" in MS CS service that it is possible that he served and that his records simply cannot be identified due to his not being listed under "Jackson King." Buried in the Reeves Family Cemetery, 30.82232 -88.76413, with no direct access, located appr. 3500 ft. E of the intersection of State Hwy. 57 and Wilton Byrd Road; the Reeves-Carter Cemetery, 30.83501 -88.78367, located appr. 150 ft. NNW of the intersection of George Allen Road and Cindy's Lane, with marker type (if any)

undetermined. [Note: There are five cemeteries in George County, MS, that contain the name "Reeves" in their titles. These are the Reeves Family Cemetery, 30.82232 -88.76413, with no direct access, located appr. 3500 ft. E of the intersection of State Hwy. 57 and Wilton Byrd Road; the Reeves-Carter Cemetery, 30.83501 -88.78367, located appr. 150 ft. NNW of the intersection of George Allen Road and Cindy's Lane; the Reeves-Smith Cemetery, 30.831020 -88.785990, at the W terminus of Reeves-Smith Cemetery Road; the Benjamin Reeves Cemetery (aka Buzzard Roost Cemetery), no GPS, no directions found; and, the William Reeves Cemetery (aka Farnsworth Cemetery ?), 30.86330 -88.77630, located appr. 1200 ft. S of 172 Eubanks Drive, Benndale.]

VERY TENTATIVE. (Rev.) Pvt. James Aurelius King [found as "J.A. King" in the military records] (b. Jackson County, MS, 1845-d. George County, MS, 1931), Co. K ("Mobile Cadets," aka "Capt. Charles S. Stewart's Company," and aka "Capt. Augustus P. Dorgan's Company," raised in Mobile County, AL), 21st AL Infantry. Enlisted May 2, 1864, at Mobile, Mobile County, MS, at age 19 (if I have the right man). [A backdated] Sept. 1864 company muster roll states "transferred to Conscript Camp, Natasulga [i.e., Notasulga, Lee & Macon Counties, AL], by order [of] Maj. Stone, Enrolling Officer, Oct. 18, 1864." No further information in his military file with this command. No records for him from the Conscript Camp. Southern Patriot! Buried in the Cain Cemetery (aka the Naomi Cain Cemetery), 30.79330 -88.81080, located on the E side of the road at appr. 160 Cain Cemetery Road, George County, MS.

TENTATIVE. Pvt. Jesse William Langley [found as "I.W. Langley" in the military records, but capital script I's and J's are often confused; found as "J.W. Langley in H. Grady Howell's best-ever index to all known MS CS soldiers] (b. Mobile County, AL, 1845-d. George County, MS, 1920), "Darden Rangers," aka "Capt. Albert G. Cage's Company," raised in Lafourche Parish, LA, which seems to have originally been an independent cavalry company, but which was eventually attached as (1st) Co. G/(2nd) Co. F, 1st MS Cavalry, aka Wirt Adams' MS Cavalry, aka Wood's Confederate Cavalry. Late-war enlistee, as he has no enlistment date/data. Known only from his war's-end parole. Served till war's end. Surrendered at the general surrender of Confederate forces in the Central South at Citronelle, AL, on May 4, 1865, and physically paroled with famed Confederate General Nathan Bedford Forrest's cavalry forces at Gainesville, AL, on May 12, 1865. Southern Patriot! Residence given on parole as "Jackson, Miss.," meaning Jackson County, MS, where J.W. Langley was found to be living with his parents on the 1860 US Census. Buried in the Macedonia Missionary Baptist Church Cemetery, 30.95500 -88.44170, located on the W side of appr. 4700 Brushy Creek

Road (on the N side of Macedonia Missionary Baptist Church), George County, MS, with a private marker.

Pvt. Robert J. Lowery (b. Greene County, MS, 1847-d. George County, MS, 1915), Co. E ("Capt. John G. Cleveland's Company," aka "Capt. Washington Lott's Company," raised in Mobile County, AL), 36th AL Infantry. [Note: This regiment, like many AL commands, is exceedingly poorly documented.] Enlisted April 21, 1862, at Mobile, Mobile County, AL, at age 15. Appears as present on a "Hospital Muster Roll of the 36th Regiment Alabama Infantry," dated Aug. 1862, with notation that he was employed as a nurse in hospital, and further notation that he was discharged from the service on Aug. 1, 1862. Re-enlisted into the company sometime before Feb. 11, 1864, when he was issued a hat at Atlanta, GA. No further information in his military file with this sparsely-documented command. Buried in the Rocky Creek Cemetery, 30.94580 -88.51970, located on the E side of Rocky Creek Road at the intersection of that road and Harvey Welford Road, George County, MS, with marker type (if any) undetermined.

Pvt. Alexander Lane McEachern (b. Choctaw County, AL, 1846-d. George County, MS, 1924), Co. E ("Shubuta Guards," aka "Capt. T.T. Howze's Company," raised in Clarke County, MS), 37th MS Infantry. Enlisted Sept. 8, 1863, at Enterprise, Clarke County, MS, just about a week shy of his 17th birthday. Present on Oct. 31, 1863, company muster roll. Present on Dec. 1863 company muster roll. Present on Feb. 1864 company muster roll. Admitted on July 8, 1864, to Ocmulgee Hospital, Macon, Bibb County, GA, suffering from diarrhea. Furloughed on July 11 or July 17, 1864, for 30 days from Ocmulgee Hospital, Macon, Bibb County, GA, on account of chronic diarrhea. Absent on Aug. 31, 1864, company muster roll, with notation "absent sick in hospital." Wounded on Dec. 15, 1864, at the horrific Battle of Nashville, TN (Dec. 15-16, 1864), and captured on Dec. 22, 1864, at Columbia, Maury County, TN. Forwarded to Nashville, TN, as a POW for medical treatment. Admitted on June 21, 1865, from Columbia, Maury County, TN, to No. 1 U.S.A. General Hospital, Nashville, TN, suffering from his Nashville wound -- "gunshot, front of right ankle." This wound was so severe that he was not forwarded to Military Prison, Louisville, KY, until May 6, 1865. Arrived at Military Prison, Louisville, KY, on or before May 10, 1865. By this time, the war was over except for a few scattered Confederate commands in the Trans-Mississippi Theater (i.e., west of the MS River). Released from Military Prison, Louisville, KY, on June 16, 1865, after first having taken the required Oath of Allegiance to the US. Residence given on Oath of Allegiance as Isney, Choctaw County, AL. Southern Patriot! Buried in the Magnolia Garden Cemetery (aka the Lucedale Magnolia Garden Cemetery), 30.91500 -88.58670,

located at the NE corner of the intersection of Lumpkin Street and MS Hwy. 613, Lucedale, George County, MS, with a private marker. Margie A. McEachern filed a Confederate Widow's Pension application in George County, MS, in 1924, in which she succinctly stated her husband's ("Alexander L. McEachern") Confederate military career in Co. E, 37th MS Infantry. [Note: Some databases state that Pvt. McEachern served in Co. E, 1st MS Infantry, but this is simply a clerical error. Pvt. McEachern served in just the 37th MS Infantry and has no service records in any other CS command.]

1st Lt./Capt. Murdock McInnis (b. Greene County, MS, 1834-d. Mobile County, AL, 1913), Co. A ("Capt. Abner C. Steede's Company," aka "Capt. Murdock McInnis' Company," raised in Jackson County, MS), 17th (Steede's) Battalion MS Cavalry (aka Steede's Battalion of Partisan Rangers). Enlisted as 1st Lt., probably on April 10, 1862, and probably in Jackson County, MS, at age 27. Elected captain on May 11, 1862. "Appears on a List [undated but surely from 1862] of officers of Steede's Battalion Mounted Partisan Rangers, stationed on Mississippi Sea Coast, to serve during the war." Signed for camp equipage (tents, etc.) and clothing (jackets, etc.) for his company at Jackson, Hinds County, MS, on April 23, 1863. In late April 1863 or early May 1863, this company was temporarily dismounted "because it was found of little service," according to Gen. William Wing Loring, and attached to the 14th MS Infantry. "Appears on a Roster [dated April 30, 1863] of Commissioned Officers of the 4th Military District, Dept. of AL and East LA," as "Capt., Co. A, Steede's Dismounted Battalion." Signed for shoes for his company on May 29, 1863, "near Canton [Madison County], Miss.," but signature notes that he was "Captain, commanding Co. A, Steede's Battalion, attached to [the] 14th Miss. Regiment." Shortly after June 16, 1863, the company was attached (as Co. D) to the 1st Confederate Infantry Battalion. Capt. McInnis wrote from Meridian, Lauderdale County, MS, on Sept. 18, 1863, asking that his company be remounted and reassigned to Steede's Battalion, then reorganizing at Winchester, Wayne County, MS, signing the letter as "Capt. Co. A, Steede's Battalion, attached [to the] 1st Confederate Battalion of Infantry." As late as Nov. 30, 1863, McInnis' Company was still attached to the 1st Confederate Infantry Battalion, as Capt. McInnis signed for pay on that day as "Capt., Co. D, 1st Confederate Battalion." The company seems to have been reunited with Steede's Battalion in early Dec. 1864. "Absent on detached service" on Dec. 1863 company muster roll, with notation that he was also commanding Steede's Battalion and serving as the Inspector & Mustering Officer for the command. On Dec. 24, 1863, Steede's Battalion was enlarged to become the 9th (Miller's) MS Cavalry, with Co. A continuing as Co. A in the enlarged command. Signs on Jan. 1, 1864, for clothing and camp equipage for the company at Brandon, Rankin County, MS, but

signed as captain of Co. A, Steede's Battalion (not being used to the new command's proper designation). Signed for forage for horses Steede's Battalion at Brandon, Rankin County, MS, on Jan. 14, 1864, again signing as "Capt., commanding [Steede's] Battalion" (still not used to the command's new designation as the 9th MS Cavalry). Signed for forage for horses Steede's Battalion at Brandon, Rankin County, MS, on Feb. 29, 1864, again signing as "Capt., commanding [Steede's] Battalion" (still not used to the command's new designation as the 9th MS Cavalry). Signed for corn for the horses of Steede's Battalion at Noxubee County, MS, on March 1, 1864, again signing as "Capt., commanding Steede's Battalion Cavalry" (still not used to the command's new designation as the 9th MS Cavalry). "Absent sick with leave" on a March 30, 1864, "Report of officers and enlisted men absent...from Ferguson's Cavalry Brigade." "Appears on a Roster of commissioned officers of Ferguson's Brigade, Roster dated Montevallo [Shelby County], Ala., May 2, 1864." Signed for pay on July 17, 1864, while a patient at City Hall Hospital, Macon, Bibb County, GA, signing as "Capt., commanding Co. A, Miller's Regiment Cavalry" (aka, the 9th MS Cavalry). "Appears on a Roster of commissioned officers of the Detachment commanded by Maj. A.C. Steede, Roster dated Dog River [Mobile County], Ala., Jan. 3, 1865." No further information in his military file with this command. Buried in the Merrill Cemetery (aka the McInnis Cemetery), 30.96750 -88.71640, located on the W side of apprx. 114 Merrill Cemetery Road, Merrill, George County, MS, with a private marker that is inscribed "Capt. CSA."

SERVICE CLARIFIED. Milton L. McKay (b. Greene County, MS, 1847-d. Greene County, MS, 1892) is depicted in some databases as having served in both Co. B ("Covington Rebels," raised in Covington County, MS), 6th (Balfour's) Battalion MS Infantry, which became Co. B, 46th MS Infantry, and Co. A ("Copiah Horse Guards," aka "Capt. James M. Norman's Company," raised in Copiah County, MS), Stockdale's Battalion MS Cavalry, which company became Co. A, 4th MS Cavalry on Sept. 14, 1863. However, M.L. McKay never served in the 6th (Balfour's) Battn. MS Infantry/46th MS Infantry. Through a clerical error, the recollections of Pvt. James M. Edmonson of Stockdale's Battn./4th MS Cavalry were used to create misleading service cards for some members of Co. B, 46th MS Infantry, which cards made it appear as if that company had earlier been Co. A, 4th MS Cavalry, which is demonstrably not the case. M.L. McKay never served in the 46th MS Infantry and was definitely not at the Battle of Franklin, TN, with that command, as some researchers have concluded. However, Pvt. Milton L. McKay definitely served in the 4th MS Cavalry. No reliable enlistment date/data, so he must have been a late-war enlistee, joining either in late 1864 at age 17 or early 1865 at age 17 or 18. Enlisted into Co. A ("Copiah Horse Guards," aka "Capt.

James M. Norman's Company," raised in Copiah County, MS), 4th MS Cavalry. Known only from his war's-end parole. Served till war's end. Surrendered at the general surrender of Confederate forces in the Central South at Citronelle, AL, on May 4, 1865, and physically paroled with famed Confederate General Nathan Bedford Forrest's cavalry forces at Gainesville, AL, on May 12, 1865. Residence given on parole as Greene County, MS. Southern Patriot! Buried in the William Reeves Cemetery (aka Farnsworth Cemetery ?), 30.86330 -88.77630, located appr. 1200 ft. S of 172 Eubanks Drive, Benndale, with a private marker. [Note: There are five cemeteries in George County, MS, that contain the name "Reeves" in their titles. These are the Reeves Family Cemetery, 30.82232 -88.76413, with no direct access, located appr. 3500 ft. E of the intersection of State Hwy. 57 and Wilton Byrd Road; the Reeves-Carter Cemetery, 30.83501 -88.78367, located appr. 150 ft. NNW of the intersection of George Allen Road and Cindy's Lane; the Reeves-Smith Cemetery, 30.831020 -88.785990, at the W terminus of Reeves-Smith Cemetery Road; the Benjamin Reeves Cemetery (aka Buzzard Roost Cemetery), no GPS, no directions found; and, the William Reeves Cemetery (aka Farnsworth Cemetery ?), 30.86330 -88.77630, located appr. 1200 ft. S of 172 Eubanks Drive, Benndale.]

SERVICE CLARIFIED. Pvt. Clemmett William Mallette [found as "C. Mallet" in the military records] ((b. Jackson County, MS, 1836-d. George County, MS, 1913), "Capt. James White's Independent Company AL Cavalry," aka "Capt. Duncan McKellar's Independent Company AL Cavalry" (raised in Choctaw County, AL), which became Co. D, AL & FL Battalion of Cavalry, aka Murphy's Battalion AL Cavalry, which finally became Co. K, 15th Confederate Cavalry. Enlisted Sept. 1, 1862, at Camp Forney, Mobile, Mobile County, AL, at age 26. Present on Oct. 1862 company muster roll, but with notation "on detachment service at Pascagoula [Jackson County, MS]." Present on Dec. 29, 1862, for issuance of pay, enlistment bounty, and clothing at Hall's Mills, Mobile County, AL, with notation that he resided in Jackson County, MS, and that he enlisted at Rhodes' Mills [Jackson County, MS] on Sept. 1, 1862. [Note: It is possible that Pvt. Mallett enlisted first at Rhodes' Mills, MS, and then proceeded to Camp Forney, Mobile, Mobile County, AL.] Present on Dec. 1862 company muster roll. Present on Feb. 1863 company muster roll. Absent on April 30, 1863, company muster roll, with notation "absent on detached service." Absent on June 1863 company muster roll, with notation "on detached service as scout." In Sept. 1863, Murphy's Battalion AL Cavalry, was consolidated with other commands to form the 15th Confederate Cavalry (aka, 1st AL & FL Cavalry), with Capt. McKellar's Company becoming Co. K, 15th Confederate Cavalry. Present or absent not stated on Sept. 12, 1863, company muster roll. Present on Oct. 3, 1863, company muster roll. Present on

Dec. 1863 company muster roll. Present on April 30, 1864, company muster roll. Present on June 30, 1864, company muster roll. [Note: Clemmett Mallette also supported the Confederacy economically, as he is almost certainly the "C. Mallette" who bartered 12 lbs of unwashed wool in exchange for 5 lbs. of cotton yarn and 10 yards of cotton cloth with the Confederate Quartermaster at Americus, Jackson County, MS, on July 1, 1864, with said wool being much needed in order to make woolen uniforms for Confederate troops.] Present on Aug. 31, 1864, Hospital Muster Roll for General Hospital, Greenville, Butler County, AL, with no indication of whether he was employed by the hospital as a nurse or guard or whether he was a patient. Notation on roll states that he enlisted in Jackson County, MS, on Sept. 1, 1862. No further information in his military file with this command, but no notice of AWOL or desertion, so he may have been medically discharged from the service near war's end. Buried in the Rocky Creek Cemetery, 30.94580 -88.51970, located on the E side of Rocky Creek Road at the intersection of that road and Harvey Welford Road, George County, MS, with marker type undetermined, but findagrave.com notes that his marker is inscribed "Co. K, 15th AL Cavalry," which is incorrect, as he served in Co. K, 15th Confederate Cavalry. [Note: Some researchers state that Pvt. Mallet served in Co. K, 15th AL Partisan Rangers (aka 15th AL Cavalry), but he has no service records in that command and never served in same.]

Pvt. Samuel Mallett (b. Jackson County, MS, 1844-d. Jackson County, MS, 1888), Co. K (raised in Mobile, Mobile County, AL), 15th Confederate Cavalry. Enlisted Dec. 12, 1863, at Mobile, Mobile County, AL, at age 19. [Note: This command has numerous predecessor iterations, but Pvt. Mallett did not serve in any of them.] Present on Dec. 31, 1863, company muster roll. Absent on April 30, 1864, company muster roll, with notation "on furlough [of] 7 days from April 11 [1864]." Present on June 30, 1864, company muster roll. Present for clothing issue on Aug. 28, 1864, at unspecified location (but probably in the Mobile vicinity). Served till war's end. Surrendered at the general surrender of CS forces in the mid-Confederacy (i.e., the "Western Theater") at Citronelle, AL, on May 4, 1865, and physically paroled at Mobile, Mobile County, AL, on May 22, 1865. Residence given on parole as Jackson County, MS. Southern Patriot! [Note: Some researchers state that Samuel Mallett served in Co. K, 15th AL Cavalry, but there never was a 15th AL Cavalry. There was, however, a 15th Battalion AL Partisan Rangers, but Samuel Mallett never served in that command and has no service records in same.] Buried in the Mallette Cemetery (aka the Mallette Family Cemetery), 30.872135 -88.559771, first dirt road to the right after passing Union Missionary Baptist Church while traveling S on MS Hwy. 613, George County,

MS, with a Confederate marker that mistakenly identifies his command as "Co. D, 15th Alabama Cavalry," rather than the correct "Co. K, 15th Confederate Cavalry."

Pvt. William Lewis Mallett (b. Jackson County, MS, 1838-d. Jackson County, MS, 1862), "Twiggs' Rifles" (aka "Capt. H.B. Griffin's Independent Company of MS Volunteers," raised in Jackson County, MS), which became Co. L, 27th MS Infantry. Enlisted Jan. 1, 1862, in East Pascagoula, Jackson County, MS, at age 23. Present on June 1862 company muster roll. Absent on Oct. 31, 1862, company muster roll, with notation "absent sick." Medically discharged at Ringgold, Catoosa County, GA, on Nov. 10, 1862, due to having phthisis pulmonalis [i.e., tuberculosis]. Transportation was furnished in kind to Mobile, Mobile County, AL. Died at his father's house in Jackson County, MS, on Dec. 3, 1862, according to an affidavit sworn out by his father, John Mallett, on Dec. 23, 1862, in Mobile County, AL, before Justice of the Peace J.R. Eastburn. Did not technically die in service, but died 23 days after his medical release from the service. Southern Patriot! Buried in the Mallette Cemetery (aka the Mallette Family Cemetery), 30.872135 -88.559771, first dirt road to the right after passing Union Missionary Baptist Church while traveling S on MS Hwy. 613, George County, MS, with a Confederate marker. [Note: Some researchers have misinterpreted some documents in Pvt. Mallett's service records and concluded that he died on Nov. 15, 1865 (well after war's end), but he died at his father's house on Dec. 3, 1862, according to his own father.]

Pvt. James A. Mallette [found as "James Mallet" in the military records; family spells this French name both as "Mallette" and "Mallet"] (b. Jackson County, MS, 1846-d. Jackson County, MS, 1887), Co. E, 3rd Battalion MS Infantry Reserves. [Note: I can find no documentation regarding this company or this command except for Pvt. Mallette's service record. Scanning the entire list of soldiers in this command, I find only 1 corporal, 1 sergeant, and appr. 10 privates, scattered among Co. A (surrendered at Grenada, MS), Co. D (surrendered at Jackson, MS, and Meridian, MS), Co. E (surrendered at Mobile, AL, with the 12th MS Cavalry), and Co. I (surrendered at Jackson, MS).] No enlistment date/data, but he was only 18 at war's end, so he probably enlisted in 1864 at age 17 or 18. Served till war's end. Surrendered at the general surrender of CS forces in the mid-Confederacy (i.e., the "Western Theater") at Citronelle, AL, on May 4, 1865, and physically paroled at Mobile, Mobile County, AL, on May 22, 1865, with (but not a member of) Co. C and Co. G, 12th MS Cavalry. Residence given on parole as Jackson County, MS. Southern Patriot! Burial site not definite, but believed to be buried in the Mallette Cemetery (aka the Mallette Family Cemetery), 30.872135 - 88.559771, first dirt road to the right after passing Union Missionary Baptist

Church while traveling S on MS Hwy. 613, George County, MS, in an unmarked grave.

(Rev.) 5th Sgt. John Mason (b. Mobile County, AL, 1822-d. Greene County, MS, 1908), "Capt. Benjamin Toomer's AL Company for Local Defense & Special Service" [and established for duty "solely within the county and city of Mobile"], aka "Chunchula Guards" (raised at Chunchula, Mobile County, AL), which company became Co. G, 4th AL Reserves. However, from Aug. 10, 1864, and for an unspecified length of time, the company did "duty as Co. D, in [the Mobile] City Battalion, Lt. Col. S.W. Cayce commanding, under Special Order No. 223, dated Aug. 10, 1864." Enlisted Aug. 15, 1863, at Chunchula, Mobile County, AL, at age 40. [Military records say age 41, but he enlisted within appr. 30 days of his 41st birthday.] Present on April 16, 1864, company muster roll, with notation that he was serving as a "Wheel Wright and Black Smith" and that the company was stationed at "Chunchula, Mobile County, Ala." No further information in his military file with this command. Southern Patriot! Buried in the Macedonia Missionary Baptist Church Cemetery, 30.955647 -88.440887, located on the W side of appr. 4700 Brushy Creek Road (on the N side of Macedonia Missionary Baptist Church), George County, MS, with both a private and a Confederate marker.

Pvt./Corp. Powell Mack Mason (b. Mobile County, AL, 1826-d. Greene County, MS, 1905), Co. E*** ("Capt. John G. Cleveland's Company," aka "Capt. Washington Lott's Company," raised in Mobile County, AL), 36th AL Infantry. [Note: Like many AL commands, this unit is exceedingly poorly documented.] No enlistment date/data, but Capt. Cleveland was commissioned on April 3, 1862, so Pvt. Mason may have enlisted as early as that date. "Appears on a Register of Payments on Descriptive Lists," dated Aug. 17, 1863, with notation indicating that he was being paid as a corporal for two months' service (from May 1, 1863, to July 1, 1863, @ \$13 per month), and a further notation that he was being paid by Capt. F.A. Strocky. [Note: Payments on descriptive lists (which lists contained a physical description of a given soldier) were typically made when a soldier was away from his command on detached service or in a hospital.] [Note: It is likely that this payment was made in the vicinity of Griffin, GA, where Strocky was Quartermaster at the time.] Captured (as a private) at Tunnel Hill, Whitfield & Catoosa Counties, GA, on Feb. 23, 1864, and forwarded as a POW to Nashville, TN, then to Military Prison, Louisville, KY, and, finally, to notorious Camp Chase, OH, POW Camp, where it was official Yankee policy to starve Confederate POW's in order to render them unfit for field service upon exchange. Arrived at Camp Chase, OH, POW Camp on March 11, 1864. Transferred to Johnson's Island, OH,

POW Camp on Sept. 13, 1864. [Note: Conditions were even worse for Confederate POW's at Johnson's Island than at Camp Chase.] Arrived at Johnson's Island, OH, POW Camp on Sept. 14, 1864. Released at war's end from Johnson's Island, OH, POW Camp on June 14, 1865, after first having taken the required Oath of Allegiance to the US. Parole paper states that he was 38 years old upon release and that he resided at Citronelle, Mobile County, AL. Southern Patriot! [***Note: Some databases erroneously state that Pvt. Mason served in Co. A ("Capt. Charles S. Hennegan's Company," aka "Capt. John M. Quarles' Company," and aka "Capt. James T. Meek's Company," raised in Sumter County, AL), 36th AL Infantry. The confusion arises because Federal POW records mostly state that he served in Co. A (with an occasional foray into Co. E), while the sole Confederate record in his military file states that he actually served in Co. E. He definitely served in Co. E and not in Co. A.] Buried in the Macedonia Missionary Baptist Church Cemetery, 30.955647 -88.440887, located on the W side of appr. 4700 Brushy Creek Road (on the N side of Macedonia Missionary Baptist Church), George County, MS, with a Confederate marker.

Pvt. Maher Shalal Hash Baz*** T. Miller [found as "Maher Miller" and "Mahan Miller" in the military records; tombstone says "Maher T. Miller"] (b. unknown place, 1842-d. in service, 1863), Co. E ("Capt. John G. Cleveland's Company," aka "Capt. Washington Lott's Company," raised in Mobile County, AL), 36th AL Infantry. [Note: This command, like many AL commands, is exceedingly poorly documented.] No enlistment date/data, but the regiment was formed on May 12, 1862, at Mount Vernon Arsenal, Mobile County, AL, with the individual companies usually having been formed several weeks earlier. Pvt. Miller would have been 20 when the regiment itself was formed. "Name appears on a Register of Officers and Soldiers of the Army of the Confederate States who were killed in battle, or who died of wounds or disease," with notation that he died Feb. 12, 1863, in General Hospital, Mobile, Mobile County, MS. "Name appears on a Register of Claims of deceased Officers and Soldiers from Alabama which were filed for settlement in the Office of the Confederate States Auditor for the War Department," with notation that the claim was filed on Sept. 16, 1863, by John E. (Eubanks) Miller (1802-1889), who was the father of Pvt. Maher Shalal Hash Baz T. Miller. No further information in his military file with this command. Southern Patriot! Buried in the Rocky Creek Cemetery, 30.94580 -88.51970, located on the E side of Rocky Creek Road at the intersection of that road and Harvey Welford Road, George County, MS, with a Confederate marker. [Note: Some sources state that he is buried in the Macedonia Missionary Baptist Church Cemetery, 30.955647 -88.440887, located on the W side of appr. 4700 Brushy Creek Road (on the N side of Macedonia Missionary Baptist Church), George County, MS, but

his Confederate marker is in the Rocky Creek Cemetery.] [***Note: Maher Shalal Hash Baz is a prophetic Biblical name meaning "He has made haste to the plunder" which looks forward to the plunder of Syria by the Assyrians. Family researchers state that this is Maher T. Miller's real name.]

Pvt. David Sire Mizell [found as "D.S. Mizell" in the military records] (b. Jackson County, MS, 1834-d. George County, MS, 1913), Co. C ("Capt. Evans' Rangers," raised in Harrison County, MS), 17th (Steede's) Battalion MS Cavalry. Enlisted May 14, 1862, in Perry County, MS, at appr. age 27/28. Transferred on March 1, 1863, to Co. E ("Capt. Mayers' Company," raised in Harrison County, MS), 17th (Steede's) Battalion MS Cavalry. Absent on June 30, 1863, company muster roll, with notation "detailed to work on flatboat at Winchester, Miss., [on] May 17, 1863." Present on Dec. 1863 company muster roll. On Dec. 24, 1863, Co. E became Co. C, 9th (Miller's) MS Cavalry. Absent on Dec. 1864 company muster roll, with notation "detailed to remount" [i.e., sent to find another horse]. No further information in his military file with this command. Buried in the Crossroads United Methodist Church Cemetery, 30.88583 -88.71083, located behind the eponymous church at the NW corner of the intersection of MS State Hwy. 26 & Crossroads Road, Crossroads, George County, MS, with (supposedly) a Confederate marker, but only a private marker is depicted on his find-a-grave page. [Note: There are 2 cemeteries that bear the name "Crossroads" in George County, MS. They are the Crossroads United Methodist Church Cemetery and the Crossroads Free Pentecostal Church Cemetery.] Zerilda Mizell filed a Confederate Widow's Pension application in George County, MS, in 1916, in which she stated that her husband ("Dave S. Mizell") was a Confederate soldier in the "19th Infantry" under Col. Miller and Capt. Mayers (which indicates the 9th MS Cavalry, not the 19th MS Infantry). She also stated that he served till war's end, surrendering with his command at Greensboro, NC, but his command did not actually surrender there. Zerilda Mizell filed a Confederate Widow's Pension application in George County, MS, in 1924, in which she did not state her husband's ("Dave S. Mizell") command, but correctly named his captain and his colonel in the 9th MS Cavalry.

SERVICE CLARIFIED. William F. Moody (b. Jackson County, MS, 1842-d. Greene County, MS, 1907), is listed in some databases as having been a Confederate soldier in Co. A ("Capt. Abner C. Steede's Company," aka "Capt. Murdock McInnis' Company," raised in Jackson County, MS), 17th (Steede's) Battalion MS Cavalry, which eventually became the 9th MS Cavalry, but he has no service records in either organization. However, a Pvt. William Moody served in "Capt. Gillis' Company Independent MS Cavalry" (raised in Perry County, MS),

which became Co. E, 3rd Battalion MS Cavalry Reserves, and I believe this man to be the William F. Moody under consideration here. Enlisted Aug. 10, 1864, at Augusta, Perry County, MS, at age 22 (if I have the right man). Present on Aug. 20, 1864, company muster roll. No further information in his military file with this command. Buried in the Byrd-Cowart Cemetery, 30.84080 -88.85250, located in the woods, appr. 250 ft. S of a point on Firth Littlefield Road that lies appr. 1200 ft. W of that road's intersection with Gene Sumrall Road, George County, MS, with a private marker. [Note: There are three cemeteries in George County, MS, that contain the name "Cowart." These are the Byrd-Cowart Cemetery, 30.84080 -88.85250, located in the woods, appr. 250 ft. S of a point on Firth Littlefield Road that lies appr. 1200 ft. W of that road's intersection with Gene Sumrall Road; the Cowart Cemetery, 30.90610 -88.46750, located appr. 600 ft. N of the intersection of US Hwy. 98 and Beaver Creek Road, Shipman; and, the Old King Cemetery (aka the Graham Family Cemetery, aka the Cowart Cemetery, and aka the O'Neal Cemetery), no GPS, but said to be located on private property just off Turner Whittington Road, Benndale, in the SW corner of George County.]

SERVICE CLARIFIED. William Marshall Moody (b. Maury County, TN, ca. 1831-d. George County, MS, 1920) claimed in his Confederate Pension application that he originally enlisted into Co. F ("Lauderdale Rifles," aka "Capt. Constantine Rea's Company," and aka "Capt. T.P. Wiggins' Company," and aka "Capt. Richard N. Rea's Company," raised in Lauderdale County, MS), 6th (Balfour's) Battalion MS Infantry, which became Co. F, 46th MS Infantry, but he has no service records in that command and never served in same. Moody was an Enrolled MS Conscript [i.e., a draftee], and served (with the rank of private) at the Engineer Office, Demopolis, Marengo County, AL. On March 31, 1865, Capt. & Acting Chief Engineer Walter J. Morris, Engineer Office, Dept. of AL, MS, and East LA, Meridian, MS, requested "that the following named men be detailed for the positions opposite their respective names in the organization of Impressed Slaves, in accordance with General Order No. 86, P. IV, A.&I.G.O., series 1864, and subject to the approval of the War Department, viz.: W.M. Moody, [currently an] Enrolled Conscript, [to be detailed as] 'Manager of Gang A, 2nd Section, Force No. I.'" [Note: The Impressed Slaves worked on fortifications, railroads, etc.] General Order No. 86 specifies that a Gang consist of 100 slaves, with a Manager and two Overseer assigned to each Gang. Managers were selected "from men qualified by experience in the management of slaves, and who are fitted for the position by their character for probity, energy, and intelligence." Managers were further charged to see that "every effort will be made to induce contentment in the slaves" and to see that "their discipline will be considerate and mild for minor offenses." A Manager who was found "guilty of cruelty towards them [i.e., the slaves]," would be

"promptly" removed and ordered to the ranks [i.e., busted to the rank of private.] An endorsement on the reverse of the referenced correspondence clearly refers to W.M. Moody as a private (proving again that he was a Confederate soldier). A further endorsement on the reverse of this correspondence shows that Pvt. Moody was actually already performing the duty referenced: "Respectfully returned with the request that the men be appointed to the positions indicated. They are now detailed with me & acting in the capacity specified, but it is better they should be regularly appointed. (signed) Minor Meriwether, Lt. Col. [of] Engineers, Demopolis [AL] 12 April 1865." Served till war's end. Surrendered at the general surrender of CS forces in the mid-Confederacy (i.e., the "Western Theater") at Citronelle, AL, on May 4, 1865, and physically paroled at Meridian, Lauderdale County, MS, on May 11, 1865. Residence given on parole as "Cuba Station, Miss." but this should read "Cuba Station, AL." Southern Patriot! Buried in the Magnolia Garden Cemetery (aka the Lucedale Magnolia Garden Cemetery), 30.91500 -88.58670, located at the NE corner of the intersection of Lumpkin Street and MS Hwy. 613, Lucedale, George County, MS, with (supposedly) a Confederate marker, though this is not shown on his find-a-grave page. "W.M. Moody" filed a Confederate Pension application in George County, MS, in 1916, in which he stated that he was a Confederate soldier in the "46th MS." [Note: His VA headstone was filed for in 1937 by Andrew Allman, but the VA could not find any records for W.M. Moody in the 46th MS Infantry, so they asked the MS Dept. of Public Accounts whether Moody had received a Confederate Pension; because he had received a CS Pension in George County, the VA issued the stone, even though Moody never served in the 46th MS Infantry. Moody was, however, a bona fide Confederate soldier in the Engineering Office, Dept. of AL, MS, and East LA.]

SERVICE CLARIFIED. Pvt. Andrew Thomas Murrah (b. Shelby County, AL, 1834-d. George County, MS, 19), (no company stated), 63rd AL Infantry (formerly the 2nd AL Reserves). No enlistment date/data. Was a late-war enlistee. Known only from his war's-end parole. Served till war's end. Surrendered at the general surrender of CS forces in the mid-Confederacy (i.e., the "Western Theater") at Citronelle, AL, on May 4, 1865, and physically paroled at Meridian, Lauderdale County, MS, on May 16, 1865. Residence given on parole as Shelby County, AL. Southern Patriot! "A.T. Murrah" filed a Confederate Pension application in George County, MS, in 1916, in which he stated that he was a Confederate soldier in the 53rd AL Cavalry, that he was living in Coosa County, AL, when he enlisted, that he enlisted on May 28, 1863, that he served in the 53rd for sixteen months, that he was transferred to the 2nd AL Infantry/2nd AL Reserves, on Oct. 16, 1864, and that he was in active service with his command when it surrendered at Spanish

Fort, Mobile, AL, at war's end. Unfortunately, the only part of his foregoing statement that can be verified is that he served (briefly) in the 2nd AL Reserves (aka, the 63rd AL Infantry). He has no records in the 53rd AL Infantry; there are two "Murrah's" in that command (Allen and Charles), but their names turn out to actually have been Murray. H. Grady Howell, in his best-ever index to MS CS soldiers, does list Pvt. A.T. Murrah as being in the 53rd AL Partisan Rangers (i.e., Cavalry), but he does so based solely on Murrah's Confederate Pension application data, and not on any other reliable sources. Similarly, some researchers state that Murrah served in Co. F, 2nd Battalion, Hilliard's AL Legion, but the only Murrah in that command is a Silas Murrah; there is a Thomas Murrer (sic), but he died during the war. Finally, some databases state that A.T. Murrah was a soldier in an unidentified MS infantry command, but no index of MS CS soldiers (other than Howell) carries his name; he never served in a MS CS command. Andrew Thomas Murrah served as a Confederate soldier, but only in the 63rd AL Infantry (aka the 2nd AL Reserves). Buried in the Merrill Cemetery (aka the McInnis Cemetery), 30.96750 -88.71640, located on the W side of appr. 114 Merrill Cemetery Road, Merrill, George County, MS, with a private marker that has the inscription "An Old Soldier." Elizabeth Murrah filed a Confederate Widow's Pension application in George County, MS, in 1929, in which she stated that her husband ("A.T. Murrah") was a Confederate soldier in the 53rd AL Cavalry.

Pvt. Hubbard Parker (b. Jackson County, MS, 1843-d. George County, MS, 1929), "Twiggs' Rifles" (aka "Capt. H.B. Griffin's Independent Company of MS Volunteers," raised in Jackson County, MS), which became Co. L, 27th MS Infantry. Enlisted Oct. 2, 1861, at Pascagoula, Jackson County, MS, at age 17/18. Present on Dec. 31, 1861, company muster roll, with notation "present, sick." Present on June 1862 company muster roll. Absent on Oct. 31, 1862, company muster roll, with notation "absent, sick." Present on Feb. 1863 company muster roll, with notation "has received no pay for 4 months, from July 1st to Oct. 31, 1862, through a mistake." Present on April 1863 company muster roll. Present on Feb. 1864 company muster roll, with notation "returned to Co. [on] Jan. 10, 1864; was in hospital since last paid." Present for clothing issue on April 30, 1864, at unspecified location (but probably in NW GA). Present for clothing issue on June 30, 1864, at unspecified location (but probably near Kennesaw Mountain, GA). Captured at the horrific Battle of Nashville, TN, on Dec. 16, 1865, and forwarded as a POW to Military Prison, Louisville, KY, arriving there on Jan. 2, 1865, and then forwarded to notorious Camp Chase, OH, POW Camp, where it was official Yankee policy to starve Confederate POW's in order to render them unfit for field service upon exchange. Arrived at Camp Chase, OH, POW Camp on Jan. 4, 1865. Released from Camp Chase, OH, POW Camp on June 12, 1865, after first having

taken the required Oath of Allegiance to the US. Parole gives residence as Jackson County, MS. Southern Patriot! Buried in the Parker Cemetery (aka the Parker Family Cemetery), 30.83101 -88.75500, located appr. 200 ft. SE of the S terminus of Parker Cemetery Road, with a Confederate marker. [Note: Hubbard Parker is listed in some databases as being buried in the Reeves Family Cemetery, but this is in error. He is buried in the Parker Cemetery.] "Hubbard Parker" filed a Confederate Pension application in George County, MS, in 1916, in which he stated that he was a Confederate soldier in the "27th MS."

DID NOT SERVE. James Buchanan Parker (b. AL, 1812-d. Jackson County, MS, 1900) is listed in some databases as having been a Confederate soldier in Co. C ("Hancock Rebels," raised in Hancock County, MS), 38th MS Infantry (Mounted), but he is not the James B. Parker who served in that command. The Sgt. James B. Parker who served in that command was, according to his military records, just 30 years-old in 1862, whereas the James Buchanan Parker under consideration here would have been appr. 50 years-old in 1862. They are not one and the same man. I have been unable to find any Confederate military records that match up with the James Buchanan Parker under consideration here. Buried in the James Buchanan Parker Cemetery, location unknown, George County, MS, with a Confederate marker that should be on the grave of the actual James B. Parker who really did serve in the 38th MS Infantry (Mounted).

SERVICE NOT VERIFIED. Jesse W. Parker (b. Jackson County, MS, 1846-d. George County, MS, 1926) is listed in some databases as having been a 2nd Lt. in Co. M, 1st MS Infantry, but none of the various "1st Mississippi's" have a Co. M except the 1st MS Cavalry (Adams'/Wood's), in which there is a 2nd Lt. J.J. Parker, but he was already 24 years old when he enlisted in 1861, so he cannot be the Jesse W. Parker under consideration here. "Jesse Parker" filed a Confederate Pension application in George County, MS, in 1923, in which he did not state his command, but stated that he enlisted in the spring of 1863 into a company led by "Capt. Marshal" and "Lt. Hill" and that he was "off on furlough, was sick" when the final surrender came. I have been unable to identify any Confederate service for him based on this information. I do not believe that he was ever a Confederate soldier. Eran Parker filed a Confederate Widow's Pension application in George County, MS, in 1927, in which she did not state her husband's ("Jesse Parker") command. Buried in the Gibson Family Cemetery, 30.78390 -88.65530, located about 300 ft. S of appr. 1230 River Road (or about 300 ft. S of a point on River Road that lies appr. 400 ft. SE of that road's junction with Tom Hempstead Road), George County, MS, with a private marker.

SERVICE NOT VERIFIED. GRAVESITE NOT FOUND. GENEALOGY NOT FOUND. John Parker (b. Jackson County, MS, 1844-d. George County, MS, 1922) is listed in some databases as having been a Confederate soldier in Co. C ("Quitman Rifles," raised in Holmes County, MS), 15th MS Infantry. And, indeed, there are two "John Parker's" in the 15th MS Infantry: Pvt. John A. Parker, Co. A ("Long Creek Rifles," raised in Attala County, MS), and Pvt. John T. Parker of Co. E ("McClung Rifles," raised in Carroll County, MS). All three companies are from counties far removed from Jackson County, MS, where John Parker was living in 1860. John A. Parker enlisted at Corinth, Tishomingo County, MS, and John T. Parker enlisted in Mill Springs, KY. I do not believe that the John Parker under consideration here ever served in the 15th MS Infantry. Buried in the Whittington Family Cemetery, located on private property with no GPS or directions given, Ruble, George County, MS, in an unmarked grave.

SERVICE CLARIFIED. Pvt. Rufus B. Parker [found as "Rufus B.W. Parker" in the military records] (b. Jackson County, MS, 1843-d. Jackson County, MS, 1900), Co. K ("Capt. George F. Abbay's Battery," aka "Abbay's Battery," and aka "Capt. S.C. Young's Battery," raised in Claiborne & Jefferson Counties, MS), 1st (Withers') MS Light Artillery. Enlisted Oct. 28, 1864, at Mobile, Mobile County, AL, at age 18, according to his military papers, but he had actually just turned 19. Present on Oct. 1864 company muster roll. An undated "Historic Roll" of the regiment states that he was a resident of Americus, Jackson County, MS, when he enlisted, that he was a farmer, and that he "deserted [from] Camp Maury, Mobile [Mobile County, AL, on] Dec. 1, 1864." A Dec. 1864 "Return of Semple's Battalion of Light Artillery, Department of the Gulf" [which the 1st MS Light Artillery was then attached to at Mobile, Mobile County, AL], also states that he deserted from Camp Maury on Dec. 1, 1864. No further information in his military file with this command. Buried in the Parker Cemetery (aka the Parker Family Cemetery), 30.83101 -88.75500, located appr. 200 ft. SE of the S terminus of Parker Cemetery Road, with a private marker (though some databases state that he has a Confederate marker). [Note: Some researchers maintain that Rufus B. Parker served in Co. A ("Capt. Abner C. Steede's Company," aka "Capt. Murdock McInnis' Company," raised in Jackson County, MS), 17th (Steede's) Battalion MS Cavalry, which eventually became Co. A, 9th (Miller's) MS Cavalry, but he never served in those commands and has no service records in them. Likewise, some researchers state that he served in Co. A ("Long Creek Rifles," raised in Attala County, MS), 15th MS Infantry, but the Rufus B. Parker who served in that command was already 21 years-old in 1861; they are not one and the same man.]

Pvt. Absalom Breland Pipkin [found as "Absalom Pipkin" and "A. Pipkins" in the military records] (b. Greene County, MS, 1842-d. George County, MS, 1924), Co. A ("Gaines Warriors," aka "Capt. Henry Roberts' Company," raised in Greene & Perry Counties, MS), 24th MS Infantry. Enlisted Aug. 22, 1861, in Greene County, MS, at age 18. Present on Sept. 10, 1861, company muster roll. Present on Oct. 31, 1861, company muster roll. Present on Feb. 28, 1862, company muster roll. Present on April 1862 company muster roll. Present on June 1862 company muster roll. Present on Oct. 31, 1862, company muster roll. Present on Dec. 1862 company muster roll. Present on Feb. 1863 company muster roll. Absent on April 1863 company muster roll, with notation "absent, sick, [by order of] Dr. Harper [since] since 24 March 1862." [Previous date should be "24 March 1863."] Paid "on Descriptive List" on May 29, 1863, indicating that he was paid while absent from his command, almost certainly while on sick furlough. Present on Feb. 1864 company muster roll. Present for clothing issue on June 30, 1864, at unspecified location, but probably in the vicinity of Kenesaw Mountain, GA. Almost certainly wounded at either the horrific Battle of Franklin, TN (Nov. 30, 1864), or the disastrous Battle of Nashville, TN (Dec. 15-16, 1865). Served till war's end. Surrendered at the general surrender of CS forces in the mid-Confederacy (i.e., the "Western Theater") at Citronelle, AL, on May 4, 1865, and physically paroled at Mobile, Mobile County, AL, on May 21, 1865. Residence given on parole as Greene County, MS. Southern Patriot! "Absalom Pipkin" filed a Confederate Pension application in George County, MS, in 1921, in which he stated that he was a Confederate soldier in the 24th MS Infantry, but that he was "at home suffering with wound received in service" when the final surrender came, which would explain why he was paroled at Mobile, AL, and not at Greensboro, NC, where the rest of his command was paroled. [Note: The only possible battles at which he could have received his wound would be the above-referenced Battles of Franklin, TN, and Nashville, TN.] Buried in the Pipkin Cemetery (aka the Pipkins Cemetery), 30.99690 -88.78060, located on the E side of Breland Road, at a point on that road that lies appr. 1500 ft. N of Leaf Church (or at a point on Breland Road that lies appr. 500 ft. S of that road's intersection with Crossing Road/Benjo Road), George County, MS, with a Confederate marker. [Note: There are two cemeteries in George County, MS, that contain the name "Pipkin" in their names. These are the Pipkin Cemetery, 30.91860 -88.64250, located on the W side of Pipkins Cemetery Road, at a point on that road that lies appr. 500 ft. N of that road's intersection with Merritt Road, Lucedale, George County, MS, and the Pipkin Cemetery (aka the Pipkins Cemetery), 30.99690 -88.78060, located on the E side of Breland Road, at a point on that road that lies appr. 1500 ft. N of Leaf Church (or at a point on Breland Road that lies appr. 500 ft. S of that road's intersection with Crossing Road/Benjo Road), George County, MS.]

SERVICE NOT VERIFIED. Charles M. Pipkin/Pipkins (b. Greene County, MS, 1847-d. George County, MS, 1930) is listed on find-a-grave as having been a soldier in "Co. H, 3rd MS Infantry," but he has no service records in that command or any other MS CS command. Charley/Charlie Pipkins himself filed Confederate Pension applications in Greene County, MS, in 1920 & 1923, in which he stated that he enlisted "in the latter part of 1864," in Wayne County, MS, into a "home guards" company led by "Capt. J.T. Harris," that he served until the surrender, and that he was absent from his command when the war ended "only a short time" because "I was separated from my company [because] I was detailed to draw rations and [was] separated by reason of heavy rains known as the Lincoln Fresh." However, no information on such a home guard command or a "Capt. J.T. Harris" has come to light. It is possible that such a home guard command did exist, but I can find no evidence of it. Charlottie Pipkins filed a Confederate Widow's Pension application in George County, MS, in 1930, in which she did not state her husband's ("Charlie Pipkins") command, but said that he served in "Co. H." Buried in the Pipkin Cemetery, 30.91860 -88.64250, located on the W side of Pipkins Cemetery Road, at a point on that road that lies appr. 500 ft. N of that road's intersection with Merritt Road, Lucedale, George County, MS, with marker type (if any) undetermined. [Note: There are two cemeteries in George County, MS, that contain the name "Pipkin" in their names. These are the Pipkin Cemetery, 30.91860 -88.64250, located on the W side of Pipkins Cemetery Road, at a point on that road that lies appr. 500 ft. N of that road's intersection with Merritt Road, Lucedale, George County, MS, and the Pipkin Cemetery (aka the Pipkins Cemetery), 30.99690 -88.78060, located on the E side of Breland Road, at a point on that road that lies appr. 1500 ft. N of Leaf Church (or at a point on Breland Road that lies appr. 500 ft. S of that road's intersection with Crossing Road/Benjo Road), George County, MS.]

Pvt. Benjamin Reeves (b. Jackson County***, MS, ca. 1806@@@-d. Jackson County^^^, MS, 1890), Co. A+++ ("Capt. Abner C. Steede's Company," aka "Capt. Murdock McInnis' Company," raised in Jackson County, MS), 17th (Steede's) Battalion MS Cavalry. Enlisted March 19, 1862, at appr. age 56. In 1863, this company was temporarily dismounted and attached (as Co. A) to the 1st Confederate Infantry Battalion. It was while serving with the 1st Confederate Infantry Battalion that Pvt. Reeves was discharged on Nov. 4, 1863, on the direct order of Gen. Joseph E. Johnston. His discharge paper reads, in part, "Camp near Canton [Madison County], Miss., October 29th 1863. Pvt. Benjamin Reeves...is fifty-seven years of age, six feet high, fair complexion, hazle (sic) eyes, light hair....During the last two months, said soldier has been unfit for duty sixty days.

The above-named Private, while in Cavalry service, managed to do his duties tolerably well, but since his Company was dismounted [in] March 1863, he has been unfit for service by reason of the infirmities incident to old age and life in Camp. (signed) M. McInnis, Captain, Commanding Company." Assistant Surgeon Isaac W. Anderson wrote of Pvt. Reeves, "[I] find him incapable of performing the duties of a soldier in consequence of [a] broken constitution, the result of advanced years & the exposure incident to Camp life. I furthermore give as my opinion that a continuance in the service, exposed to the vicissitudes of weather &c., will materially shorten his days &, if not, will render him unfit to provide for a helpless & needy family & I would therefore recommend his discharge from service." Old Southern Patriarch & Patriot! Buried in the Benjamin Reeves Cemetery (aka Buzzard Roost Cemetery), no GPS, no directions found, George County, MS, with a private marker. [Note: There are five cemeteries in George County, MS, that contain the name "Reeves" in their titles. These are the Reeves Family Cemetery, 30.82232 -88.76413, with no direct access, located appr. 3500 ft. E of the intersection of State Hwy. 57 and Wilton Byrd Road; the Reeves-Carter Cemetery, 30.83501 -88.78367, located appr. 150 ft. NNW of the intersection of George Allen Road and Cindy's Lane; the Reeves-Smith Cemetery, 30.831020 -88.785990, at the W terminus of Reeves-Smith Cemetery Road; the Benjamin Reeves Cemetery (aka Buzzard Roost Cemetery), no GPS, no directions found; and, the William Reeves Cemetery (aka Farnsworth Cemetery ?), 30.86330 -88.77630, located appr. 1200 ft. S of 172 Eubanks Drive, Benndale.] Nancy Reeves filed a Confederate Widow's Pension application in George County, MS, in 1916, in which she stated that her husband ("Benjamin Reeves") was a Confederate soldier in the 9th MS Cavalry. [***Note: Birth county taken from his army discharge paper.] [^^^Note: Died at Cross Roads, which was part of Jackson County, MS, at the time; this information from his widow's Confederate Widow's Pension application.] [@@@Note: Birth year taken from his army discharge paper.] [+++Note: The National Archives' microfilmed Confederate service records confuse the Benjamin Reeves (under consideration here), Co. A, 9th MS Cavalry, with the "B. Reeves" of Co. E ("Chickasaw Mounted Guards," raised in Chickasaw County, MS), 9th MS Cavalry, but they are not one and the same. The Benjamin Reeves under consideration here never served in Co. E, 9th MS Cavalry.]

SERVICE NOT VERIFIED. James Reeves (b. Jackson County, MS, 1830-d. George County, MS, 1906). Some databases state that he served in "Capt. William P. Maxey's Company of Mounted Infantry (MS State Troops)," but that company was a Rankin County company, while James Reeves was living in Jackson County, MS, at the time that the "Pvt. J. Reeves" was enlisting at Brandon, Rankin County, MS (April 26, 1863). I do not believe that the "J. Reeves" (whose name might not

even be "James") of this command is the same man as the James Reeves under consideration here. Buried in the Crossroads United Methodist Church Cemetery, 30.88583 -88.71083, located behind the eponymous church at the NW corner of the intersection of MS State Hwy. 26 & Crossroads Road, Crossroads, George County, MS, with a private marker. [Note: There are 2 cemeteries that bear the name "Crossroads" in George County, MS. They are the Crossroads United Methodist Church Cemetery and the Crossroads Free Pentecostal Church Cemetery.]

SERVICE CLARIFIED. John Ira Reeves, Sr. (b. Greene County, MS, 1828-d. George County, MS, 1919) has a VA Confederate marker that states that he served in the 3rd MS Infantry, but the John Reeves under consideration here never served in that command, as the Pvt./Corp. John Reeves of the 3rd MS Infantry was killed in action during the Atlanta Campaign on July 20, 1864. [A mistaken family member simply confused the one John Reeves with the other John Reeves.] However, I believe that John Ira Reeves was a Confederate soldier. I believe him to be the Pvt. John Reeves, Co. A ("Capt. Abner C. Steede's Company," aka "Capt. Murdock McInnis' Company," raised in Jackson County, MS), 17th (Steede's) Battalion MS Cavalry. [Hon. Dan McCaskill, editor of the MS Division, Sons of Confederate Veterans, Confederate Graves Database also believes that John Ira Reeves is this 9th MS Cavalry soldier.] Enlisted March 29, 1862, in Jackson County, MS, at age 34. In late April 1863, this company was temporarily dismounted and attached to the 14th MS Infantry. In late June 1863, it was attached (as Co. D) to the 1st Confederate Infantry Battalion. On Dec. 24, 1863, it was reunited with Steede's Battalion MS Cavalry, which was augmented to become the 9th (Miller's) MS Cavalry, with Co. A continuing as Co. A in the 9th MS Cavalry. Present on Dec. 1863 company muster roll. Served will war's end. Surrendered at the general surrender of CS forces in the mid-Confederacy (i.e., the "Western Theater") at Citronelle, AL, on May 4, 1865, and physically paroled at Mobile, Mobile County, AL, on May 30, 1865. Residence given on parole as Jackson County, MS. Age given on parole as 35 (which is within the general margin of error for ages in Confederate military records). Southern Patriot! Buried in the Reeves Family Cemetery, 30.82232 -88.76413, with no direct access, located appr. 3500 ft. E of the intersection of State Hwy. 57 and Wilton Byrd Road, with a Confederate marker that incorrectly states that he serve in the 3rd MS Infantry and which should say that he served in the 9th MS Cavalry. [Note: There are five cemeteries in George County, MS, that contain the name "Reeves" in their titles. These are the Reeves Family Cemetery, 30.82232 -88.76413, with no direct access, located appr. 3500 ft. E of the intersection of State Hwy. 57 and Wilton Byrd Road; the Reeves-Carter Cemetery, 30.83501 -88.78367, located appr. 150 ft.

NNW of the intersection of George Allen Road and Cindy's Lane; the Reeves-Smith Cemetery, 30.831020 -88.785990, at the W terminus of Reeves-Smith Cemetery Road; the Benjamin Reeves Cemetery (aka Buzzard Roost Cemetery), no GPS, no directions found; and, the William Reeves Cemetery (aka Farnsworth Cemetery ?), 30.86330 -88.77630, located appr. 1200 ft. S of 172 Eubanks Drive, Benndale.]

SERVICE NOT VERIFIED. John Thomas Rogers (b. Jackson County, MS, 1848-d. Mobile County, AL, 1922) has a VA Confederate marker that states that he served in Co. B, 4th MS Cavalry. However, when he filed a Confederate Pension application in George County, MS, in 1920 (as "John T. Rogers"), he specifically stated that he enlisted into "Co. A, Steede's Battalion," which could only be Co. A ("Capt. Abner C. Steede's Company," aka "Capt. Murdock McInnis' Company," raised in Jackson County, MS), 17th (Steede's) Battalion MS Cavalry. [Note: In late April 1863, this company was temporarily dismounted and attached to the 14th MS Infantry. In late June 1863, it was attached (as Co. D) to the 1st Confederate Infantry Battalion. On Dec. 24, 1863, it became Co. A, 9th (Miller's) MS Cavalry.] John T. Rogers also stated that he enlisted "in the fall of 1864," that he served for one year (the war ended well before he could possibly have served for a year), that his command surrendered in Wayne County, MS (this is not documented), and that he was transferred to "Co. I," but whether this Co. I was in Steede's Battalion or some other command is not stated. None of the foregoing is documented. In fact, there is no J.T. Rogers in Steede's Battalion MS Cavalry or its successor command, the 9th MS Cavalry. (A William Rogers did served in Steede's Battalion and the 9th MS Cavalry and a James Rogers served in the 9th MS Cavalry.) A J.T. Rogers did serve in Co. B, 4th MS Cavalry and in its predecessor command -- Stockdale's Battalion MS Cavalry. However, a closer look at this man reveals that he was not the John Thomas Rogers of old Jackson County (now George County) under consideration here, but, rather, a James T. Rogers who lived in Covington County, MS. The John Thomas Rogers under consideration here was never a Confederate soldier. I don't have access to the application for his VA Confederate headstone, but, typically, the story runs like this: John Thomas Rogers applies for a Confederate pension (which he was not eligible for, since he didn't serve). The pension was granted by the local Pension Board (which didn't have access to Confederate military records). The VA marker was applied for by a sincere relative who did not know that Rogers actually did not serve and that relative stipulated that Rogers served in Steede's Battalion. The VA rejected the application because Rogers had no records in Steede's Battalion and wrote to either the local Pension Board, the local Chancery Clerk, the State Comptroller of Public Accounts, or the MS Dept. of Archives & History to ask whether Rogers had ever

received a Confederate Pension. That office confirmed the issuance of a Confederate pension (even though he had not served). The VA then tried to match any man with a similar name to John Thomas Rogers and found James T. Rogers (who appears as "J.T. Rogers" in the records of the 4th MS Cavalry (but as "James T. Rogers" in Stockdale's Battalion MS Cavalry, the predecessor command to the 4th MS Cavalry) and issues the stone. One other common version of how a non-soldier receives a VA Confederate marker is that the relative filing the marker application simply states the non-soldier's name and doesn't indicate a specific military command (but might say "Confederate cavalry" or something similarly vague). Again, the VA would query MS officials for a Confederate pension issuance and then issue the marker for the closest matching (real) soldier. Buried in the New Hope Cemetery (aka the New Hope Missionary Baptist Church Cemetery), 30.80750 -88.50830, located on the S side of appr. 200 New Hope Church Road, Agricola, George County, MS, with a Confederate marker that should be on the grave of James T. Rogers. Sarah Rogers filed a Confederate Widow's Pension application in George County, MS, in 1924, in which she stated that her husband ("John T. Rogers") was a Confederate soldier in "Steed's Battalion."

Pvt./4th Corp./3rd Corp./1st Corp. Joseph Griffin Rogers (b. Jackson County, MS, 1842-d. George County, MS, 1925), Co. A ("Live Oak Rifles," aka "Capt. James B. McRae's Company," raised in Jackson County, MS), 3rd MS Infantry. Enlisted as a private on Sept. 18, 1861, at Ocean Springs, Jackson County, MS, at age 19. Present as 4th Corp. on Sept. 1, 1862, company muster roll. Present on Oct. 1862 company muster roll. Present as 3rd Corp. on March 1, 1863, company muster roll. Present as 1st Corp. on Aug. 1, 1863, company muster roll. Present on Oct. 1863 company muster roll. Present on Dec. 1863 company muster roll. Absent on April 1864 company muster roll, with notation "on furlough since April 29, 1864." Present on Aug. 1864 company muster roll. Feb. 28, 1865, company muster roll states "deserted [at] Mobile [Mobile County,] Ala., Feb. 3rd, 1865." No further information in his military file with this command. Buried in the Finch Cemetery, 30.810445 -88.480034, located on the N side of New Hope Church Road at a point on that road that lies appr. 1400 ft. N and E of that road's junction with Corley Road, Agricola, George County, MS, with a Confederate marker. [Note: There are four cemeteries in George County, MS, that contain the name "Finch." These are the Finch Cemetery (aka the Bobby Finch Cemetery), the Finch Cemetery (aka the Finch Family Cemetery, 30.830210 -88.515609, located at the intersection of MS Hwy. 612 and MS Hwy. 613, N of Agricola), the Finch Cemetery (30.80970 -88.48080, New Hope Church Road, E of Agricola), and the Finch Cemetery (South) (30.78940 -88.52110, Willie Finch Road).] "J.G. Rogers" filed a

Confederate Pension application in George County, MS, in 1921, in which he stated that he was a Confederate soldier in Co. A, 1st MS Regiment, under Col. Mellon and Capt. J.B. McRae, but he was confused, as he served in the 3rd MS Infantry under those officers. Corp. Rogers stated that he was with his command in active service "near Durham Station, S.C." [should be NC] when the final surrender came, but this contention is not borne out by his actual military service records.

Pvt. Blanton Burlington "Snow" Rouse, Jr. [found as "B. Snow Rause" in the military records] (b. Jackson County, MS, 1837-d. George County, MS, 1912), Co. E ("Capt. Mayers' Company," raised in Harrison County, MS), 17th (Steede's) Battalion MS Cavalry. Enlisted May 14, 1862, in Perry County, MS, at age 24. Dec. 1863 company muster roll states "deserted May 18th 1863." No further information in his military file with this command. [Note: On Dec. 24, 1863, Mayers' Company became Co. C, 9th (Miller's) MS Cavalry, but Pvt. Rouse/Rause has no service records in that command.] Buried in the Crossroads United Methodist Church Cemetery, 30.88583 -88.71083, located behind the eponymous church at the NW corner of the intersection of MS State Hwy. 26 & Crossroads Road, Crossroads, George County, MS, with a private marker. [Note: There are 2 cemeteries that bear the name "Crossroads" in George County, MS. They are the Crossroads United Methodist Church Cemetery and the Crossroads Free Pentecostal Church Cemetery.]

SERVICE NOT VERIFIED. Littleton/Littlon Jesse Shephard [found as "Jesse Shepherd" and "Jesse Sheppard" in the military records] (b. Greene County, MS, 1836-d. Greene County, MS, 1908), is considered by some family researchers to have been a Confederate soldier in Co. B ("W.R. Nelson Guards," aka "Capt. William R. Nelson's Company," aka "Capt. James L. Kennedy's Company," raised in Tishomingo County, MS), 32nd MS Infantry, but I can't find any connection between Littleton Jesse Shephard and Tishomingo County, MS. I think that a wishfully-thinking family member simply concluded -- erroneously -- that these two men were one and the same.] Similarly, the MS Division (Sons of Confederate Veterans) Confederate Graves Database states that Pvt. Shephard served in Co. E ("Capt. John G. Cleveland's Company," aka "Capt. Washington Lott's Company," raised in Mobile County, AL), 36th AL Infantry, but he has no service records in that command. Additionally, I can find no MS or AL CS soldiers with similar names who match up in any way with this man. I do not believe that he was ever a Confederate soldier. Buried in the Macedonia Missionary Baptist Church Cemetery, 30.955647 -88.440887, located on the W

side of appr. 4700 Brushy Creek Road (on the N side of Macedonia Missionary Baptist Church), George County, MS, with a private marker.

SERVICE CLARIFIED. Pvt. John H. Shepherd (b. Greene County, MS, 1820-d. Greene County, MS, 1895), Co. A ("Jasper County Company," aka "Capt. L.B. Pardue's Company," raised in Jasper County, MS), 7th (Terral's) Battalion MS Infantry. Enlisted in Greene County, MS, on Oct. 5, 1863, at age 43. Present on Oct. 31, 1863, company muster roll. [Note: There is a Dec. 8, 1863, notice in his military records that he was "paroled" on that date, but this is a clerical error, as he was not a POW at any time who would have required a parole.] Present on Dec. 1863 company muster roll. Absent on Feb. 1864 company muster roll, with notation "absent without leave since 27th Feb. 1864." No further information in his military file with this command. However, a war's end parole for a "John Shepherd, Pvt., [Co.] A, 7th Miss. Infantry," is found among the service records of Pvt. John Shepherd, Co. H, 7th MS Infantry -- a different and larger command than the 7th Battalion MS Infantry -- and I believe that this war's end parole actually belongs to Pvt. John H. Shepherd of Co. A, 7th Battalion MS Infantry and was simply mis-transcribed and mis-filed under the wrong man's name. I think that Pvt. John H. Shepherd of Co. A, 7th Battalion MS Infantry, actually served till war's end. Southern Patriot! "John H. Shepherd" received a Confederate Pension \$32.25 in Greene County, MS, in 1893; pensions issued this early in the pension program were usually reserved for soldiers who had been seriously wounded during the war. Elethie Shepherd filed a Confederate Widow's Pension application in Greene County, MS, in 1905, in which she stated that her husband ("J.H. Shepherd") enlisted in 1863, was a Confederate soldier in Co. A, 7th Battalion MS Infantry, under "C.L.B. Perdueton" (who turns out to be the actual Capt. L.B. Purdue of his company), and who was paroled at Mobile, Mobile County, AL, at war's end. [Note: Some researchers have concluded that John H. Shepherd served in Co. F ("Hillsboro Rebels," raised in Scott County, MS) 36th MS Infantry, but he never served in that command and has no service records in same. Buried in the Pipkin Cemetery (aka the Pipkins Cemetery), 30.99690 -88.78060, located on the E side of Breland Road, at a point on that road that lies appr. 1500 ft. N of Leaf Church (or at a point on Breland Road that lies appr. 500 ft. S of that road's intersection with Crossing Road/Benjo Road), George County, MS, with a private marker. [Note: There are two cemeteries in George County, MS, that contain the name "Pipkin" in their names. These are the Pipkin Cemetery, 30.91860 - 88.64250, located on the W side of Pipkins Cemetery Road, at a point on that road that lies appr. 500 ft. N of that road's intersection with Merritt Road, Lucedale, George County, MS, and the Pipkin Cemetery (aka the Pipkins Cemetery), 30.99690 -88.78060, located on the E side of Breland Road, at a point on that road

that lies appr. 1500 ft. N of Leaf Church (or at a point on Breland Road that lies appr. 500 ft. S of that road's intersection with Crossing Road/Benjo Road), George County, MS.]

SERVICE NOT VERIFIED. GENEALOGY NOT FOUND. Alford Smith (b. Greene County, MS, 1823-d. George County, MS, 1889) is listed in some databases as having been a "gunner" and private in Co. I, 4th AL Light Artillery, but there was never a 4th AL Light Artillery and no service records have been found in any AL CS command for "Alford Smith." I do not believe that he was ever a Confederate soldier. Buried in the Crossroads United Methodist Church Cemetery, 30.88583 -88.71083, located behind the eponymous church at the NW corner of the intersection of MS State Hwy. 26 & Crossroads Road, Crossroads, George County, MS, with marker type (if any) undetermined. [Note: There are 2 cemeteries that bear the name "Crossroads" in George County, MS. They are the Crossroads United Methodist Church Cemetery and the Crossroads Free Pentecostal Church Cemetery.]

Pvt. George W. Smith (b. prob. AL, 1842-d. George County, MS, 1916), Co. A ("Capt. Murdock McInnis' Company," raised in Jackson County, MS), 9th (Miller's) MS Cavalry. Enlisted April 1, 1864, in Jasper County, MS, at age appr. 21/22. Absent on Dec. 1864 company muster roll, with notation "absent sick at hospital." Served until war's end. Surrendered at the general surrender of CS forces in the mid-Confederacy (i.e., the "Western Theater") at Citronelle, AL, on May 4, 1865, and physically paroled at Mobile, Mobile County, AL, on June 12, 1865. Residence given on parole as Greene County, MS. Southern Patriot! Buried in the Rocky Creek Cemetery, 30.94580 -88.51970, located on the E side of Rocky Creek Road at the intersection of that road and Harvey Welford Road, George County, MS, with both a private and a Confederate marker.

SERVICE CLARIFIED (AFTER SEVERAL HOURS!). William Pinkney Taylor (b. prob. Rankin County, MS, 1836-d. George County, MS, 1913) has a Confederate headstone in the Rocky Creek Cemetery that states that he was a 1st Sgt., Co. H ("Panola Vindicators," raised in Panola County, MS), 17th MS Infantry, but he never served in that command. There are, indeed, two William P. Taylors in the 17th MS Infantry, but 1st Sgt. Wm. P. Taylor of Co. H was born in VA and was living in Batesville, Panola County, MS, when he enlisted, whereas the William Pinkney Taylor under consideration here was living in Mobile, AL, at this time, so 1st Sgt. Wm. P. Taylor is not William Pinkney Taylor. The other Wm. P. Taylor in the 17th MS Infantry was a private in Co. A and died while in service in 1861 near Carter's Mills, VA. So, Wm. Pinkney Taylor absolutely did

not serve in the 17th MS Infantry. **HIS WIDOW'S CONFEDERATE PENSION APPLICATION:** Next, we look to Wm. P. Taylor's wife's Confederate Widow's Pension application for clues to the actual command in which he served, but find confusion there, too, because Mary Ann Taylor was 80 years-old when she filed her pension application in George County, MS, in 1916, and she was a little shaky on some of the details. She had been living in MS since 1873. In her application, she stated that her husband ("William Pinkney Taylor") was a Confederate soldier in the "15th MS Cavalry," under "Col. Miller," in Co. D, that he enlisted in Mobile County, AL, in 1862, that he served for four years, that he served until the war ended, and that he was discharged in April 1865 at Mobile, AL. The bad news: there never was a 15th MS Cavalry, he did not enlist in Mobile County, AL, he never served in Co. D in any command, he did not serve for four years, he did not serve till the war ended, and he has no war's-end parole -- whether at Mobile, AL, or elsewhere. The good news: Mary Ann Taylor gave us the name of "Col. Miller," who was the colonel of the 9th (Miller's) MS Cavalry. The 9th (Miller's) MS Cavalry was the successor command of the 17th (Steede's) Battalion MS Cavalry, and, by checking the records of both of these commands, we find cross-references to the 15th Confederate Cavalry. Pvt. William Pinkney Taylor served in all three of the latter commands, though he did not serve till war's end in any of them or till war's end in any other command that I have been able to identify.

17TH (STEEDE'S) BATTALION MS CAVALRY (in which records we are re-directed to the 15th Confederate Cavalry): Pvt. William Pinkney Taylor [found as "W.P. Taylor" in the military records] enlisted on March 26, 1862, in Jackson County, MS, into Co. A ("Capt. Abner C. Steede's Company," aka "Capt. Murdock McInnis' Company," raised in Jackson County, MS), 17th (Steede's) Battalion MS Cavalry. In late April 1863, this company was temporarily dismounted and attached to the 14th MS Infantry. In late June 1863, it was attached (as Co. D) to the 1st Confederate Infantry Battalion. But Pvt. W.P. Taylor may not have been present with Steede's Battalion at this point, as he had (illegally) enlisted into a second command.

FIRST CAREER WITH THE 15TH CONFEDERATE CAVALRY (in which records we are re-directed to both the 17th Battalion MS Cavalry and the 9th MS Cavalry): He was enlisted on June 17, 1863, at West Pascagoula, MS, by Capt. Murrell, into Co. H ("Capt. Murrell's Company"), 15th Confederate Cavalry. Present or absent not stated on Sept. 12, 1863, company muster roll. However, the Oct. 1863 company muster roll (dated Nov. 30, 1863) states "transferred irregularly [to this command], mustered, and turned over to his proper command" [i.e., the 9th MS Cavalry].

CAREER WITH THE 9TH (MILLER'S) MS CAVALRY: Back with the 9th MS Cavalry, he was by Capt. Butler on Oct. 31, 1863 (from 17th Battn. & 9th MS records). On Dec. 24, 1863, Steede's Battalion was consolidated with other units to become the 9th (Miller's)

MS Cavalry, with Co. A of Steede's becoming Co. A of Miller's MS Cavalry. Present on Dec. 1863 company muster roll. On May 17, 1864, he received a clothing issue at Selma, Dallas County, AL, as a Pvt., Co. A, Miller's Regt. On June 14, 1864, a received clothing issue at Selma, Dallas County, AL, again as a Pvt. Co. A, Miller's Regt. He was reported as "absent without leave" on the Dec. 1864 company muster roll for the 9th (Miller's) MS Cavalry, because he had rejoined the 15th Confederate Cavalry (though no surviving documentation shows how he was able to do this). **SECOND CAREER WITH THE 15TH CONFEDERATE CAVALRY:** Present again with Co. H, 15th Confederate Cavalry, on June 30, 1864, company muster roll. Received clothing issue for the 3rd Quarter of 1864 on Sept. 7, 1864, at unspecified location. Admitted Oct. 10, 1864, to Ross Hospital, Mobile, Mobile County, AL, suffering from recurring fever & syphilis, and sent to General Hospital (probably also in Mobile), on Dec. 5, 1864. No further records in any command. [Note: A "Pvt. Wm. Taylor, 15 Confed. Cav." was paroled on May 15, 1865, at Tallahassee, but, given that there were 3 "W. Taylor's" in this command and 3 of its constituent companies were from FL, it is extremely unlikely that this "W. Taylor" is the William Pinkney Taylor under consideration here.] Buried in the Rocky Creek Cemetery, 30.94580 -88.51970, located on the E side of Rocky Creek Road at the intersection of that road and Harvey Welford Road, George County, MS, with a VA Confederate marker that incorrectly ascribes his service to the 17th MS Infantry.

Pvt. John S. Tucker [found as "J.S. Tucker" and as "John S. Tucker" in the military records] (b. VA, 1830-d. Jackson County, MS, 1900), Co. D ("Capt. James Miller's Company," raised in Clarke County, MS), 17th (Steede's) Battalion MS Cavalry. Enlisted Feb. 9, 1863, in at Pascagoula, Jackson County, MS, at appr. age 32/33. Absent on Dec. 1863 company muster roll, with notation "absent sick in hospital." On Dec. 24 1863, Steede's Battalion was augmented to become the 9th (Miller's) MS Cavalry. Co. D of Steede's Battalion became Co. B of the 9th (Miller's) MS Cavalry. Present as a patient (medical complaint not stated) on Jan. 1, 1864, hospital muster roll for French's Division Hospital, Lockhart, Lauderdale County, MS, with notation "has never been paid" and further notation that he had been "returned to duty" since the muster roll was taken. Seems to have been detailed to the Quartermaster's Department. Served will war's end. Surrendered at the general surrender of CS forces in the mid-Confederacy (i.e., the "Western Theater") at Citronelle, AL, on May 4, 1865, and physically paroled with the Quartermaster's Department at Mobile, Mobile County, AL, on May 23, 1865. [Note: Though detailed to the Quartermaster's Department, Pvt. Tucker was still listed as a private in Co. D, 9th (Miller's) MS Cavalry.] Residence given on parole as Jackson County, MS. Southern Patriot! Buried in the Dean Cemetery, location

not specified, George County, MS, with marker type (if any) undetermined. [Note: Some family researchers have concluded that the John S. Tucker under consideration here is the same man as the John S. Tucker who was a private in Co. D ("Bibb Rifles," aka "Capt. Alfred V. Gardner's Company," raised in Bibb County, AL), 4th Battalion AL Infantry, which became the 29th AL Infantry, but that John S. Tucker is a different man who is buried in Confederate Cemetery No. 2, Chilton County, AL. The John S. Tucker who is buried in the Dean Cemetery was never in the 29th AL Infantry.]

YANKEE SOLDIER, NOT CONFEDERATE SOLDIER. Pvt. John William Vanosdol (b. Shelby County, IN, 1841-d. George County, MS, 1805), Co. A ("Capt. Jacob S. Buchanan's Company") & Co. D ("Capt. Daniel P. Keister's Company"), 3rd IN Cavalry. Service record not available to this researcher, but the regiment was organized at Madison, IN, on Aug. 22, 1861. Companies A & D were part of the "East Wing" of the regiment and served with the Army of the Potomac in the Eastern Theater. Buried in the Gardner Cemetery, 30.876667 - 88.608056, appr. 141 Rogers Smith Road, George County, MS, with a VA Yankee marker. [Note: He applied for a Federal Civil War pension on Aug. 19, 1890, while living in Grant Township, Marion County, Kansas. His VA marker was ordered in 1938 by "Mrs. C.H. Vanosdol."]

Pvt./2nd Sgt./1st Sgt. Dawson Walters (b. Jackson County, MS, 1830-d. George County, MS, 1914), Co. C ("Capt. Evans' Rangers," raised in Harrison County, MS), 17th (Steede's) Battalion MS Cavalry. Enlisted as a private on May 14, 1862, in Jackson County, MS. Transferred on March 1, 1863, to Co. E ("Capt. Mayers' Company," raised in Harrison County, MS), 17th (Steede's) Battalion MS Cavalry. Absent on June 30, 1863, company muster roll, with notation "sick in Hospital at Holmesville [Pike County], Miss., [since] May 8, 1863." Present as 1st Sgt. on Dec. 1863 company muster roll. On Dec. 24, 1863, Steede's Battalion was augmented to become the 9th (Miller's) MS Cavalry. Co. E of Steede's Battalion MS Cavalry became Co. C of the 9th MS Cavalry. Present as 2nd Sgt. on Dec. 1864 company muster roll, with notation "[Sgt. Walters] signs [company] muster roll as Commanding the Company." No further information in his military file with this command. Buried in the Dawson Walters Family Cemetery (aka the Walters Cemetery, aka the Walters Family Cemetery, and aka the Dawson Walters Cemetery), 30.78658 -88.50221, located on the N side of Ronald Williams Road at a point on that road that lies appr. 800 ft. E of that road's junction with State Hwy. 613, Agricola, George County, MS, with a private marker because the VA denied him a VA Confederate marker because they failed to find his legitimate Confederate service records!!! [And, yes, he is a legitimate Confederate veteran.]

DID NOT SERVE MILITARILY, BUT SUPPORTED THE CONFEDERACY ECONOMICALLY. Cornelius F. Ward (b. Jackson County, MS, 1816-d. Jackson County, MS, 1900) sold "618 lbs. Unwashed Wool @ \$5.50 [per lb.]" for \$3399.00 at Mobile, Mobile County, AL, on May 31, 1864. Wool was in high demand for making woolen uniforms for the Confederate army. Southern Patriot!

[Note: Some family researchers have confused the Cornelius F. Ward under consideration here with Pvt. Cornelius Ward, Co. E ("Yazoo Greys," raised in Yazoo County, MS), 30th MS Infantry, but the Cornelius Ward of the 30th MS Infantry was born in 1835 (enlisted at age 27) and is not the same man as the Cornelius F. Ward under consideration here.]

Pvt. Richard Ward (b. Greene County, NC, 1841-d. George County, MS, 1917), Co. A ("Greene County Riflemen," aka "Greene County Rifle Company," and aka "Capt. Robert H. Drysdale's Company," raised in Greene County, NC), 3rd NC Infantry (State Troops). Enlisted on April 27, 1861, at Snow Hill, Greene County, NC, just two days before his 20th birthday. Present on Oct. 1861 company muster roll. Present on Dec. 1861 company muster roll. Present or absent not stated, but presence implied, on March 1, 1862, company muster roll. Present on April 1862 company muster roll. Present on July 14, 1862, company muster roll. Present on Oct. 31, 1862, company muster roll. Present on Dec. 1862 company muster roll. Absent on Feb. 1863 company muster roll, with notation "home on furlough for (20) days from Feb. 26, 1863." Wounded at the Battle of Chancellorsville, Spotsylvania County, VA, on May 2, 1863. Admitted to Receiving and Wayside Hospital, or General Hospital No. 9, Richmond, VA, on May 6, 1863, and forwarded same day to Chimborazo Hospital No. 3, Richmond, VA, suffering from (I think) a contusion wound to his right arm. Absent on May 15, 1863, company muster roll, with notation "wounded in action at Chancellorsville [Spotsylvania Courthouse, VA, on] May 2, 1863." Returned to service from Chimborazo Hospital on May 27, 1863. Wounded and captured at the Battle of Gettysburg, Adams County, PA, on July 2, 1863. Appears on a Yankee "Register of sick and wounded Confederates in the hospitals in and about Gettysburg, Pa., after the battle of July 1, 2, and 3, 1863," with notations "complaint -- flesh wound in thigh" and "sent to General Hospital [on] July 18, 1863." Forwarded as a POW under guard of the Federal Provost Marshals to DeCamp General Hospital, Davids' (sic) Island, New York Harbor, arriving at the latter place sometime between July 19-24, 1863. Appears on the "Roll of Honor" for his company for the Battle of Gettysburg. Absent on Aug. 11, 1863, company muster roll, with notation "wounded at Gettysburg, Penn., [on] July 2, 1863." Absent on Aug. 31, 1863, company muster roll, with notation "wounded and taken prisoner [at the Battle of Gettysburg]."

Absent on Oct. 1863 company muster roll, with notation "wounded at Gettysburg, Penn., [on] July 2, 1863, and left in [the] hands of [the] enemy." Paroled as a POW in DeCamp General Hospital, Davids' (sic) Island, New York Harbor, on Oct. 22, 1863, and forwarded for exchange to City Point, VA [about 20 miles SE of Richmond, VA], where he was physically exchanged on Oct. 28, 1863. Admitted same day to Receiving and Wayside Hospital, or General Hospital No. 9, Richmond, VA, and forwarded the following day to 4th Division General Hospital, Camp Winder, Richmond, VA, where he received a clothing issue on Nov. 1, 1863. Absent on Dec. 1863 company muster roll, with notation "wounded at Gettysburg, Penn., [on] July 2, 1863, [and now at] home in N.C. on furlough." Initially marked absent on Aug. 31, 1864, company muster roll, with notation "wounded at Gettysburg, Pa., [on] July 2, 1863, [and] now home on furlough," but there is the additional notation "returned since muster." However, he was present for pay at Raleigh, NC, on Sept. 6, 1864. Present on Oct. 1864 company muster roll. Present on Dec. 1864 company muster roll. Retired to the Invalid Corps on Dec. 1, 1864, at Richmond, VA, and assigned to light duty on Dec. 7, 1864, by Special Order No. 299/6, Army of Northern VA, said duty to be performed at a hospital or other facility, with the military post at Goldsboro, NC, originally being designated for Pvt. Ward. However, he was detailed on Jan. 10, 1865, by the Medical Director, Richmond, VA, to report to the surgeon in charge at Danville, VA. A Jan. 25, 1865, "Report of detailed men on duty in 1st Division General Hospital, Danville, Va.," states that Pvt. Ward is "unfit for field duty." No further information in his military file with this command or with the Invalid Corps. No war's-end parole, but he was clearly a Southern Patriot! Buried in the Crossroads United Methodist Church Cemetery, 30.88583 -88.71083, located behind the eponymous church at the NW corner of the intersection of MS State Hwy. 26 & Crossroads Road, Crossroads, George County, MS, with a Confederate marker. [Note: There are 2 cemeteries that bear the name "Crossroads" in George County, MS. They are the Crossroads United Methodist Church Cemetery and the Crossroads Free Pentecostal Church Cemetery.] "Richard Ward" filed a Confederate Pension application in George County, MS, in 1916, in which he stated that he was a Confederate soldier in the "3rd NC." Deby (sic) Ward filed a Confederate Widow's Pension application in George County, MS, in 1918, in which she stated that her husband ("Richard Ward") was a Confederate soldier in the "3rd NC."

Pvt. Henry Clay Welford (b. Greene County, MS, 1841-d. George County, MS, 1925), Co. E ("Capt. John G. Cleveland's Company," aka "Capt. Washington Lott's Company," raised in Mobile County, AL), 36th AL Infantry. Appears on a May 13, 1862, company muster roll, dated Mount Vernon Arsenal, Mobile County, AL,

but has no other service records with this command. Appears to have been rejected for service by the enrolling/inspecting officer. Southern Patriot! Henry Welford filed Confederate Pension applications in George County, MS, in 1916 & 1924, in which he stated that he lived in Greene County, MS, when he enlisted in 1862, that he enlisted into Co. E, 36th AL Infantry, commanded by Col. Woodruff, that his officers were Capt. J.G. Cleveland, 1st Lt. Washington Lott, 2nd Lt. E.B. Lott, and 3rd Lt. Joe A. Cleveland, that he served for 1.5 years in this command, that he was wounded in the right leg in Sept. 1863 (which would have been the Battle of Chickamauga, GA), that he was "at home on furlough on account of wound" when the final surrender came, that he was never absent without leave, and that his command surrendered at Greensboro, NC. I cannot find any documentation of his every having served actively with this command. I do not believe that he was ever in active field service with the 36th AL Infantry and I do not think that he was wounded at the Battle of Chickamauga. Buried in the Macedonia Missionary Baptist Church Cemetery, 30.955647 -88.440887, located on the W side of appr. 4700 Brushy Creek Road (on the N side of Macedonia Missionary Baptist Church), George County, MS, with a private marker. Frances Welford filed a Confederate Widow's Pension application in George County, MS, in 1925, in which she did not state her husband's ("Henry Welford") command.

SERVICE NOT VERIFIED. Joel Vander Welford ["Joel" on his Confederate Pension application] (b. prob. Greene County, MS, 1845-d. George County, MS, 1938) "Joel Welford" filed a Confederate Pension application in George County, MS, in 1923, in which he stated that he lived in Greene County, MS, when he enlisted in the fall of 1864 into Co. A ("Capt. Charles S. Hennegan's Company," aka "Capt. John M. Quarles' Company," and aka "Capt. James T. Meek's Company," raised in Sumter County, AL), 36th AL Infantry, that his officers were Capt. Price Williams and Lt. Roper, and that he was in active service with his command when the final surrender came. However, the officers he named were never officers in the 36th AL Infantry. Additionally, he has no service records in the 36th AL Infantry or any other AL or MS CS command. Buried in the Macedonia Missionary Baptist Church Cemetery, 30.955647 -88.440887, located on the W side of appr. 4700 Brushy Creek Road (on the N side of Macedonia Missionary Baptist Church), George County, MS, with marker type (if any) undetermined.

Pvt. William M. Welford [found as "William Welford" in the military records] (b. Greene County, MS, 1839-d. Greene County, MS, 1906), Co. E ("Capt. John G. Cleveland's Company," aka "Capt. Washington Lott's Company," raised in Mobile County, AL), 36th AL Infantry. [Note: Like many AL CS commands, this

command is exceedingly poorly documented.] No enlistment date/data, but the regiment was formed on May 12, 1862, at Mount Vernon Arsenal, Mobile County, AL, with the individual companies usually having been formed several weeks earlier. Alternately, he could have enlisted as late as May 1, 1863, as he was paid on a descriptive list at an unspecified location on Aug. 18, 1863, for service from May 1, 1863, to July 1, 1863. [Note: Payment on a descriptive list meant that the soldier was either detailed, in hospital, or on furlough and, thus, away from his command.] Captured on Dec. 16, 1864, on the second day of the horrific Battle of Nashville, TN, and forwarded as a POW to Military Prison, Louisville, KY, and then to notorious Camp Chase, OH, POW Camp, where it was official Yankee policy to starve Confederate POW's in order to render them unfit for field service upon exchange. Arrived at Camp Chase, OH, POW Camp on Jan. 4, 1865. Released at war's end from Camp Chase, OH, POW Camp on June 12, 1865, after first having taken the required Oath of Allegiance to the US. Residence given on parole as Greene County, MS, and age as 27. Southern Patriot! Buried in the Rocky Creek Cemetery, 30.94580 -88.51970, located on the E side of Rocky Creek Road at the intersection of that road and Harvey Welford Road, George County, MS, with both a private and a Confederate marker.

Pvt. Josiah G. Whatley*** [found as "Josiah G. Whatley" and as "Jonah Whatley" in the military records] (b. prob. AL or Clarke County, MS, prob. ca. 1840-d. prob. George County, MS, 1911), Co. F ("East MS Guards," aka "Capt. James W. Hogan's Company," raised in Clarke County, MS), Gordon's Battalion MS Cavalry, which became Co. F, 42nd MS Cavalry, which became Co. F, 4th MS Cavalry, which became (finally!) Co. F, 2nd MS Cavalry. Enlisted April 17, 1862, at Enterprise, Clarke County, MS, at unknown age. [Genealogy not found, so I cannot determine his age.] Present on Oct. 1862 company muster roll. [Note: His military records for June-August 1863 are incredibly confusing; I have tried my best to sort that time period out correctly, but I cannot promise that my conclusions are correct.] Absent without leave from June 2, 1863, to June 19, 1863. Present on June 1863 company muster roll, with notation "in arrest" (clearly for desertion). For some reason not explained in his military records, he was attached on July 1, 1863, to Co. I ("Swamp Rangers," aka "Capt. William A. Percy's Company," raised in Washington County, MS), 22nd MS Infantry and appears on a company muster roll for that command covering the period May 1, 1863, to July 25, 1863. A notation in his file states that he "deserted at Newton [Newton County, MS, on] Aug. 24, 1863," but it is unclear whether he deserted from the 22nd MS Infantry or the 2nd MS Cavalry. Present again with the 2nd MS Cavalry on the Oct. 31, 1863, company muster roll. Present on Dec. 1863 company muster roll. Present on June 30, 1864, company muster roll. Present on Aug. 1864 company muster roll.

Present on Oct. 1864 company muster roll. Present on Dec. 31, 1864, company muster roll. No further information in his military file with this command. Buried in the Macedonia Missionary Baptist Church Cemetery, 30.955647 -88.440887, located on the W side of apprx. 4700 Brushy Creek Road (on the N side of Macedonia Missionary Baptist Church), George County, MS, with a Confederate marker. [***Note: The order for his VA Confederate headstone gives his name as "Joseph G. Whatley," not "Josiah G. Whatley," but there is no "Joseph G. Whatley" or "Joseph Whatley" in the 2nd MS Cavalry.]

Pvt. John Henry Whatley (b. AL, 1841-d. George County, MS, 1911), Co. F ("East MS Guards," aka "Capt. James W. Hogan's Company," raised in Clarke County, MS), Gordon's Battalion MS Cavalry, which became Co. F, 42nd MS Cavalry, which became Co. F, 4th MS Cavalry, which became (finally!) Co. F, 2nd MS Cavalry. Enlisted April 17, 1862, at Enterprise, Clarke County, MS, at age 20 or 21. Present on Oct. 1862 company muster roll. [Note: His military records for June-August 1863 are incredibly confusing; I have tried my best to sort that time period out correctly, but I cannot promise that my conclusions are correct.] Absent without leave at unspecified time, but almost certainly from June 2, 1863, to June 19, 1863, as that was when Pvt. Josiah G. Whatley was AWOL and the two men's service records mirror one another in almost every particular. Present on June 1863 company muster roll, with notation "in arrest" (clearly for desertion). For some reason not explained in his military records, he was attached on July 1, 1863, to Co. I ("Swamp Rangers," aka "Capt. William A. Percy's Company," raised in Washington County, MS), 22nd MS Infantry and appears on a company muster roll for that command covering the period May 1, 1863, to July 25, 1863, with notation that he was absent. A notation in his file states that he "deserted on the march from Jackson [Hinds County, MS], July 18, 1863," but it is unclear whether he deserted from the 22nd MS Infantry or the 2nd MS Cavalry. Present again with the 2nd MS Cavalry on the Oct. 31, 1863, company muster roll. Present on Dec. 1863 company muster roll. Present on June 30, 1864, company muster roll, but notation shows that he had earlier been "at recruiting camp for horses." Present on Aug. 1864 company muster roll. Absent on Oct. 1864 company muster roll, with notation "at recruiting camp [for horses]." Absent on Dec. 31, 1864, company muster roll, with notation "sent to recruiting camp [for horses on] 12 Aug. 1864 by order of Gen. Jackson," but a further notation indicates that he had actually returned to his command sometime after this muster roll was taken. No further information in his military file with this command. Buried in the Macedonia Missionary Baptist Church Cemetery, 30.955647 -88.440887, located on the W side of apprx. 4700 Brushy Creek Road (on the N side of Macedonia Missionary Baptist Church), George County, MS, with a private marker. Sarah Whatley filed

a Confederate Widow's Pension application in George County, MS, in 1916, in which she stated that her husband ("John Whatley") was a Confederate soldier in the 2nd MS Cavalry and that he "served until captured just before [the] war closed." She said that he was captured somewhere between Selma, Dallas County, AL, and Atlanta, GA.

SERVICE NOT VERIFIED. James Williams (b. Greene County, MS, 1838-d. Greene County, MS, 1894) is listed in some databases as having been a Confederate soldier in Co. I ("Harris Rebels," raised in Leake County, MS), 27th MS Infantry, or "Twiggs' Rifles" (aka "Capt. H.B. Griffin's Independent Company of MS Volunteers," raised in Jackson County, MS), which became Co. L, 27th MS Infantry. However, the Pvt. James Williams in that command served in Co. L and died in service on Jan. 20, 1863. As there are over thirty "J. Williams," "J.x Williams," and "James Williams" in MS service alone (not counting nearby AL and area CS commands), it has been impossible for me to determine whether the James Williams under consideration here was ever a Confederate soldier, although it is very likely that he was. Buried in the Ward Cemetery, no GPS, no directions, George County, MS, with marker type (if any) undetermined. [Note: There are two cemeteries in George County, MS, that contain the name "Ward" in their titles. These are the Ward Cemetery (no GPS, no directions) and the Ward Cemetery (30.89190 -88.53390, located about 200 ft. S of apprx. 4172 Ward-Pineview Road, George County, MS).]

Pvt. George W. Young (b. Jackson County, MS, 1840-d. George County, MS, 1931), Co. A ("Capt. Abner C. Steede's Company," raised in Jackson County, MS), 17th (Steede's) Battalion MS Cavalry. Enlisted March 29, 1862, in Jackson County, MS, at apprx. age 21. Present on Dec. 1863 company muster roll. On Dec. 24, 1863, Steede's Battalion was augmented to become the 9th (Miller's) MS Cavalry, with Pvt. Young continuing to serve in Co. A of the enlarged command. Absent on Dec. 1864 company muster roll, with notation "with unserviceable horses at Plantersville" [probably Plantersville, Dallas County, AL]. Signed for clothing issue ["One Pair Pants, One Shirt, One Pair Drawers, One Jacket"] at Selma, Dallas County, AL, on May 17, 1864. Signed for clothing issue ["One Pair Pants, One Pair Shoes"] at Selma, Dallas County, AL, on June 14, 1864. No further information in his military file with this command. George W. Young filed a Confederate Pension application in Jackson County, MS, in 1916, in which he stated that he served in Co. A of Steede's Battalion MS Cavalry, that he enlisted in the "spring of 1861," that he served until "the Fall of 1865," that his command surrendered at Mobile, AL, that he was with his command in active service when the war ended, but that he was absent from that command at the final surrender.

Buried in the Ball Cemetery (aka the Buck Ball Cemetery and aka the Bexley Cemetery), 30.98860 -88.66470, located on the E side of Bexley Road North, at a point on that road that lies appr. 1500 ft. S of that road's junction with Jetts Lane, Bexley, George County, MS, with a Confederate marker. [Note: There are two cemeteries in George County, MS, that have the family name "Ball" in their titles. These are the Ball Cemetery (aka the Buck Ball Cemetery and aka the Bexley Cemetery) (30.98860 -88.66470, Bexley Road North, Bexley) and the Ball Cemetery (30.993158 -88.680915, McInnis Lane, about 3 mi. W of Lucedale).] [***Note: Death year taken from his VA Confederate marker application, applied for in 1940 by Mrs. Miley McLeod.] [Note: Some databases state that George W. Young was a soldier in Co. G ("Mississippi Volunteers," raised in Pontotoc County, MS), 3rd (Hardcastle's/Williams') Battalion MS Infantry (aka, 33rd {Hardcastle's} MS Infantry and aka 45th MS Infantry), but the Corp. George W. Young in that command died in 1864 at Atlanta, GA, during the Atlanta Campaign.]

END OF LIST OF GEORGE COUNTY CONFEDERATE VETERAN BURIALS

POSSIBLE GEORGE COUNTY CONFEDERATE VETERANS WHOSE STATUS AS VETERANS HAS NOT YET BEEN RESOLVED:

ANTIOCH METHODIST CHURCH CEMETERY:

Sylvester Dortch, Jr., ????-????

Frances Miller, b. 1833-1910 [Male? Female?]

BALL CEMETERY (Bexley):

John ????, ????-????

Elbert Bartholomew Ball, 1849-1931

William W. Edgar, ????-????

BARTON CEMETERY:

Carl Stephen Elkins, ????-????

BATES FAMILY CEMETERY:

William H. Bates, ????-????
G.B. Parker, ????-????
Ben Reeves, ????-1890

BUSH CEMETERY:

David Eran, ????-???
David Knox, ????-???
Joseph Knox, ????-???
Lewis Knox, ????-???
David McClinton, ????-???

BYRD-COWART CEMETERY:

John Cowart, ????-???

CALVIN MOORE CEMETERY/GRAVESITE:

Calvin Moore, 1829-1866

CARTER CEMETERY:

Wiley H. Carter, 1850-1918

COWART CEMETERY (SHIPMAN):

James G. Cowart, 1810-1886
Axum Fortner, 1845-1938

CROSSROADS UNITED METHODIST CHURCH CEMETERY:

(Dr.) Thomas Heath Moody, 1826-1888
Lewis Pipkins, 1801-1906
A.C. Poulson, 1843-1908
Blanton Burlington Rouse, Sr., 1805-1895
Sam Rouse, 1846-1932

DAVIS CEMETERY (LUCEDALE):

Harry Wayne Tolbert, ????-???

DEAN CEMETERY:

Thomas Jeffery (aka Jefferson) Dean, 1811-1882

EUBANKS-DICKERSON CEMETERY:

Hanson Monroe Eubanks, 1849-1909
Ander Williford, ????-???

FAIRLEY CEMETERY (AKA, JUDGE JOHN FAIRLEY CEMETERY):
(Judge) John Fairbanks Fairley, 1778-1867

FERRILL CEMETERY:
Benjamin Ferrill, 1814-1893

FINCH CEMETERY (30.83 -88.5164):
Bobby Finch, ???-???

FINCH CEMETERY (30.8097 -88.4808):
Alfred A. Finch, 1812-1889
Thomas Jefferson Finch, 1847-1920
John Tilley, 1850-1926

GIBSON CEMETERY:
James Emanuel Adams, 1849-1908
Dave Gibson, ???-???

HILLTOP CEMETERY (AKA FAIRLEY CEMETERY):
William Archie Fairley, 1849-1934
Charles Franklin Howell, 1831-1910
Louis Napoleon Howell, 1848-1917
Thomas S. Howell, Sr., 1802-1866

HOLMES CEMETERY:
Robert Howard, ???-???

JOE P. FAIRLEY FAMILY CEMETERY:
Peter L. Fairley, 1847-1922

LEE CEMETERY:
Ollie Smith, ???-???
Samuel H. Smith, 1809-ca. 1895

MACEDONIA MISSIONARY BAPTIST CHURCH CEMETERY:
(Rev.) Henry Brannon, 1811-1896
Herrin Brannon, 1789-1878
William Brannan, 1804-1889
Boots McLeod, ???-???

Locklin Shepherd, 1888-1888 [Infant?]
Artis Welford, 1888-1888

MAGNOLIA GARDEN CEMETERY:

Luther Bailey, 1888-1888
Zachary Taylor Bowman, 1848-1905
William Johnson Brewton, 1830-1906
Tony Gibson, 1888-1888
B.E. Holley, 1888-1888
Kyler Kyte, 1888-1888
Singleton Vaughn McKay, 1819-1895
Luke McVay, 1888-1888
W.H. Smith, 1888-1888
W.C. Solomon, 1888-1888
H.T. Turner, 1888-1888
Charles Washington Whiddon, 1848-1918

MALLETTE CEMETERY:

Robert T. Gibson, 1818-1881

MERRILL CEMETERY:

Robert Green Taylor, 1849-1910

MIXON CEMETERY:

Aaron A. Mixon, 1847-1907
Jim Mixon, Sr., 1850-1875
Frank Reeves, 1888-1888

MIXON-MIZELLE CEMETERY:

J.S. Fairley, 1888-1937

MOFFETT CEMETERY:

Zachariah Blackledge, 1806-1880
Gabriel Moffett, Jr., 1850-1912

MOUNT SINAI CEMETERY:

J.E. Adams, 1850-1939
Louis Johnson, 1888-1888
Allen Polk, 1888-1932
Tony B. West, 1888-1888

NEW HOPE MISSIONARY BAPTIST CHURCH CEMETERY:

Vernon Buckhalter, ????-????

Will Buckhalter, ????-????

Edward Jackson Cowart, 1850-1917

John O. Kilgo/Kilgore, 1849-????

C.F. Metzger, ????-????

Mike Nolan, ????-????

OLD FLURRY CEMETERY:

James Alfred Havens, 1848-1881

Joseph W. Havens, 1848-1902

James N. Lacy, ????-1884

Alton Moore, ????-????

William Moore, 1795-1875

Joseph S. Wilkerson, 1832-1898

OLD HOWELL'S FERRY CEMETERY:

Tom P. Richardson, ????-???? (prob. too young to have served)

OLD KING CEMETERY (AKA COWART CEMETERY AND AKA O'NEAL CEMETERY):

Nathen (sic) King, 1825-1897

PARKER CEMETERY:

Aaron Parker, 1809-1854 (?)

PARKER CEMETERY (Agricola):

Joseph W. Parker, 1836-1904

PIPKIN CEMETERY:

Claudie Eubanks, ????-???? [Female?]

Albert G. Merritt, 1849-1921

Frankie Merritt, ????-???? [Child? Female?]

PIPKIN CEMETERY (Breland Road):

W.H. Dixon, ????-????

Elmer Goff, ????-????

Johnnie P. Goff, ????-????

REEVES-CARTER CEMETERY:

Alfred L. Reeves, 1845-1872

Drury "Drew" Reeves, 1818-1904

REUBEN BYRD CEMETERY:

John Richard Byrd, 1791-1886

REV. JAMES R. WHITTINGTON CEMETERY:

(Rev.) James Rodney Whittington, 1847-1907

ROCKY CREEK BAPTIST CHURCH:

W.H. Cale, ????-????

Floyd J. Davis, ????-????

George Davis, ????-????

Samuel B. Davis, 1833-1884

Edward Eubanks, ????-1936 [Child?]

Stephen Havard, 1818-1877

(Rev.) Thomas Jefferson Havard, 1837-1903

W.M. Havard, 1848-1919

William I. Hollman, ????-1941

John E. Miller, Sr., 1802-1889

James Albert Mills, 1849-1922

Robert H. Tyler, ????-1868

SALEM CEMETERY:

Malcolm Black, Jr., 1810-1861

SHADY GROVE BAPTIST CHURCH CEMETERY:

David C. Courtney, 1836-1929

Thomas Thaddeus Childress, 1835-1898

Charles Holland, 1820-1884

SHIPMAN CEMETERY:

William F. Blackledge, 1849-1917

Peter Gunn, ????-????

Fredrick J. Howard, ????-1936

TAYLOR CEMETERY:

Bill Spooner, ????-????

James M. Spooner, 1846-1879

UNION CEMETERY:

Daniel Brewster Hathorne, 1849-1929

B.R. Logan, ????-????

WARD CEMETERY:

John Lazarus Rustin, 1849-1924

WILLIAM REEVES CEMETERY:

Jefferson D. Reeves, 1848-1882

William Reeves, Jr., 1812-prob. 1812

WOODARD CEMETERY:

West C. Havard, 1807-1901 (?)

David Sullivan Williams, 1840-1889

James Sanders Woodard, 1848-1917

Jesse Woodard, 1850-1905

END OF FORREST COUNTY CONFEDERATE VETERAN BURIALS
REPORT

Respectfully submitted, January 6, 2018, by Jim Huffman, Adjutant, Gainesville
Vols, Sons of Confederate Veterans Camp 373, Pearl River County, MS